Turn Over



Reg No	:	
Name	:	

B.VOC DEGREE REGULAR/REAPPEARANCE EXAMINATIONS, MARCH 2025

Sixth Semester

B.Voc Software Quality Assurance and Quality Control

SQACG602 - DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

2018 Admission Onwards

D71CD0BC

Time: 3 Hours

QP CODE: 25021712

Max. Marks: 80

Part A

Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. List two characteristics of an algorithm.
- 2. Does a greedy algorithm always guarantee the optimal solution?
- 3. Name three asymptotic notations used to represent time complexity.
- 4. How many steps does an assignment statement count as in time complexity?
- 5. What is the role of a pivot element in Quicksort?
- 6. What is the simple problem that can be solved by the divide-and-conquer technique?
- 7. What is the time complexity of Merge Sort in asymptotic notation?
- 8. What is the purpose of the subroutine Partition?
- 9. What happens when rightmark becomes less than leftmark in the Partition process?
- 10. Give one disadvantage of greedy algorithms.
- 11. What is average-case analysis of an algorithm?
- 12. Define Little oh notation.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

Part B

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

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13. Explain the backtracking algorithm design technique.







- 14. Describe randomized algorithms.
- 15. Explain Big-Omega notation with an example.
- 16. Describe the role of randomized algorithms in problem-solving.
- 17. Discuss the Little Oh notation and its significance.
- 18. Explain performance analysis and the factors influencing it.
- 19. Explain the control abstraction for divide and conquer.
- 20. Explain the Merge Sort algorithm with an example.
- 21. Write the algorithm for the greedy method.

(6×5=30)

Part C

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries **15** marks.

- 22. Discuss the Divide and Conquer paradigm in detail, explaining its general method, control abstraction, and applications in various algorithms like Binary Search, Merge Sort, and Quicksort.
- 23. Explain the greedy method in detail, discussing its general method, advantages, disadvantages, and applications, including the Knapsack Problem.
- 24. Discuss minimum cost spanning trees, including Prim's and Kruskal's algorithms, and provide a detailed comparison of these two algorithms.
- 25. Describe and differentiate between the various asymptotic notations (Big-O, Big-Omega, Theta, Little Oh, and Little Omega), providing examples and explaining their use in analyzing algorithm efficiency.

(2×15=30)