

Reg. No	•••
Name	•••

00003733

B.Sc. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022

Fourth Semester

Core Course 12: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

[For B.Sc. Biotechnology]

(2013—2016 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. What is TATA box?
- 2. What are snurps?
- 3. Give the function of gyrase.
- 4. What is SOS repair?
- 5. What are concatamers?
- 6. Name the coregulated gene cluster in bacteria.
- 7. Name the scientist who dissevered t RNA structure.
- 8. Name Griffith's transforming principle.
- 9. What is NER?
- 10. What is UTR?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Part B

Answer any **eight** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Give the significance of telomerase.
- 12. What are the types of DNA polymerases in prokaryotes?

Turn over





E 3733

- 13. Give the purpose and method of Avery Mac Leod Mc canty experiment.
- 14. What is meant by C value paradox? Cite an example.
- 15. What are histones? Give types of histones.
- 16. What is excision repair?
- 17. What are tandem repeats?
- 18. What is the use of DNA foot printing?
- 19. State wobble hypothesis.
- 20. Give function of rho factor.
- 21. Explain the structure of bacterial ribosome.
- 22. Write a note on retropasone.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$

Part C

Answer any **six** questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. Give the structural organisation of λ -phase genome.
- 24. Explain the Blendor experiment.
- 25. Give the structure and properties of non-genetic RNAs.
- 26. Describe the structure of nucleosome with appropriate diagram.
- 27. Write a note on codon assignment.
- 28. Describe the steps involved in the elongation of poly peptide chain.
- 29. Draw a prokaryotic replication fork, and explain its components.
- 30. Give evidences for RNA as genetic material in virus.
- 31. Describe the mechanism of direct reversal repair.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$





Part D

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. Describe prokaryotic gene regulation.
- 33. Explain the mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes.
- 34. Compare the physico chemical properties of DNA and RNA. Give the salient features of Watson Crick model.
- 35. Describe the mechanism of bacterial DNA replication.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

