QP CODE: 23104822

Reg No	:	
Name	:	

B.A DEGREE (CBCS) REGULAR/IMPROVEMENT/REAPPEARANCE EXAMINATIONS, FEBRUARY 2023

First Semester

B.A Corporate Economics Model III

Core Course - EC1CRT27 - ELEMENTARY STATISTICS FOR ECONOMICS - I

2017 Admission Onwards

27C5A119

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

Part A

Answer any **ten** questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. How is Statistics Misused?
- 2. Objectives of Classification.
- 3. Define Tabulation.
- 4. What are cartograms?
- 5. What are Cartograms?
- 6. Draw Ogive marks: 0-10, 10-20, 20-30, 30-40, 40-50, 50-60, 60-70, 70-80 freq : 5, 8, 10, 12, 28, 20, 10, 7
- 7. What are the Merits of Median?
- 8. Define Mode.
- 9. Define Range.
- 10. Demerits of Deciles.
- 11. Define Pearsons coefficient of Skewness.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

12. find Kurtosis by Karl pearsons method marks:10-20, 20-30, 30-40, 40-50, 50-60 freq : 3, 7, 10, 20, 6

Part B

Answer any **six** questions. Each question carries **5** marks.

- 13. Explain the Charactestics of Statistics.
- 14. Draw a Bardiagram for the following data
 Year: 2003-04, 2005-06, 2007-08, 2009-10, 2011-12
 Profit: 120, 135, 140, 160, 179
- 15. Distinguish between perfect elastic and perfect inelastic demand.
- Calculate the Weighted mean
 Size: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30
 Weighted: 8, 4, 5, 10, 7, 6
- 17. Find the missing frequency from the following data, given that Mean= 16.
 Marks:0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, 30-35
 f: 10, 12, 16 ----, 14, 10, 8
- 18. Find Standard Deviation of 4, 8, 10, 12, 15, 9, 7, 7.
- 19. Find 90th Percentile
 C.I: 0-10, 10-20, 20-30, 30-40, 40-50, 50-60, 60-70, 70-80
 F: 15, 30, 53, 75, 100, 110, 115, 125
- 20. Find Karl Pearsons coefficient of Skewness 12, 18, 35, 42, 50, 45, 20, 8
- 21. Distinguish between Skewness and Kurtosis.

(6×5=30)

Part C

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries **15** marks.

22. Importance and Utility of Statistics.

23. Frequency distribution of 100 families are given below, and mean of the given distribution is 50.

C.I: 0-20, 20-40, 40-60, 60-80, 80-100 F: 14, ---, 27, -----, 15

- 24. Calculate Mean Deviation and its coefficient C.I: 0-10, 10-20, 20-30, 30-40, 40-50, 50-60, 60-70, 70-80 F: 18, 16, 15, 12, 10, 5, 2, 2
- 25. Calculate Bowleys coefficient of Skewness
 C.I: 10-20, 20-30, 30-40, 40-50, 50-60
 F: 18, 20, 30, 22, 10

(2×15=30)