

QP CODE: 24900168

Reg No:	•••••	•
Name:		

MAHATMA GANDHI UNIVERSITY, KOTTAYAM

FIRST SEMESTER MGU-UGP (HONOURS) REGULAR EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2024

First Semester

Discipline Specific Core Course - MG1DSCLIH100 - ANGLO-SAXON AESTHETICS TO RENAISSANCE RHETORIC: MAKERS OF ENGLISH LITERATURE

(2024 ADMISSION ONWARDS)

Duration: 2 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Remember (K), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C), Interest (I), Appreciation (Ap), and Skill (S)

Students should attempt at least one question from each course outcome to enhance their overall outcome attainability.

[Learning Domain][CO No(s)]

Part A

Multiple Choice Questions
Answer **All** questions. Each question carries **1** mark

1	Whic Conqu	0 0	ngua	ge of the church after the Norman	[U]	[1, 5]
	-	Old English	b)	Norman French		
	,	Latin	d)	Anglo-Saxon		
2	,	esday Book Commissioned in		8	[K]	[2, 4, 5]
		085	b)	1086	. ,	
	c) 1	087	d)	1066		
3	What can be considered as the Bible of English Constitution?				[E]	[2, 3]
	a) C	Charter of Liberties	b)	Magna Carta		
	c) S	Salisbury Oath	d)	None of these		
4	Which Spenserian poem follows the tradition of Latin pastoral poetry?		[A]	[2, 3, 4]		
	a) A	Amoretti	b)	Epithalamion		
	c) T	The Shepherds Calendar	d)	Prothalamion		
5	In which language did Bede write the Ecclesiastical History?		[U]	[1, 5]		
	a) C	Old English	b)	Middle English	_	_
	c) L	Latin	d)	Greek		

6	What is the purpose of the "Æcerbot," or "Field Remedy" charm in Old English tradition?	[K]	[1, 5]		
	a) To protect against enemies b) To ensure fertility of crops				
	c) To summon rain d) To cure illness				
7	What significant event in 1066 AD opened a new chapter in the history of England?	[U]	[1, 5]		
	a) The signing of the Magna Carta b) The Norman Conquest				
0	c) The Roman invasion d) The Viking raids	[]]	[5]		
8	Name some of the Celtic inhabitants who settled in Britain a) Britons b) Gaels	[An]	[5]		
	c) Picts d) All of the above				
9	Which of the following themes is most commonly found in Old English charms?	[K]	[1, 5]		
	a) Weather forecasting b) Healing and protection				
	c) Epic battles d) Religious conversion				
10	Name some of the places that are linked together by Roman military roads	[U]	[1]		
	a) York b) Chester				
	c) Lincoln d) All of the above				
		(10	$0\times 1=10)$		
	Part B				
	Objective Type Questions				
	Answer any 10 questions. Each question carries 1 mark				
11	What lasting architectural legacy did William I leave in England?	[An]	[1, 5]		
12	Who were known as tenants-in-chief?	[U]	[2, 4, 5]		
13	Who banned English students attending the University of Paris?	[K]	[1, 4]		
14	5		[1, 5]		
15	Name the English reformer who stood for the purity of English language as	[U] [K]	[1, 5]		
	opposed to the archaic influence of Latinism.				
16	Name the prose text of the Middle English period written by Dan Michel of North-gate in 1340	[K]	[2, 3, 5]		
17	Which reformers sought to reform the Church and society through education, biblical scholarship, and a return to early Christian ideals?	[An]	[5]		
18	What made King Henry VIII break with the Pope?	[An]	[1, 5]		
19	Define a trading company.	[An]	[1, 5]		
20	Who wrote the first real comedy in English Ralph Roister Doister?	[K]	[2, 3, 4]		
21	Which is Spenser's unfinished work?	[K]	[2, 4]		
22	Who is often referred to as the "Father of English History"?	[K]	[1, 5]		
		(10	$0\times 1=10)$		
	Part C				
	Short Answer Questions (50 Words)				
	Answer any 5 questions. Each question carries 2 marks				
23	How did William I handle the Danish army during the Saxon revolt?	[An]	[1, 5]		
24	Write a short note on Book of Common Prayer	[K]	[1, 3]		
25	, and the state of				
26	Write about the significance of Thomas Kyd in English Literature.	[U] [An]	[1, 5] [2, 3, 4]		
27					
28	Name the longest single poem of Chaucer which owes much to the [A] [2, 3]				
	influence of Dante.				

29 Name the two important English writers whose works were printed in [U] [1, 5] Caxton's printing press Write a short note on Shakespearean comedies. 30 [U] [2, 3, 4] $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ Part D Short Essay Ouestions (150 Words) Answer any 5 questions. Each question carries 5 marks 31 How did William I use castles to keep control over England? [An] [1, 5]32 Comment on the contributions of John Wycliffe as a translator and religious [An] [1, 3, 5]reformer 33 Spenserian sonnet [U] [2, 3, 4] 34 The role of trade in influencing geographical explorations and English [E] [1, 5] colonialism in the sixteenth century. 35 Write a short note on the general characteristics of Chaucer's poetry. [A] [2, 3, 5] Briefly describe about the earliest inhabitants of England? 36 [U] [1]37 How did Christianity encourage the growth of art and literature in England? [U] [2] Shakespearean sonnets. 38 [U] [2, 3, 4, 5] $(5 \times 5 = 25)$ Part E Essay Questions (300 Words) Answer any 1 question. The question carries 15 marks. 39 How did the Norman Conquest change the social and political structure of [An] [1, 5]England? 40 Why do we remember King John's rule for the Magna Carta, the Bible of [E] [2, 3, 5] the English Constitution? $(1 \times 15 = 15)$

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER
