

Reg.	No

Name.....



First Semester

Complementary Course—DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS AND TRIGONOMETRY

(Complementary Course for Physics/Chemistry/Petrochemicals/Geology/Food Science and Quality Control/Computer Maintenance and Electronics)

[2013—2016 Admissions]

Time: Three Hours Maximum Marks: 80

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Does
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x}{|x|}$$
 exists.

- 2. State Sandwich theorem for limits.
- 3. Find the slope of the tangent line to $f(x) = x + \frac{9}{x}$ at x = -3.
- 4. State the first derivative test for local extreme values.
- 5. Define the term critical points associated with a function *f*.
- 6. State mean value theorem.
- 7. Write the domain and range of $w = \sin(xy)$.
- 8. Define the partial derivative of f(x, y) with respect to y at (x_0, y_0) .

Turn over





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- 9. What is $\cos(ix)$ and $\sin(ix)$.
- 10. What is $\cosh(x+iy)$.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Part B

Answer any **eight** questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

11. Find
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{x+3-2}}$$
.

12. Find
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{v^3 - 8}{v^4 - 16}$$
.

13. Evaluate $\lim \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x^3 - 2x^2}$ as:

(a)
$$x \to 0^+$$
.

(b)
$$x \rightarrow 2^+$$
.

14. Find the derivative of:

$$u = \frac{5x + 1}{2\sqrt{x}}.$$

- 15. Find the absolute maxima and minima of $f(x) = 4 x^2, -3 \le x \le 1$.
- 16. Check whether the function $f(x) = \frac{x^3}{3} 3x$ satisfies the hypothesis of Rolle's theorem on [-3, 3].





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17. Find
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$$
 and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ for $f(x, y) = x^2 - xy + y^2$.

- 18. Find f_{xy} and f_{yx} for $f(x, y) = xe^y + y + 1$.
- 19. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x^2 + \sin y 2y = 0$.
- 20. Prove that $\cosh^2 x \sinh^2 x = 1$.
- 21. Separate $\cos (\alpha + i\beta)$ into real and imaginary parts.
- 22. Show that $\log (-1) = i\pi$.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$

Part C

Answer any **six** questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

23. (a) Find
$$\lim_{x \to 3^{-}} \frac{1}{|x-3|}$$
.

(b) Let $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 1}{x - 1}$, find $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x)$ and sketch the graph of f(x).

24. (a) Find
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{x + 4x^3}{1 - x^2 + 7x^3}$$
.

- (b) Show that f(x) = |x| is not differentiable at x = 0.
- 25. (a) Find the derivative of $y = \frac{1 + \csc(x^2)}{1 \cos(x^2)}$.
 - (b) Use implicit differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ where $x^3 + y^3 = 3xy$.

Turn over



- 26. Find all absolute extreme of the function $f(x) = x^3 3x^2 + 4$ on the interval:
 - (a) $(-\infty, \infty)$.
 - (b) $(0, \infty)$.
- 27. Verify that the hypothesis of mean value theorem are satisfied by $f(x) = x^3 + x 4$ on [-1, 2].
- 28. (a) Let $z = e^{2x} \sin y \operatorname{find} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} | (x, 0) \text{ and } \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} | (0, y).$
 - (b) Let $z = (y^2 4x)$, find the rate of change of z with respect to x at (2, 1) with y held fixed.
- 29. Show that $z = e^x \sin y + e^y \cos x$ satisfies Laplace's equation $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 0$.
- 30. If $\sin (\theta + i\phi) = \tan (x + iy)$, show that $\frac{\tan \theta}{\tanh \phi} = \frac{\sin 2x}{\sinh 2y}$.
- 31. Prove that $32 \cos^6 \theta = \cos 6 \theta + 6 \cosh \theta + 15 \cos^2 \theta + 10$.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$

Part D

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. (a) A spherical balloon is being inflated:
 - (i) Find the general formula for the instantaneous rate of change of the volume V with respect to the radius r, given that $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$.
 - (ii) Find the rate of change of V with respect to r at the instant when the radius is r = 5.





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(b) Given that
$$y = \left(\frac{3x+2}{x}\right)\left(x^{-5}+1\right)$$
 find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = 1$.

(c) Find the slopes of the curves $y^2 - x + 1 = 0$ at the points (2, -1) and (2, 1).

33. (a) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
, given that $x = \frac{a}{2} \left(t + \frac{1}{t} \right)$ $y = \frac{a}{2} \left(t - \frac{1}{t} \right)$.

(b) If
$$x^2 (1+y) = y^2 (1+x)$$
 and $x \neq y$. Prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{1}{(1+x)^2} = 0$.

- (c) Find the critical points of $f(x) = x^{1/3}(x-4)$. Identify intervals on which f is increasing and decreasing. Find the functions local and absolute extreme values.
- 34. (a) Suppose that $z = \sqrt{xy + y}$, $x = \cos \theta$, $y = \sin \theta$ use chain rule to find $\frac{dz}{d\theta}$ when $\theta = \pi/2$.
 - (b) At what rate is the volume of box changing if its length is 8 ft and increasing at 3 ft/s, its width is 6ft and increasing at 2ft/sec. and its height 4ft and increasing at | ft | sec.

(c) Let
$$T = x^2y - xy^3 + 2$$
, $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$. Find $\frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta}$ and $\frac{\partial T}{\partial r}$.

35. (a) Sum to infinity the series:

$$1 + \cos\theta + \frac{\cos 2\theta}{2!} + \frac{\cos 3\theta}{3!} + \dots$$

(b) Expand $\sin \, {}^7\theta$ in a series of sines of multiples of $\, \theta$.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

