SY010201: Syriac Literature on Thoma Sliha

2nd Semester Paper 1

- 1. Which are the two Sacraments dominant in the Acts of Thomas
 - a. Baptism and Eucharist
 - b. Baptism and Marriage
 - c. Baptism and Confirmation
 - d. Baptism and Anointing of the Sick
- 2. Main theme of Acts of Thomas
 - a. Contrast between body and soul
 - b. Contrast between heaven and earth
 - c. Contrast between corruptibility and incorruptibility
 - d. Contrast between marriage and virginity
- 3. Author of Acts of Thomas
 - a. Apostle Thomas
 - b. Tatian
 - c. Bardaisan
 - d. Anonymous
- 4. Date of Acts of Thomas
 - a. 2nd century
 - b. 3rd century
 - c. 4th century
 - d. 5th century
- 5. Who bought Apostle Thomas and took him to India
 - a. Gudnaphar
 - b. Habban
 - c. Flute girl
 - d. Cup bearer
- 6. Who sold Apostle Thomas to Habban
 - a. Jesus
 - b. Apostles
 - c. Gudnaphar
 - d. None of the above

- 7. The price of Apostle Thomas
 - a. Thirty silver
 - b. Forty silver
 - c. Twenty silver
 - d. Ten silver
- 8. What was the Function in Sandaruk when Thomas reached there
 - a. Dancing festival
 - b. Marriage of the daughter of the king
 - c. Birthday of the king
 - d. Wine party
- 9. The Flute girl was
 - a. Hebrew
 - b. Roman
 - c. Palestinian
 - d. Indian
- 10. Who beat on the cheek of Thomas
 - a. Flute girl
 - b. Habban
 - c. Servant
 - d. Cup bearer
- 11. What is the meaning of "Tharpo d-kaniyo"
 - a. Long eagerly
 - b. Going around
 - c. Green reed
 - d. Bridegroom's friend
- 12. What is the meaning of "Purnoso"
 - a. Sustenance
 - b. Protection
 - c. Excrement
 - d. None of the above
- 13. How was Thomas appointed to preach to the Indians
 - a. Apostles sent him
 - b. By lot
 - c. Jesus asked him
 - d. Habban took him to India
- 14. Gudnaphar asked Habban to bring him a
 - a. Flute player

- b. Steward
- c. Preacher
- d. Carpenter
- 15. The meaning of "Thagoro"
 - a. Merchant
 - b. Carpenter
 - c. Singer
 - d. Architect
- 16. Thomas on his way to India disembarked at
 - a. The inn
 - b. The Town of Sandaruk
 - c. The house of the Flute player
 - d. The house of Habban
- 17. Why did Thomas go to the Marriage of the daughter of the king
 - a. Order of the king
 - b. To study the function
 - c. Habban asked him
 - d. To mingle with the people
- 18. Why did the lion kill the cup-bearer
 - a. It was a prophecy from Thomas
 - b. Cup bearer was stupid
 - c. Cup-bearer attacked the lion
 - d. None of the above
- 19. What is the meaning of "Mestutto"
 - a. Wedding feast
 - b. Bridal chamber
 - c. Banquet
 - d. Bridegroom
- 20. Meaning of "Qritho"
 - a. Big city
 - b. Village
 - c. Ship
 - d. None of the above
- 21. What is the meaning of "Praksis"
 - a. Custom
 - b. Habit
 - c. Act

- d. Conversion
- 22. According to Thomas, the Church is
 - a. Daughter of light
 - b. Place of glory
 - c. House of God
 - d. Dwelling place of Angels
- 23. According to the Flute girl, Thomas is
 - a. Preacher
 - b. Magician
 - c. Apostle of God
 - d. Carpenter
- 24. According to Acts of Thomas, Marriage is
 - a. Corruptible
 - b. Incorruptible
 - c. Dirty
 - d. To be accepted
- 25. At the end of the first Act, we see Apostle Thomas in
 - a. Jerusalem
 - b. India
 - c. In the Palace of the king
 - d. The wedding hall
- 26. Translate "ant-hu b-qwoto Mor(y) w-aloh(y)"
 - a. You are the truth
 - b. You are the Lord
 - c. You are in truth my Lord and my God
 - d. You showed the truth of Faith
- 27. Translate "Al mor(y) t'omo sliho"
 - a. On Mor Thomas Sliho
 - b. Against Apostle Thomas
 - c. On the confession of Thomas
 - d. About Didimos
- 28. Translate "Duksoneh b-yum (gomal) b-Tomuz"
 - a. His feast is on December 21
 - b. His commemoration on the 3rd day in July
 - c. On his three hundredth feast
 - d. Thomas Didimos on the 3rd day of Tomuz

29.	Who wrote 4 mimre on Apostle Thomas a. Afrahat b. Ephrem c. Philoxenos d. Jacob of Sarug				
30.	Features common to Jesus and Judas Thomas are a. Both were Jews b. Both had similar faces c. Both were sold, pierced and carpenters d. Icon designs are same for both				
31.	Translate "gas daphne d-moreh" a. He touched the side of his lord b. He turned to his lord c. He said to his lord d. He strengthened the belief in his lord				
32.	2. Translate "a <u>n</u> t hu mor(y), w-a <u>n</u> t hu aloh(y) a. You are the Lord and you are God b. You are my Lord, and you are my God c. My Lord and my God d. I am Lord your God				
33.	The number of acts in the Acts of Thomas a.16 b. 9 c. 14 d. 13				
34.	The king of North India mentioned in the Acts of Thomas. a. Haban b. Karish c. Mazdai d. Gudnaphar				
35.	According to the Acts of Thomas, where did Judas and Haban arrive to attend the wedding feast? a. Sandaruk b. Cranganore c. Palayoor d. Niranam				
36.	The Apostle Thomas' mission to India is narrated in a. Gospel of Thomas b. Acts of Thomas c. Diatessaron d. Old syriac gospels				
37.	برغټ کې				

38. What is the meaning of the $\lambda \dot{\lambda}$							
a. tw	rin b	. single	c. doubtful	d. dubious			
	of Thomas yne Smith		ated into Englisl Moss	n in 1818 by c. Budge	d. W.Wright		
a. Go	0. In which work are the Hymns of the Bride (soul) preserved? a. Gospel of Thomas b. Revelation of St. Paul c. Acts of Thomas d. Acts of Peter						
a. Ma	anikavasak	he Rampar ar ekal Thoma			ul Manalil manadikal		
	dungalloor		Apostle Thoma b. Orthona d. Mylapore	s located?			
a b c	. Hymn of . Blessing	the Church		as include			
a b c	. Forgive . Prophes Pray			s the Apostle d	o immediately after		
a b c	. Asceticis . Marriage	sm e ng	major influence	in the <i>Act</i> s of 7	Thomas		
46. Whic a	. On the S	Sunday afte	ot one of Jacob or the Resurrecti omas's doubt	•	re on St Thomas		

c. On Thomas' declaration "Come let us go die with Him"

d. Thomas' reluctance to go to India

47. Who are the disciples of Thomas

- a. Addai and Mari
- b. Thaddeus and Timon
- c. Agabus and Caius
- d. Clement and Cephas
- 48. Translate "Sliho gabyo"
 - a. Gift of Apostle
 - b. Chosen Apostle
 - c. Wounded Apostle
 - d. Blessed Apostle
- 49. Kosuzo d-qusto
 - a. Gospel
 - b. Preacher of Truth
 - c. Acts of Truth
 - d. True Offering
- 50. Translate "Eno lo ozel 'no"
 - a. I will not go
 - b. I am unable to go
 - c. You cannot go
 - d. We shall all go

Question No.	Answer
1.	A.)
2.	C.)
3.	D.)
4.	B.)
5.	B.)
6.	A.)
7.	C.)
8.	B.)
9.	A.)
10.	D.)
11.	C.)
12.	A.)
13.	B.)
14.	D.)
15.	A.)
16.	B.)
17.	A.)
18.	A.)
19.	A.)
20.	B.)
21.	C.)
22.	A.)
23.	C.)
24.	A.)
25.	B.)
26.	C.)

28.	
20.	B.)
29.	D.)
30.	C.)
31.	A.)
32.	B.)
33.	D.)
34.	D.)
35.	A.)
36.	B.)
37.	A.)
38.	A.)
39.	D.)
40.	C.)
41.	C.)
42.	D.)
43.	A.)
44.	B.)
45.	A.)
46.	C.)
47.	A.)
48.	B.)
49.	B.)
50.	A.)