

**Third Semester MA Sociology
(Private Registration)
Multiple Choice Questions
SG800302 SOCIOLOGY OF AGEING**

1. ----- is the study of the social, cultural, psychological, cognitive and biological aspects of aging?
 - a. Gerontology
 - b. Geriatrics
 - c. Demography
 - d. Medical Sociology
2. Senior citizens day care center is known as?
 - a. Old age home
 - b. Retirement home
 - c. Palliative care
 - d. Pakalveedu
3. Which is not an economic aspect of aging?
 - a. Depleted resources
 - b. Limited income
 - c. Property issues
 - d. Pseudo retardation
4. ----- proposes that older adults are happiest when they stay active and maintain social interactions.
 - a. Activity theory
 - b. Modernization theory
 - c. Disengagement theory
 - d. Demographic transition theory
5. ----- is a difference in values and attitudes between one generation and another.
 - a. Aging
 - b. Modernization
 - c. Generation gap
 - d. Disengagement
6. Who developed active theory of aging?
 - a. Donald Cowgill
 - b. Lowell Holmes
 - c. Cumming and Henry
 - d. Robert James Havighurst
7. ----- is the process of becoming older.
 - a. Geront
 - b. Aging

- c. Population
 - d. Demography
8. ----- is the process of developing and maintaining the functional ability that enables wellbeing in older age.
- a. Population aging
 - b. Healthy aging
 - c. Gerontology
 - d. Geriatrics
9. ----- claims that the status of the elderly declines as societies become more modern.
- a. Continuity theory
 - b. Activity theory
 - c. Disengagement theory
 - d. Modernization theory
10. Which theory of aging was developed by Cumming and Henry?
- a. Modernization theory
 - b. Disengagement theory
 - c. Activity theory
 - d. Biological theory
11. ----- is an intentional act or failure to act that causes or creates a risk of harm to an older adult.
- a. Marginalization
 - b. Social stigma
 - c. Elder abuse
 - d. Rejection
12. ----- often come from lack of understanding or fear.
- a. Stigma
 - b. Aging
 - c. Disengagement
 - d. Loneliness
13. Which is the project implemented by Kerala government for the welfare of elderly?
- a. Vayo raksha
 - b. Vayo mithram
 - c. Vayo amrutham
 - d. Vayo madhuram
14. The international Day of Older People is observed on
- a. December 14
 - b. October 1
 - c. August 21
 - d. January 10
15. Article ---- of the Indian constitution secures the right of senior citizens to employment, education and public assistance.
- a. 41

- b. 43
 - c. 46
 - d. 48
16. The primary driver of the 'modernization theory'?
- a. Modernization
 - b. Industrialization
 - c. Globalization
 - d. Liberalization
17. Aging comes with many
- a. Problems
 - b. Challenges
 - c. Conflicts
 - d. Obstacles
18. Gerontologists define aging in terms of
- a. The number of years since the individual's birth
 - b. Changes in memory, learning, adaptive capacity, personality and mental functioning
 - c. Social roles, relationships and the overall context in which we grow old.
 - d. All of the above
19. Ageism is a
- a. Mark of status
 - b. Physical dimension
 - c. Demographic aspect
 - d. Prejudice against any age group, young or old
20. Gerentophilia means
- a. Fear of aging
 - b. Aversion of aging
 - c. Hatred of aged
 - d. Honoring old age
21. Which of the following statement is true?
- a. Ageism can oppress any age group, young or old.
 - b. Ageism is primarily a biological phenomenon.
 - c. The longer a person has lived, the lower their life expectancy.
 - d. Men have a longer life expectancy than women.
22. A process whereby people are socialized to act in different ways according to chronological age?
- a. Age grading
 - b. Age differentiation
 - c. Age stratification
 - d. None of the above
23. Senescence is called
- a. Old age
 - b. Population
 - c. Generation gap

- d. Social stigma
24. The life stage after 65+ age is called
- a. Adulthood
 - b. Middle adulthood
 - c. Later adulthood
 - d. None of the above
25. Activity theory suggests that activity
- a. is ranked in the age-stratification perspective
 - b. is the best prescription for successful old age
 - c. is constructed by the individual
 - d. is constrained by the economy
26. ----- is a branch of clinical medicine specializing in problems of the elderly.
- a. Geriatrics
 - b. Gerontology
 - c. Geropsychiatry
 - d. Genetic theory
27. ----- describes the process of withdrawal by older adults from social roles and responsibilities.
- a. Disengagement theory
 - b. Activity theory
 - c. Continuity theory
 - d. Modernization theory
28. Abuse of elderly individuals may be
- a. Physical
 - b. Psychological
 - c. Financial
 - d. All the above
29. Which year was declared by the UN as the International Year of Elderly people?
- a. 1998
 - b. 1999
 - c. 2000
 - d. 2001
30. The word gerontology was introduced in the year
- a. 1901
 - b. 1903
 - c. 1930
 - d. 1931
31. ----- is the act of treating someone or something as if they are not important.
- a. Disengagement
 - b. Loneliness
 - c. Marginalization

- d. Generation gap
- 32.----- is the statistical study of human population.
- a. Gerontology
 - b. Demography
 - c. Aging
 - d. Psychology
- 33.Challenges of elderly includes
- a. Physical
 - b. Psychological
 - c. Social
 - d. All the above
- 34.Changes in skeletal, cardiovascular, respiratory, immune, reproductive, sensory and digestive systems are ----- aspects of aging.
- a. Psychological
 - b. Social
 - c. Biological
 - d. Historical
- 35.Among the following factors, which is not affecting healthy aging?
- a. Social support
 - b. Community engagement
 - c. Physical activity
 - d. Grief
- 36.Being free of disability or disease, having high cognitive and physical abilities and interacting with others in meaningful ways are factors to
- a. Productive aging
 - b. Generation gap
 - c. Issues of acceptance
 - d. Pseudo retardation
- 37.Intentional bodily injury of elders is
- a. Sexual abuse
 - b. Physical abuse
 - c. Emotional abuse
 - d. Financial abuse
- 38.An older person is defined by the United Nations as a person who is over----- years of age.
- a. 60
 - b. 65
 - c. 70
 - d. 75
- 39.Which scheme focuses on the elderly who have made noteworthy contributions to their fields and honours their work?
- a. Reverse Mortgage Scheme
 - b. Rashtriya Vayoshri Yojana
 - c. Pradhan Mantri Vaya Vandana

- d. Vayoshreshtha Samman
40. Full form of NPHCE?
- a. National Programme for the Health Care of the Elderly
 - b. National Policy for the Hospital care of the Elderly
 - c. National Programme for Health Center for Elderly
 - d. National Plan for Hospital Care for Elderly
41. Which scheme offers guaranteed pensions to senior citizen with an average interest rate of 8% for up to ten years?
- a. Indira Gandhi National Old Age Pension Scheme
 - b. Varishta Pension Bima Yojana
 - c. Rashtriya Vayoshri Yojana
 - d. Senior Citizens' Welfare Funds
42. Who launched Annapurna Yojana for elderly people?
- a. Ministry of Rural Development
 - b. Ministry of social justice and Empowerment
 - c. Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
 - d. Ministry of Finance
43. Which is not a psychological challenge in old age?
- a. Anxiety
 - b. Depression
 - c. Delirium
 - d. Poverty
44. Who is the father of gerontology?
- a. Elie Metchnikoff
 - b. Donald Cowgill
 - c. V Korenchevsky
 - d. Lowell Holmes
45. Which is the key to bridge generation gap?
- a. Adjustment
 - b. Communication
 - c. Conflict
 - d. Dependence
46. Ageism is also known as
- a. Age discrimination
 - b. Age stratification
 - c. Age grading
 - d. Age relaxation
47. Which is not an element of stigma?
- a. Stereotyping
 - b. Prejudice
 - c. Ignorance
 - d. Acceptance
48. Life satisfaction, social support system, good physical and mental health and financial security are the factors of

- a. Social stigma
 - b. Marginalization
 - c. Successful aging
 - d. Welfare scheme
49. Which of the following does not occur with increasing age?
- a. A reduction in lean body mass
 - b. An increased appetite
 - c. Impaired immune function
 - d. A reduction in bone density
50. Which of the following statements about the global aging population is correct?
- a. The rate of increase in the median age of population is greater in developing countries than wealthy countries.
 - b. Men have a lower mortality rate than women over the life course.
 - c. By 2040 over 25% of the world's population will be 65 years or older.
 - d. In older age groups men outnumber women.

Answers

Q. No	Answer	Q. No	Answer	Q. No	Answer	Q. No	Answer	Q. No	Answer
1	A	11	C	21	A	31	C	41	B
2	D	12	A	22	B	32	B	42	A
3	D	13	A	23	A	33	D	43	D
4	A	14	B	24	C	34	C	44	C
5	C	15	C	25	B	35	D	45	B
6	D	16	B	26	A	36	A	46	A
7	B	17	B	27	A	37	B	47	D
8	B	18	D	28	D	38	A	48	C
9	D	19	D	29	B	39	D	49	B
10	B	20	D	30	B	40	A	50	A