

3rd Semester

MA Economics

Multiple Choice Questions (Private Registration)

SEM 3 KERALA ECONOMY-EC010305

1. The total land area of Kerala is
  - a. 38,864 sq km
  - b. 38,861 sq km
  - c. 38,862 sq km
  - d. 38,863 sq km
  
2. The state of Kerala came in to existence on
  - a. Nov 1 1956
  
  - b. December 1 ,1956
  - c. 1947 august 15
  - d. 1947 November 1
  
3. In the size of land area Kerala was in the:
  - a. 20th position.
  - b. 25th position.
  - c. 21st position.
  - d. 15thposition.
  
4. Population density in Kerala as per 2011 census
  - a. 859 persons per sq. km
  - b. 947 persons per sq. km
  - c. 895 persons per sq. km
  - d. 959 persons per sq. km
  
5. Which district has the highest population as per 2001 census?
  - a. Kozhikode
  - b. Malappuram
  - c. Pathanamthitta
  - d. Kollam
  
6. Which district has the lowest child population in Kerala?
  - a. Kozhikode
  - b. Malappuram
  - c. Pathanamthitta
  - d. Wayanad
  
7. Which district has the highest urban population as per 2001 census?

- a. Kozhikode
- b. Malappuram
- c. Pathanamthitta
- d. Ernakulam

8. The district has the highest literacy rate in Kerala ?

- a. Kottayam
- b. Trivandrum
- c. Pathanamthitta
- d. Wayanad

9. The sex ratio of Kerala according to Census 2011 is

- a. 1084
- b. 850
- c.945
- d.964

10.The child sex ration in Kerala according to 2011 census is

- a. 1084
- b. 850
- c.964
- d.543

11.What is the birth rate of Kerala in 2018

- a. 14
- b. 15
- c. 16
- d. 17

12.What is the unit in which maternal mortality is measured?

- a. Per lakh
- b. Per Thousand
- c. Per Hundred
- d. None of the above

13.Life expectancy is measures in

- a. Years
- b. Time
- c. Per thousand
- d. Hours

14.Male life expectancy in Kerala in 2018 studies

- a. 72.5
- b. 75

- c. 76
- d. 74.5

15. Female life expectancy in Kerala according to 2018 studies

- a. 72.5
- b. 77.9
- c. 76
- d. 74.5

16. What is Kerala's rank in milk production in India?

- a. 13
- b. 12
- c. 14
- d. 16

17. What is Kerala's share in total milk production in India?

- a. 11.5%
- b. 2.5%
- c. 1.21%
- d. none of these

18. The initial name of the decentralized planning in Kerala is

- a. People's Plan Campaign
- b. Kerala Development Plan
- c. Both
- d. None

19. Keltron was founded in which among the following given years

- a. 1970
- b. 1969
- c. 1956
- d. 1972

20. The full form of KIIFB is

- a. Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund Board

- b. Kerala Industrial Investment Fund Board
- c. Kerala Information Industrial Fund Board
- d. None

21. Rubber board is situated in

- a. Kottayam
- b. Kollam
- c. Kozhikode
- d. Kasargod

22. The state that leads in the production of Rubber in India

- a. Kerala
- b. Karnataka
- c. Mizoram
- d. Tripura

23. Which among the following year was Kudumbasree launched in Kerala

- a. 17 May 1998
- b. 17 May 1999
- c. 17 April 1998
- d. 17 May 1999

24. What is the main objective of Kudumbasree ?

- a. Eradication of poverty and women empowerment
- b. Industrialization
- c. Unemployment
- d. Agriculture Development

25. Which is the major food crop cultivated in the State is

- a. Wheat
- b. Rice
- c. Coconut
- d. Cashew

26. The main rice growing seasons in Kerala are

- a. Virippu
- b. Mundakan

- c. Pancha
- d. All of the above

27. Leading state in pepper production is

- a. Kerala
- b. Karnataka
- c. Tamil Nadu
- d. Andhra Pradesh

28. Country ranking first in the pepper production in the world is

- a. India
- b. Vietnam
- c. USA
- d. China

29. Public Distribution System (PDS) was initiated in the State from

- a. 1965
- b. 1956
- c. 1975
- d. 1945

30. In which year, did the state introduced the Mid-day Meal Programme in schools State with financial support of the State government as well as Central assistance:

- a. 1995
- b. 2005
- c. 1988
- d. 1975

31. Which district in Kerala has more NRI population?

- a. Patthanamthitta
- b. Ernakulam
- c. Palakkad
- d. Malappuram

32. Which state receives most remittances in India?

- a. Kerala
- b. UP

c. Tamil Nadu

d. Karnataka

33. Which one of the following states of India has the highest rank in HDI INDEX?

a. Kerala

b. Maharashtra

c. Gujarat

d. Tamil Nadu

34. What is the HDI of Kerala?

a. 0.790

b. 0.890

c. 0.690

d. 0.784

35. In which year did the Government of Kerala introduce an unemployment assistance scheme?

a. 1982

b. 1984

c. 1992

d. 1994

36. What was the name given to the model of decentralised planning adopted by southern states of India?

a. Kerala Model

b. Tamil Nadu Model

c. Andhra Pradesh Model

d. Karnataka Model

37. The state which has achieved nearly total literacy in India is

a. Tamil Nadu.

b. Andhra Pradesh.

c. Kerala.

d. Manipur.

38. What are the focus areas of the Kerala Model of Development?

a. Health

b. Education

c. Poverty Alleviation

d.All of the above

39.The largest Cocoa producing state in India

a.Kerala

b.Madhya Pradesh

c.Mizoram

d.Karnataka

40 . The largest contributor to the state economy in 2019-20 is:

a.Primary

b.Secondary

c.Tertiary

d.None

41.The district with highest GSVa in Kerala in 2019-20 (2011-12 prices):

a.Thiruvananthapuram

b.Ernakulam

c.Kozhikode

d.Wayanad

42.The District with lowest PCI in Kerala is in 2019-20:

a.Ernakulam

b.Wayanad

c.Malappuram

d.Idukki

43.Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) act was came into force in:

a.1970

b.1969

c.1956

d.1974

44.Tourism was recognized as an industry in Kerala in

a.1970

b.1986

c.2000

d.1991

45.The District Primary Education Program (DPEP) introduced in the State from :

a.1994-95

b.1995-96

c.1996-97

d.1998-99

46.The largest number of migrants originated from which among the following district:

a.Kottayam

b.Ernakulam

c.Palakkad

d.Malappuram

47.Kerala Migration Survey is conducted by:

a.Kerala Government

b.Planning Board

c.CDS

d.Finance Commission

48.PQLI in Kerala is

a. High

b.Low

c.Less

d.None of these

49.The work force participation in Kerala is

a.31.3

b.31

c.32.3

d.31.4

50.District with highest sex ratio in Kerala

a.Kannur

b.Kottayam

c.Kasarkode

d.Kollam

51.What is the total urban population in Kerala according to 2011 census?

- a.46.5
- b.45.6
- c.47.5
- d.47.4

52.What is the total rural population in Kerala according to 2011 census?

- a.52.3
- b.52.4
- c.52.6
- d.52.5

53.Which among the following places registered the lowest birth rates per 1000 persons according to 2011 census?

- a) Thiruvalla
- b) Mallappally
- c) Kozhenchery
- d) Chengannur

54.Which among the following places recorded highest birth rates

- a) Thirurangadi
- b) Thirur
- c) Ernad
- d) Kottayam

55.Migrants prefer which among the following countries

- a) U.K
- b.U.S
- c. Saudi Arabia
- d.None of the above

56.----- percent of migrants from Kerala prefer Saudi Arabia

- a.50%
- b. 48
- c.37.5
- d. none of the above

57. What is the net migration rate in Kerala?

- a. -0.06 per 1000
- b. -0.09 per 1000
- c. -0.07 per 1000
- d. - 0.08 per 1000

58. What is the percentage of population in 0-14 years in Kerala? a.20

- b.21
- c. 19
- d.18

59 .What is the percentage of population belonging to 15-64 years in Kerala

- a.70
- b.71
- c.79
- d.78

60 .What is the percentage of population over 65 age group in Kerala

- a. 12
- b. 13
- c. 14
- d. 15

61.Holders of AAY Cards will get

- a.30 kg rice
- b.50 Kg Rice
- c.25 Kg Rice
- d.31 Kg Rice

62.Which among the following is welfare board for cashew workers

- a.Kerala cashew workers relief and welfare fund board
- b.Kerala cashew workers board
- c.Kerala cashew workers welfare board
- d.None of the above

63.Which among the following is welfare board for coir workers

- a.Kerala coir workers welfare fund board
- b.Kerala coir workers welfare Board
- c.Kerala coir workers welfare association
- d.None of these

64. Which among the following is welfare board for handloom workers

a. Kerala handloom workers welfare fund board

b. Kerala Handloom Board

c. Khadi Board

d. None of these

65. Which among the following are labour welfare fund boards in Kerala

a. Kerala Labour Welfare Fund Board

b. Kerala Labours association

c. Kerala Labour Board

d. Kerala handloom Board

66. Which among the following are workers welfare board

a. Kerala Non-residents Keralites welfare Board

b. Kerala Traders welfare Board

c. Kerala state Coop Employees welfare Board

d. All the above

67. Which among the following are workers welfare board

a. Kerala Building and other construction workers welfare Board

b. Kerala Traders welfare Board

c. Kerala state Coop Employees welfare Board

d. All the above

68. Which among the following are workers welfare board

a. Kerala Building and other construction workers welfare Board

b. The Kerala Non-residents Keralites welfare Board

c. Kerala state Coop Employees welfare Board

d. All the above

69. Which among the following are welfare funds

a. Kerala Building and other construction workers welfare Board

b. The Kerala Non-residents Keralites welfare Board

c. Kerala Ration Dealers welfare Fund

d. None of these

70. Which among the following are welfare funds

- a. Kerala Building and other construction workers welfare Board
- b. The Kerala Non- residents Keralites welfare Board
- c. Kerala state Anaganwadi workers and helpers welfare fund
- d. None of these

71. Largest district in Kerala

- a. Palakkad
- b. Idukki
- c. Kottayam
- d. Malappuram

72. Second densely populated district in Kerala

- a. Alappuzha
- b. Pathanamthitta
- c. Malapuram
- d. Kottayam

73. Second most literate district in Kerala

- a. Alappuzha
- b. Pathanamthitta
- c. Malapuram
- d. Kottayam

74. Third most literate district in Kerala

- a. Alappuzha
- b. Pathanamthitta
- c. Malapuram
- d. Kottayam

75. Sex ratio in Kannur district (2011)

- a. 1136/1000
- b. 1132/1000
- c. 1134/1000
- d. None of these

76. Sex ratio in Pathanamthitta District

- a. 1136/1000

- b.1132/1000
- c.1134/1000
- d.None of these

77.First totally literate district in Kerala

- a.Ernakulam
- b.Pathanamthitta
- c.Malapuram
- d.Kottayam

78.Largest Grama Panchayath in Kerala

- a.Kumali
- b.Kodencherry
- c.Meenachil
- d.Athirampuzha

79.ST population is highest in

- a.Wayanad
- b.Palakkad
- c.Kannur
- d.Malappuram

80.SC population is highest in

- a.Wayanad
- b.Palakkad
- c.Kannur
- d.Malappuram

81.Largest sugarcane cultivator of Kerala

- a.Wayanad
- b.Palakkad
- c.Kannur
- d.Malappuram

82.District having largest number of panchayaths

- a.Wayanad
- b.Palakkad

- c.Kannur
- d.Malappuram

83. District having largest number of block panchayaths

- a.Wayanad
- b.Palakkad
- c.Thrissur
- d.Malappuram

84. District having largest number of Municipality

- a.Wayanad
- b.Palakkad
- c.Kannur
- d. Ernakulam

85. Sex ratio is lowest in

- a.Wayanad
- b.Idukki
- c. Thrissur
- d.Malappuram

86. Which among the following are part of state list

- a.Irrigation
- b.Museums
- c. Health and Libraries
- d.All the above

87. Which among the following are part of state list

- a.Irrigation and water supply
- b.Museums and libraries
- c. Health and criminal law
- d.All the above

88. Which among the following are part of state list

- a.Fisheries
- b.Local government
- c. Market and fairs

d.All the above

89. What are the objectives of Panchayth Raj System?

a.Decentralised power

b.Social justice

c. Inclusion

d.All the above

90. What are the objectives of Panchayth Raj System?

a.Economic Development

b.Women Empowerment

c. Strengthening democracy

d.All of the above

91. Which among the following are the standing committees in Panchayath

a. Finance Standing Committee

b.Development standing committee

c. Welfare standing committee

d.All the above

92. Which among the following are the standing committees in Panchayath

a. Health and education

b.Development standing committee

c. Welfare standing committee

d.All the above

93. Which among the following are the mandatory functions of Grama Panchayath

a. Ferries

b.Parking facilities

c. Lighting streets

d.All the above

94. Which among the following are the mandatory functions of Grama Panchayath

a. Protect Ponds

b.Preserve canals

c. Preserve ponds

d.All the above

95. What are the general functions of Panchayaths
- a. Collection of statistics
  - b. Organise voluntary workers
  - c. Forming self-help groups
  - d. All of these
96. Which among the following fall under development standing committee
- a. Agriculture
  - b. Animal Husbandry
  - c. Minor Irrigation
  - d. All of these
97. Which among the following fall under development standing committee
- a. Public works
  - b. Electricity energy
  - c. Small scale industry
  - d. All of these
98. Institutions responsible to standing committee in a Grama Panchayath
- a. Veterinary hospital
  - b. Agriculture office
  - c. Engineering wing
  - d. All the above
99. Institutions responsible to standing committee
- a. Matsya Bhavan
  - b. Village extension office
  - c. Engineering wing
  - d. All of these
100. The responsibility to record the standing committee proceedings is vested in
- a. Panchayath Secretary
  - b. Village officer
  - c. Panchayath vice -president
  - d. None of the above



MCQ ANSWERS KERALA ECONOMY  
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1. D
2. A
3. A
4. A
5. B
6. C
7. D
8. C
9. A
- 10.A
- 11.A
- 12.A
- 13.A
- 14.A
- 15.B
- 16.C
- 17.C
- 18.A
- 19.D
- 20.A
- 21.A
- 22.A
- 23.A
- 24.A
- 25.B
- 26.D
- 27.A
- 28.B
- 29.A
- 30.A
- 31.A
- 32.A
- 33.A
- 34.A
- 35.A
- 36.A
- 37.C
- 38.D
- 39.A
- 40.C
- 41.A
- 42.B

43.B  
44.A  
45.A  
46.D  
47.C  
48.A  
49.C  
50.A  
51.C  
52.B  
53.A  
54.C  
55.C  
56.D  
57.C  
58.A  
59.A  
60.A  
61.A  
62.A  
63.A  
64.A  
65.A  
66.D  
67.A  
68.A  
69.C  
70.C  
71.A  
72.A  
73.B  
74.A  
75.A  
76.B  
77.A  
78.A  
79.A  
80.B  
81.B  
82.D  
83.C  
84.D  
85.B  
86.D  
87.D  
88.D  
89.D  
90.D

91.D

92.D

93.D

94.D

95.A

96.D

97.D

98.D

99.D

100.A