



# B.A. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, SEPTEMBER 2024

#### First Semester

Complementary Course

## GRAPHING FUNCTIONS, EQUATIONS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA

(Complementary Mathematics for B.A. Economics)

[2013—2016 Admissions]

Time: Three Hours Maximum Marks: 80

### Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. What is the equation of a line with slope 3 and *y* intercept 2?
- 2. Given  $f(x) = x^2 2x + 2$ , what is f(z) and f(-1)?
- 3. Is the equation  $y^2 = 4x$  represents a function.
- 4. Given f(x) = 2x + 5, g(x) = x 2, find (f + g)(x) and (f g)(x).
- 5. Solve the equation 2x 1 = x + 5.
- 6. Find  $3 \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- 7. Is matrix multiplication commutative.
- 8. Find the determinant of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Turn over





9. Find 2A - 3B where:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

10. What is an optimum solution of a L.P.P?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

#### Part B

Answer any eight questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Solve the equation  $\frac{5}{x} + \frac{3}{x+4} = \frac{7}{x}$   $x \neq 0, -4$ .
- 12. Given  $f(x) = 2x^3 5x^2 + 8x 10$ , find f(3) and f(-2).
- 13. Find the slope and intercepts of 3y + 15x = 30.
- 14. Draw the graph of y = 2x 1.
- 15. Solve the equation  $x^2 2x 3 = 0$ .
- 16. Find the equilibrium price and quantity for the following market:

$$Q_s = -45 + 8p$$

$$Q_d = 125 - 2p$$

17. Given  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , show that (A + B) + C = A + (B + C).





18. If 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , what are AI and IA?

- 19. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$  what is AB. Can you compute BA.
- 20. Express in matrix form, the system of equations:

$$8w + 12x - 7y + 2z = 130$$

$$3w - 13x + 4y + 9z = 240$$

- 21. Can one find the determinant of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 6 \\ 9 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Justify.
- 22. Write the standard linear programming problem.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$ 

### Part C

Answer any **six** questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. Draw the graph of the function  $y = \frac{2}{x}$ .
- 24. A person has \$120 to spend on two goods (X, Y) whose respective prices are \$3 and \$5.
  - (a) Draw a budget line showing all the different combinations of two goods that can be bought with the given budget.
  - (b) What happens to the original budget line if the budget falls by 25 %.

Turn over





- 25. Use elimination method to find the equilibrium price and quantity when the demand function is  $3P + Q^2 + 5Q 102 = 0$  and supply function is  $P 2Q^2 + 3Q + 71 = 0$ .
- 26. Write the equation of the line passing through the points (-1, 15) and (3, 6).
- 27. Given  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -6 & 2 \\ -3 & 5 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 8 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 & 12 & 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 & 8 & 10 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 5 & 11 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$  can you find A + B. Can one find AB. Justify your answer.

28. Given 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 

Find AB if possible. Find BA if possible. If not Justify your answer.

29. Find the inverse of the matrix:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

30. Given 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 7 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $C = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 5 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$ , verify that  $A(B + C) = AB + AC$ .

31. What do you understand by graphical method of solving a L.P.P. Give its limitations.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$ 





### Part D

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. (a) Solve 9(3x+4)-2x=11+5(4x-1).
  - (b) Solve  $5x^2 + 23x + 12 = 0$ .
  - (c) Given Y = C + I, C = 50 + 0.8 Y and  $\boldsymbol{I}_0$  = 50 :
    - (i) Graph the consumption function.
    - (ii) Graph the aggregate demand function.
- 33. Find (a) The equilibrium income level and rate of interest ; and (b) The levels of C, I,  $\mu_f$  and  $\mu_z$  in equilibrium when C = 89 + 0.6 Y, I = 120 150 i.
- 34. (a) Use matrix inversion method to solve the system of equations:

$$2x_1 + 4x_2 - 3x_3 = 12$$

$$3x_1 - 5x_2 + 2x_3 = 13$$

$$-x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 = 17.$$

(b) Use Cramer's rule to solve the system of equations:

$$7p_1 + 2p_2 = 60$$

$$p_1 + 8p_2 = 78$$

35. (a) Solve graphically the L.P.P.:

$$Minimize z = 7x_1 + 3x_2$$

subject to the constraints:

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 3$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \le 4$$

$$0 \le x_1 \le 5 / 2$$

$$0 \le x_2 \le 3 / 2$$
.





(b) Find the maximum and minimum values of:

$$z = 5x_1 + 3x_2$$

subject to the constraints:

$$x_1 + x_2 \le 6$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 \ge 3$$

$$0 \le x_1 \ge 3$$

$$0 \le x_2 \ge 3.$$

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$ 

