

Fourth Semester MA Sociology (Private Registration)

Multiple Choice Questions

SG010404: PERSONALITY AND SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY (Course in lieu of project)

1. Wilhelm Wundt belongs to
 - a. **Germany**
 - b. Italy
 - c. USA
 - d. England
2. Psychology is a Science of
 - a. Mind
 - b. Soul
 - c. Consciousness
 - d. **All the above**
3. Who established world's first psychological laboratory in Leipzig
 - a. **Wilhem wundt**
 - b. William james
 - c. J B watzon
 - d. B F Skinner
4. Which is an applied field of psychology
 - a. General psychology
 - b. Abnormal psychology
 - c. Developmental psychology
 - d. **Clinical psychology**
5. Who is known as the pioneer of behaviourist psychology
 - a. **J B Watzon**
 - b. William James
 - c. Jean Piaget
 - d. Jerome Bruner
6. Abraham Maslow belongs to
 - a. Behaviourism
 - b. Structuralism
 - c. Functionalism
 - d. **Humanism**

7. Who among the following psychologists belongs to Psycho Social Development Theory?
- Sigmund Freud
 - Erik Ericson**
 - Albert Bandura
 - Hary Sullivan
8. MMPI is a
- Personality measure**
 - Intelligence test
 - Interest inventory
 - Aptitude test
9. Which is not related with Alport's definition of Personality?
- Dynamic organisation
 - Psycho-physical system
 - Within the individual
 - Assimilation of experience**
10. The concept of Anima and Animus in Personality Psychology is put forward by
- Carl Jung**
 - Alfred Adler
 - G W Allport
 - Elizabeth Hurlock
11. Allport's theory of personality is a
- Trait theory**
 - Type theory
 - Trait cum type theory
 - None of theses
12. The triangular theory of love is developed by
- Gardener
 - Sternberg**
 - Spearman
 - Thompson
13. Which is a motivation theory
- Two factor theory
 - Multifactor theory
 - Drive reduction theory**
 - Trial and error theory
14. Identity Crisis is a characteristic of
- Infancy

- b. Early childhood
 - c. Later childhood
 - d. **Adolescence**
- 15. Which is a method suitable for studying abnormal behaviour of an Individual
 - a. Survey method
 - b. Experimental method
 - c. **Clinical method**
 - d. Ex post facto method
- 16. Who among the following psychologists belongs to Moral Development Theory
 - a. Kohler
 - b. **Kohlberg**
 - c. Kofka
 - d. Wertheimer
- 17. Which is not a defence mechanism of ego
 - a. Sublimation
 - b. Projection
 - c. Withdrawal
 - d. **Extinction**
- 18. Hans J Eysenck's personality theory is a
 - a. Psycho analytic theory
 - b. Type theory
 - c. Trait theory
 - d. **Type cum Trait Theory**
- 19. Carl Roger's personality theory is a
 - a. Structural theory
 - b. Functional Theory
 - c. **Humanistic theory**
 - d. Dynamic theory
- 20. The concept of Cardinal, Central and Secondary traits are introduced by
 - a. Cattell
 - b. **Allport**
 - c. Jung
 - d. Freud
- 21. Which is known as the executive of personality
 - a. Id
 - b. **Ego**

- c. Super Ego
 - d. Self
22. Self theory of personality is developed by
- a. Maslow
 - b. Roger**
 - c. Eysenck
 - d. Adler
23. Rorschach Ink blot test consists of
- a. 3 Ink blots
 - b. 7 Ink blots
 - c. 10 Ink blots**
 - d. 15 Ink blots
24. Which is not a projective technique
- a. Ink blot test
 - b. Sentence completion test
 - c. Word association test
 - d. MMPI**
25. Who among the following psychologists proposed 'introspection' as a method of studying human behaviour
- a. William James
 - b. Wilhem Wundt
 - c. J B Watzon
 - d. B F Skinner
26. Oedipus Complex is feature of
- a. Anal stage
 - b. Oral stage
 - c. Phallic stage**
 - d. Latency stage
27. Mnemonics is related with
- a. Memory**
 - b. Sensation
 - c. Perception
 - d. Emotion
28. Emotional Development Theory was proposed by
- a. Goleman**
 - b. Gardner
 - c. Guilford
 - d. Gutman
29. Non directive counselling technique was developed by

- a. Allport
 - b. Maslow
 - c. Roger**
 - d. Jung
30. Id works on
- a. Pleasure principle**
 - b. Reality Principle
 - c. Social principle
 - d. Morality principle
31. Instincts according to Freud is
- a. Inborn**
 - b. Acquired
 - c. External
 - d. Environmental
32. Stimulus and Response theories of learning are
- a. Structuralist theories
 - b. Functionalist Theories
 - c. Cognitive Theories
 - d. Behaviourist Theories**
33. David Ausubel is
- a. A cognitivist**
 - b. A behaviourist
 - c. A structuralist
 - d. A humanist
34. Topological concepts are introduced by
- a. Gagne
 - b. Skinner
 - c. Thordike
 - d. Lewin**
35. Insightful learning is proposed by
- a. Thorndike
 - b. Pavlov
 - c. Kohler**
 - d. Skinner
36. Forgetting curve was developed by
- a. Havinghurst
 - b. Ebbinghouse**
 - c. Maslow
 - d. rogers
37. who is not a gestalt psychologist
- a. Kofka**

- b. Kohler
 - c. Wertheimer
 - d. **Lewin**
38. Attitudes can be learned by
- a. **Experience**
 - b. Practice
 - c. Advice
 - d. None of these
39. Which of the following is not a component of MI
- a. Musical Intelligence
 - b. Bodily kinesthetic intelligence
 - c. **Emotional intelligence**
 - d. Intra personal intelligence
40. Ivan pavlov is a
- a. **Russian psychologist**
 - b. American psychologist
 - c. British psychologist
 - d. Swiss psychologist
41. Self actualisation theory is
- a. A personality theory
 - b. A motivation theory
 - c. A need theory
 - d. **All of these**
42. An Individual is more egocentric in
- a. **Infancy**
 - b. Early childhood
 - c. Later childhood
 - d. Adolescence
43. The concept of developmental task is proposed by
- a. Ebbinghouse
 - b. Piaget
 - c. **Havinghurst**
 - d. Darwin
44. Spearman's theory of intelligence is
- a. **Two factor theory**
 - b. Multifactor theory
 - c. Sampling theory
 - d. Group factor theory
45. Guilford's structure of intellect model consists of
- a. 120 abilities
 - b. 150 abilities

- c. 130 abilities
 - d. 180 abilities**
46. Father of heredity movement is
- a. Darwin
 - b. Galton**
 - c. Spearman
 - d. Chomsky
47. Id is
- a. Biological**
 - b. Psychological
 - c. Sociological
 - d. Cultural
48. HSPQ is
- a. Attitude scale
 - b. A personality measure**
 - c. Interest inventory
 - d. Intelligence test
49. Hero worship is a characteristics of
- a. Early childhood
 - b. Later childhood
 - c. Adolescence**
 - d. Middle ages
50. Social development is faster during
- a. Early childhood
 - b. Later childhood**
 - c. Adolescence
 - d. Adulthood

Answer Key

1 A, 2 D, 3 A, 4D, 5 A, 6 D, 7 B, 8 A, 9 D, 10 A, 11 A, 12 B, 13 C, 14 D, 15 C, 16 B, 17 D, 18 D, 19 C, 20 B, 21 B, 22 B, 23 C, 24 D, 25 B, 26 C, 27 A, 28 A, 29 C, 30 A, 31 A, 32 D, 33 A, 34 D, 35 C, 36 B, 37 D, 38 A, 39 C, 40 A, 41 D, 42 A, 43 C, 44 A, 45 D, 46 B, 47 A, 48 B, 49 C, 50 B