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# B.Sc. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

## Fifth Semester

Core Course—ABSTRACT ALGEBRA

(Common for Model I and Model II B.Sc. Mathematics)

[2013 to 2016 Admissions]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

## Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Define \* on Q+ by  $a*b = \frac{ab}{2}$ . Find the inverse of a.
- 2. Define cyclic group.
- 3. Find the number of elements in the symmetric group  $S_n$  of n elements.
- 4. Find the number of generators of cyclic group of order 12.
- 5. Define simple group.
- 6. Find the order of the factor group  $Z_4 \times Z_{12}/\langle (2,2) \rangle$ .
- 7. Describe all units in the ring  $Z_5$ .
- 8. Define integral domain.
- 9. Find the characteristic of the ring of integers Z.
- 10. Every ideal in a ring is a subring of the ring. State True or False.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

#### Part B

Answer any **eight** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Let G be a group and H and K are subgroups of a group G. Prove that  $H \cap K$  is a subgroup of G.
- 12. Let G be a group with binary operation \*. Prove that a\*b=a\*c implies b=c and b\*a=c\*a implies b=c for  $a,b,c\in G$ .
- 13. Let  $\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 8 & 2 & 6 & 3 & 7 & 4 & 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \in S_8$ . Express  $\sigma$  as a product of transpositions.

Turn over

- 14. Find the number of elements in the cyclic subgroup of  $Z_{42}$  generated by 30.
- 15. For each  $g \in G$ . Define  $i_g : G \to G$  by  $xi_g = g^{-1}xg$ . Prove that  $i_g$  is an automorphism of G.
- 16. Prove that every subgroup of an abelian group is normal.
- 17. Let  $\phi$  be a homomorphism of a group G intô a group G', Let H be a normal subgroup of G. Prove that H $\phi$  is a normal subgroup of G'.
- 18. Find all solutions of the equation  $x^3 2x^2 3x = 0$  in  $\mathbb{Z}_{12}$ .
- 19. If p is a prime prove that  $Z_p$  is a field.
- 20. Let R be a ring with unity 1. Prove that R has characteristic n > 0 if and only if n is the smallest positive integer such that  $n \cdot 1 = 0$ .
- 21. Prove that a field contains no proper non-trivial ideals.
- 22. Prove that nZ is an ideal of Z.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$ 

### Part C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. Prove that in a group G, the identity and inverses are unique.
- 24. Let S be the set of all real numbers except 1. Define \* on S by a\*b=a+b+ab.
  - (a) Show that \* is a binary operation.
  - (b) Show that (S, \*) is a group.
  - (c) Find the solution of the equation 2 \* x \* 3 = 7 in S.
- 25. Let  $\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\tau = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 6 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$  be two permutations in S<sub>6</sub>. Compute  $\sigma \tau$  and  $\sigma \tau^2$ .
- 26. Let G and G' be two groups and  $\phi$  be an isomorphism from G to G'. Prove that  $\phi$  maps identity onto identity and inverses onto inverses.
- 27. Prove that Z and Q both under addition are not isomorphic.
- 28. Let H be a subgroup of a group G. Prove that the relation  $a \equiv_r b \pmod{H}$  if and only if  $a^{-1}b \in H$  is an equivalence relation.
- 29. Let H be a subgroup of a group G. Prove that the operation of induced multiplication is well defined on the left (right) cosets of H if and only if every left coset is a right coset.
- 30. Prove that  $\phi: Z \to R$  under addition defined by  $n\phi = n$ . Also find image and kernel of  $\phi$ .
- 31. Prove that every finite integral domain is a field.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$ 

# Part D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. (a) List the elements in the dihedral group  $D_4$ .
  - (b) Construct the multiplication table for elements in  $\mathbf{D}_4$ .
  - (c) Find all subgroups of  $\mathbf{D}_4$  of order 2.
- 33. Find all subgroups of  ${\bf Z}_{12}$  and give their lattice diagram.
- 34. State and prove Cayley's theorem.
- 35. (a) State and prove fundamental theorem of homomorphism.
  - (b) Prove that  $R = \{a + b\sqrt{2}/a, b \in Q\}$  with usual addition and multiplication is a ring.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$