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# B.Sc. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, SEPTEMBER 2024

# Sixth Semester

Core Course—RELATIVITY AND SPECTROSCOPY

(Common for B.Sc. Physics Model II, B.Sc. Physics Model II, B.Sc. Physics EEM and B.Sc. Physics Instrumentation)

[Prior to 2013 Admissions]

Time: Three Hours	Maximum Weight : 25
Time: Three nours	Maximum weight: 28

# Part A

Answer all questions. Weight 1 for each bunch.

# Bunch I

1.	The special theory of relativity was proposed in the year ———.		
2.	The Cartesian co-ordinate system attached to the reference fixed body is called a —————		
3.	electron is responsible for ESR spectroscopy.		
4.	Raman scattering is due to collision between the photon and the ———————————————————————————————————		
	Bunch II		
5.	The law of inertia is valid in an ———.		
6.	The size of the first and the smallest Bohr orbit is ———— nm.		
7.	In ———— effect the spectral lines are split up under the influence of magnetic field.		
8.	Molecular spectroscopy is the interaction of ———— waves and matter.		
	Bunch III		
9.	——————————————————————————————————————		
10.	In heavy atoms ———— coupling is observed.		
11.	The spectrum of a rigid molecule consists of ————— spaced lines.		
12.	Incandescent gases and vapors of elements produce ———— spectra.		







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#### Bunch IV

13.	In light atoms ———— coupling is observed.	
14.	A molecular rotation or vibration will be Raman active, only if it is accompanied by — change.	
15.	The lowest energy corresponds to ———— spectra.	
16.	The ————rotational spectra are in the microwave and infrared regions.	
		$(4 \times 1 = 4)$

### Part B

Answer any **five** questions. Weight 1 for each.

- 17. State the postulates of special theory of relativity.
- 18. Mention the consequences of Lorentz Transformations.
- 19. What is the difference between absorption and emission spectra?
- 20. What is LS coupling?
- 21. What are the components of electromagnetic spectrum?
- 22. What do you mean by NMR?
- 23. Differentiate between phosphorescence and fluorescence.
- 24. What is Raman Effect?
- 25. What are Stokes and anti-Stokes lines?

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 

### Part C

Answer any **four** questions. Weight 2 for each.

- 26. Write a note on general theory of relativity.
- 27. A metro of eight compartments each of length 7 m. speeds at 30m/s. Determine its contraction.
- 28. Write a note on fine structure of Sodium D-line.
- 29. Bring out the quantum mechanical explanation for anomalous Zeeman Effect.





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- 30. Explain rotational spectra in terms of rigid rotator.
- 31. Calculate the vibration energy levels of HCl molecule, assuming the force constant to be  $516~\rm Nm^{-1}$ .

 $(4 \times 2 = 8)$ 

# Part D

Answer any **two** questions. Weight 4 for each.

- 32. Derive the basic equations of Lorentz transformation.
- 33. With principle and experimental setup explain Stern-Gerlach experiment and give its significance.
- 34. Describe the classical and quantum theory of Raman Effect.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8)$ 

