

PART A

MA SOCIOLOGY- MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

II Semester

Code:SG010203

Title:Kerala Society, Structure,Culture and Change

1. The matrilineal system prevalent among Nair's in Kerala was known as -----
 - a) Marumakkathayam
 - b) Makkathayam
 - c) Thavazhi

2. ----- is a movement started in 1903 for the upliftment of Ezhavas in Kerala
 - a) NSS
 - b) Yogakshma Sabha
 - c) SNDP

3. The higher caste in Kerala were called -----
 - a) Avarnas
 - b) Savarnas
 - c) Panchamas

4. The increased gulf migration of 1970 is popularly known as-----
 - a) Gulf boom
 - b) Gulf blast
 - c) Gulf boost

5. ----- is a program for the empowerment of Kerala women through
 - a) Stree Shakti
 - b) Mahilasamithi
 - c) Kudumbasree

6. The Travancore –cochin state was formed in the year -----
 - a) 1949

- b) 1947
 - c) 1957
7. ----- is the program of the government of Kerala to build free houses for all homeless in Kerala
- a) Anthyodaya
 - b) KIFBI
 - c) Life mission
8. According to 2011 census the literacy rate of Kerala is -----
- a) 91.9%
 - b) 94 %
 - c) 96 %
9. Wagon tragedy is associated with ----- revolt
- a) Pazhassi revolt
 - b) Chengara agitation
 - c) Malabar revolt
10. The land reforms act was passed in the year ---
- a) 1967
 - b) 1963
 - c) 1978
11. The matrilineal family house hold among the nairs is known as-----
- a) Illom
 - b) Mana
 - c) Tharawad
12. The first Europeans to establish trade relations with Kerala-----
- a) Portughese
 - b) Dutch
 - c) English
13. The number of Municipal corporations in Kerala----
- a) 5
 - b) 6
 - c) 7
14. The pre puberty marriages among Nairs in the earlier days were known as-----
- a) Sambandham
 - b) Thalikkettukalyanam
 - c) Veli
15. According to 2011 census the sex ratio of Kerala is -----
- a) 1084/1000
 - b) 1056/1000
 - c) 1006/1000
16. Who among the following was not associated with Pazhassi Revolt?
- a) TalakkalChandu

- b) Kaitheri Ambu
c) Iravikutty Pillai
17. Which one of the following is regarded as the first organized revolt against the British in Kerala?
- a) Pazhassi Revolt
b) Revolt of Veluthampi
c) Aattungal Rebellion
18. Name the struggle conducted by SJVSV against the alienation of agricultural land
- a) Kuttiadi
b) Plachimada
c) Chengara
19. The programme of Decentralisation of power that was implemented in Kerala in 1996
- a) Janakiyaasootranam
b) Akshaya
c) Kudumbasree
20. First General Election of Tiru- Kochi was held in -----
- a) 1947
b) 1950
c) 1952
21. The Bassel Mission established schools at Kallayi (1848) and Thalassery (1856) to impart -----
- a) Sanskritic education
b) Womens education
c) English Education
22. Who is also known as "Kerala Panini"
- a) Kunjikuttan Thampuran
b) A R Raja Raja Varma
c) Kerala Varma Valiyakoil Thampuram
23. Who had founded the modern Kingdom of Travancore
- a) Marthanda Varma
b) Sree chithira thirunal Balarama Varma
c) Swathi Thirunal
24. Which one city of Kerala is the major exporter of cashews in India-----
- a) Kottayam
b) Kollam
c) Munnar
25. Another name of Melmund Samaram-----
- a) Vaikom satyagraha
b) Mopilah Rebellion

- c) Channar agitation
26. “ Ask not,say not and think not caste” are the words of-----
- a) Sree Narayana Guru
 - b) Ayyankali
 - c) Mannath padmanabhan
27. The system of inheritance through Nephews and nieces is -----
- a) Makkathayam
 - b) Patriarchy
 - c) Marumakkathayam
28. The marriage system among Kerala Brahmins-----
- a) Sambhadham
 - b) Talikettu kalyanam
 - c) Veli
29. First district in kerala which attained the complete literacy-----
- a) Kottayam
 - b) Ernakulam
 - c) Trissur
30. The first college in Kerala is -----
- a) C M S College
 - b) Brennen College
 - c) Guruvayoorappan College
31. The agitation lead by Tribal to recover land in 2003 is known as -----
- a) Muthanga agitation
 - b) Chengara land struggle
 - c) Plachimada agitation
32. Who was the volunteer captain of Guruvayoor satyagraha?
- a) Mannath padmanabhan
 - b) A K Gopalan
 - c) K Kelappan
33. Who led liberation struggle
- a) Mannath padmanabhan
 - b) A K Gopalan
 - c) K Kelappan
34. Which organization started Misrabhojanam to annihilate the evils of caste system ?
- a) NSS
 - b) SNDP
 - c) Sahodara Sangam
35. The slogan “ American model arabikadalil “ is related to -----
- a) Punnpravayalar Movement
 - b) Malabar lahala
 - c) Kurichya Movement
36. The 'Savarna Jatha' to support the Vaikom Satyagraha was organised by?
- a) T K Madhavan
 - b) K Kelappan
 - c) Mannath Padmanabhan
37. Owner of Swadeshbhimani edited by K Ramakrishna Pillai?

- a) C V Kunjiraman
 - b) K kelappan
 - c) **Vakkom Abdul Khadir Maulavi**
38. When was the historic temple Entry Proclamation made?
- a) **Nov 12,1936**
 - b) April 12,1936
 - c) March 12,1936
39. Who founded an order entitled the 'Prathyksha Raksha Daiva Sabha' ?
- a) **Sree Kumara Guru Deva**
 - b) Kandathil Varghese Mappila
 - c) Blessed Kuriakose Elias Chavara
40. Which Disciple of Christ visited Kerala?
- a) St. Luke
 - b) **St. Thomas**
 - c) St. Mathew
41. Which Chaturvarnaya Communities absent in Kerala
- a) Bhramin
 - b) Sudra
 - c) **Vaisya**
42. Who was called “Lincoln” of Kerala?
- a) **Pandit Karuppan**
 - b) E.M.S
 - c) A.K.G
43. Abstention Movement was launched on
- a) 26 Jan 1934
 - b) **28 Oct 1932**
 - c) 23 Jan 1940
44. Travancore State Congress founded on
- a) **1938**
 - b) 1936
 - c) 1956
45. Mamankam was held along the banks of-----
- a) **Bharatha Puzha**
 - b) Periyar
 - c) Chaliyar
46. Who urged the Pulaya Women to get rid of “kallu mala” for proper upper clothes?
- a) Sree Narayana Guru
 - b) Chattampi Swamikal
 - c) **Ayyankali**
47. The social reformist drama ‘adukkaliyil ninum arangathekku’ was a product of
- a) K. T. Muhammed Bashir
 - b) N. N. Pillai
 - c) **V. T. Bhattathirippad**
48. Portuguese trader-traveller by name Vaso da Gama landed at Kerala at
- a) Kozhikoe
 - b) **Kappad**
 - c) Kodungalloor
49. The major supporters of Pazzassi Raja were-----
- a) Brahmins
 - b) **Kurichiya tribes men**

- c) British traders
50. Punnapra Vayalar Revolt was in the year-----
- a) 1936
 - b) 1946
 - c) 1956

PART B

M A SOCIOLOGY- MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

Code No: SG010203 Paper Title: Kerala Society – Structure, Culture and Change

1. Nayar Taravad has been studied by?

a) Yogendra Singh b) Harold A Gould c) M.N.Srinivas d) Kathleen Gough

2. Who has done field work in Malabar district to study Nayar society ?

a) K.S.Kalia b) Harold A Gould c) Kathleen Gough d) D.N.Majumdar

3. The Custom “sambandam” followed by which communities in Kerala/

a) Namboodiri b) Paraya c) Pulaya d) Syrian Christians

4. Which Chaturvarnaya Communities absent in Kerala?

a) Brahmin b) Sudra c) Vaisya d) Kshetriya

5. S.N.D.P founded under the leadership of

a) Sree Narayana Guru, Dr. Palpu , Kumaran Asan b) Sree Narayana Guru, Chatampi Swamial, Dr. Palpu c) Sree Narayana Guru, Vaikunda Swamikal, Dr. Palpu d) Sree Narayana Guru, Chatampi Swamial, Vaikunda Swamikal

6. Where the first session of S.N.D.P Yogam Held at-----

a) Aruvipuum b) Chemapzathi c) Varkala d) Guruvayoor

7. Man who behind the revolutionary message “No Caste No Religion No god or Man?

a) Sahadaran Ayappan b) Sree Narayana Guru c) Vaikunda Swamigal d) Dr. Palpu

8. Who was called “Lincoln” of Kerala?

a) Pandit Karuppan b) E.M.S c) A.K.G d) Sahodaran asyyappan

9. . Who was the first foreign traveller who noted about Marumakkataya System in Kerala ?

a) Francisco de Almeda b) Kabral c) Ralfitch d) Frair Jordhans

10. The earliest settlers of Kerala were_____

a) Brahmins b) Kshtriyas c) Proto-Negroids d) None of the above

11. The State of Kerala was formed on _____

a) 14th August 1947 b) 15th August 1947 c) 1st November 1956 d) 1st November 1942

12. SNDP is _____

a) A caste interest group b) Religious interest group c) Economic interest group d) None of the above

13. Which place is known as the granary of Kerala?

a) Kuttanad b) Wayanad c) Eranad d) None of the above

14. The first Land Reform Bill of the State of Kerala was introduced by _____

a) E. M. Sankaran Namboothiripad b) T. V. Thomas c) K. V. Thomas d) K. R. Gauri

15. The Industrial relations Bill of the ministry of 1957 was introduced by _____

a) E. M. Sankaran Namboothiripad b) T. V. Thomas c) K. V. Thomas d) K. R. Gauri

16. The Education Bill of the first EMS ministry was introduced by _____

a) E. M. Sankaran Namboothiripad b) T. V. Thomas c) Joseph Mudasseri d) K. R. Gauri

17. The Temple entry Proclamation was in the year _____

- a) 1936 b) 1937 c) 1947 d) 1924
18. The three tier Panchayathi Raj system was introduced in Kerala in the year _____
a) 1960 b) 1980 c) 1994 d) None of the above
19. The Commission for backward classes was introduced in Kerala in the year _____
a) 1993 b) 1995 c) 1996 d) 2008
20. Vanitha Commission in Kerala was introduced in the year _____
a) 1993 b) 1995 c) 1996 d) 2008
21. The three tier Panchayathi Raj system was introduced by which constitutional amendment?
a) 72rd b) 74th c) 75th d) 42nd
22. The approximate number of Gram Panchayaths in Kerala is _____
a) 1000 b) 2000 c) 3000 d) 800
23. The Malabar Rebellion was started in _____
a) 1925 b) 1921 c) 1917 d) 1930
24. In Kerala, Sex Ratio is favourable to _____
a) Women b) Men c) Children d) None of the above
25. The 'New Social Movements' in Kerala are prevalent among which of the following categories ?
a) Dalits b) Women c) Fisherfolk d) All the above
26. Who is the leader of Adivasi Gothra Maha Sabha ?
a) C. K. Janu b) K. C. Rosakkutti c) M. Kamalam c) None of the above
27. Sadhujana Paripaalana Sangham was founded by _____
a) Ayyankali b) Sree Narayana Guru c) Chattampi Swamigal d) Kumaranasan
28. Which one of the following custom was abolished by Sree Kerala Varma in 1696?
a) Mannappedi & Pulappedi b) slavery c) Untouchability d) Temple entry discrimination
29. According to 2011 census data, sex ratio of Kerala is ____ ?
a) 1020 b) 1100 c) 1084 d) 1050
30. According to 2011 census data, Population of Kerala is ____ ?
a) 33,388,000 b) 37,388,000 c) 34,456,000 d) 41,346,000
31. According to the 2001 census of India, the Scheduled Tribe population in Kerala is -----?
a) 364189 b) 484839 c) 200432 d) 100000
32. Which district has highest tribal population in Kerala?
a) Wayanad b) Idukki c) Thrissur d) Palakkad
33. Name the district with lowest sex ratio in Kerala as per 2011 census
a) Pathanamthitta b) Idukki c) Malappuram d) Wayanad

34. Who wrote Hortus Malabaricus in Malabar?
a) H.A. Van Rheede b) W. T. Ringletaube c) Henry Baker d) Herman Gundert
35. The social reformist drama 'adukkaliyil ninum arangathekku' was a product of _____
a) K. T. Muhammed Bashir b) N. N. Pillai c) E.M. Sankaran Namboothiripad d) V. T. Bhattathirippad
36. The Channar Agitation for the rights of women to wear proper upper clothes was in the year _____
a) 1859 b) 1759 c) 1880 d) 1890
37. 'Vaikkaom Satyagraha' was in the year _____
a) 1924 b) 1954 c) 1964 d) 1974
38. The 'Savarna Jatha' in association with Vaikkom Satyagraha was led by _____
a) Sree Narayana Guru b) Mannath Padmanabhan c) C. Kesavan d) K. Kelappan
39. The man who first opened school for Pulaya communities was _____
a) Chatambi Swamikal b) Ayankali c) Sree Narayana Guru d) Dr. Palpu
40. Father of Library Movement in Kerala _____
a) Chithira Thirunal b) P.N Panikar c) Sardar K.M Panikar d) Joseph Mundaserri
41. Which state is highest literacy rate in India?
a) Kerala b) Bihar c) Arunachal Pradesh d) Rajasthan
42. Which is the nodal agency identified by the Government of Kerala for capacity building for decentralization ?
a) Kerala Institute of Local Administration b) Kerala Sastra Sahitya Parishad c) both of the above a & b
d) None of the above
43. Who is popularly known as "Kerala Gandhi"?
a. E. M. S. Namboodiripad b) P. Krishna Pillai c) Vadakkoot Viswanatha Menon d) Koyapalli Kelappan
44. The temple entry proclamation was associated with which of the following rulers ?
a) Uthram Thirunal b) Sree Uthradom Thirunal c) Sree Chithira Thirunal d) Sree Swathi Thirunal

45. Which among the following is a feature of Kerala Model of Development ?

a) High Per Capita Income b) High literacy rate c) Low Per Capita Income d) low literacy rate

46. Motto of kudumbashree is _____

a) Poverty eradication and women empowerment b) Family planning c) Industrial development

d) Environmental protection

47. In which year Kerala's People's Campaign for decentralized planning was launched?

a)1945 b) 1983 c) 1995 d)1996

48. In which year the Kudumbasree Project was inaugurated?

a)1995 b)1999 c) 1998 d)1994

49. In which district of Kerala Silent Valley National Park is located?

a) Idukki b) Palakkad c) Thrissur D. Wayanad

50. From the following empires which ruled Kerala?

a) Maurya empire b) Mughal empire c) Chera empire d) Kushana empire

51. The S.N.D.P movement in Kerala was a -----

a) Religious Movement b) Reformist Movement c) Political Movement d) Cultural Movement

52. Matrilineal Nair Joint Family is called-----

a. Tharavad b. Illam c.Agraharam d.None of these

53. Who coined the tagline Kerala as “God's Own Country” ?

a) E. M. S. Namboodiripad b) Walter Mendez c) Vadakkoot Viswanatha Menon d) Sree Narayana Guru

54. Who is the 1st missionary in Kerala ?

a) Rev.J. Dawson b) Henry Baker c) Benjamin Bailey d) Dr. Hermann Gundert

55. Legacy of Kerala written by -----?

a) K.M. Panikkar b) Rajan Gurukkal c) Sreedhara Menon d) sakariya k t

56. The motto of Kerala Sastra Sahitya Parishad ?

a) Knowledge is power b) science for social revolution c) Vayichu Valaruka d) Sakshara Keralam Sundara Keralam

57. The message "No caste, No religion, No God for man" was given by _____

a) Ayyankali b) Sree Narayana Guru c) Kumara Guru d) Sahodaran Ayyappan

56. From the following which is the largest tribe in Kerala ?

a) Paniya b) Santhal c) Toto d) Cholanaikkans

57. The Kerala government initiative "SPEM" stands for _____

a) State Pollution Eradication Mission b) Social Policy Mission c) State Poverty Eradication Mission d) State Protection of Environment Mission

58. Who wrote Malayalam dictionary first?

a) Dr. Hermann Gundert b) Sreekanteswaram Padmanabha Pillai c) Mahakavi Vallathol Narayana Menon d) None of the above

59. Which Travancore king gave freedom to the Channar ladies to wear upper cloth?

a) Sree Uthradom Thirunal b) Maharaja Aayilyam Thirunal c) Sree Chithira Thirunal d) Sree Swathi Thirunal

60. Who is known as the father of literacy in Kerala?

a) Ayyankali b) Sree Narayana Guru c) Kumara Guru d) Puthuvayil Narayana Panicker

M A SOCIOLOGY- MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS – Answer Key

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1. d) Kathleen Gough	2. c) Kathleen Gough	3. a) Namboodiri	4. c) Vaisya
5. a) Sree Narayana Guru, Dr. Palpu , Kumaran Asan	6. a) Aruvipuum	7. a) Sahadaran Ayappan	8. a) Pandit Karuppan
9. d) Frair Jordhans	10. c) Proto-Negroids	11. c) 1st November 1956	12. a) A caste interest group
13. a) Kuttanad	14. d) K. R. Gauri	15. b) T. V. Thomas	16. c) Joseph Mudasseri
17. a) 1936	18. c) 1994	19. a) 1993	20. b) 1995
21. a) 72rd	22. a) 1000	23. b) 1921	24. a) Women
25. d) All the above	26. a) C. K. Janu	27. a) Ayyankali	28. a) Mannappedi & Pulappedi
29. c) 1084	30. a) 33,388,000	31. b) 484839	32. a) Wayanad
33. b) Idukki	34. a) H.A. Van Rheede	35. d) V. T. Bhattathirippad	36. a) 1859
37. a) 1924	38. b) Mannath Padmanabhan	39. b) Ayankali	40. b) P.N Panikar
41. a) Kerala	42. a) Kerala Institute of Local Administration	43. d) Koyapalli Kelappan	44. c) Sree Chithira Thirunal
45. b) High literacy rate	46. a) Poverty eradication and women empowerment	47. d) 1996	48. c) 1998
49. b) Palakkad	50. c) Chera empire	51. b) Reformist Movement	52. a. Tharavad
53. b) Walter Mendez	54. c) Benjamin Bailey	55. c) Sreedhara Menon	56. b. science for social revolution

57. c. State Poverty Eradication Mission	58. a) Dr. Hermann Gundert	59. b) Maharaja Aayilyam Thirunal	60. d) Puthuvayil Narayana Panicker
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