## PRIVATE REGISTRATION

## M.A. SYRIAC DEGREE (CSS) EXAMINATION

## SY010105 - History and Structure of Syriac Language MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1. Read the following statements:
2. Ten letters of the West Syriac alphabet have more than one shape.
3. Three letters of the East Syriac alphabet have more than one shape.
a. Statement 1 and 2 are correct
b. Statement 1 and 2 are false
c. Statement 1 is correct but 2 is false
d. Statement 1 is false but 2 is correct
4. Match the following with the correct Syriac equivalent
i) $\operatorname{Ln}$
a.
ii)
b.
iii)
c.
iv)
a. i-b, ii-d, iii-a, iv-c
b. i-a, ii-b, iii-c, iv-d
c. i-d, ii-c, iii-b, iv-a
d. i-c, ii-d, iii-d, iv-a
5. The name of the letter $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ is
a.
b. $\Omega \rightarrow$ u
c. O)
d.

6. The vowel gutturals are
a. $\boldsymbol{x} 5-\infty$
b. $\uparrow \rightarrow \perp$ ?
c. $95 \rightarrow$ -

7. The hard aspirate is known as
a．Rukkaka
b．Kushaya
c．Hamsa
d．

Seva

6．The future tense of the word $\grave{\text { is }}$
a．ذ०人 11
b．
c．ذ૦ヤ
d．

خ
7．Slanted line placed over the letter to indicate the letter remains silent， is known
as

b．）－
c．
d．）$\downarrow$ คのذァ

8．The letters pronunciation．
a．False
b．None
c．True
d．Both true and false

9．In Syriac＇＇$\because$＇indicates
a．Full stop
b．Semi－colon
c．Coma
d．Colon

10．Pronominal suffixes of verbs are attached directly to the present tense
a．None
b．Both true and false
c．True
d．False

11．Match the following numbers with the correct Syriac equivalent
i） 123
a．
ii） 234
b． 0,4
iii） 345
c． 0 ロー
iv） 456
d．ذ خد
a．i－b，ii－d，iii－a，iv－c
b．i－a，ii－d，iii－c，iv－b
c．i－d，ii－c，iii－b，iv－a
d．i－c，ii－b，iii－d，iv－a

a． 4
b．حذّ
c．
d．

13．Choose the correctly spelled word for the English equivalent of ＇ascension＇
a．$)_{5}>0$ ，
b．$)$
c． $1-5>0$
d．

14．Read the following statements：
1．The letter dolath is used as relative pronoun
2．The letter dolath is used to indicate possession
a．Statement 1 and 2 are correct
b．Statement 1 and 2 are false
c．Statement 1 is correct but 2 is false
d．Statement 1 is false but 2 is correct
15．＇He will write to her＇
a．コロム5ム
b．ヲーコムム 5
c．のーームムラム
d．
$\rightarrow$ のOーユム 5

16．人дмム刀 $\triangle$ is
a．Preposition
b．Vowel sound
c．Infinitive
d．Imperative

17．The degrees of comparison are conveyed by the use of nouns in the ．．．．．．state
a．Neutral
b．Construct
c．Emphatic
d． Absolute

18．
a．Paiel
b．Aphel
c．Shafel
d．Pael

19．The dots used to distinguish words of same letters but with different meaning
a．$)$
b．
c．
d．

## トヤナذュ

20．The syriac word $\rightarrow$ nO） $\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{m}$ means
a．They saw him
b．He saw them
c．See them
d．See him

21．Words with the ending ado are
a．Mostly feminine singular
b．Mostly masculine plural
c．Mostly feminine plural
d．Mostly masculine singular
22．Words ending in e are
a．Mostly feminine singular
b．Mostly feminine plural
c．Mostly masculine plural
d．Mostly masculine singular
23．＂Ta＂／＂To＂endings indicate what
a．Mostly feminine singular
b．Mostly masculine plural
c．Mostly masculine singular
d．Mostly feminine plural
24．＂ata＂／＂oto＂ending indicate what
a．Mostly feminine plural
b．Mostly masculine plural
c．Mostly feminine singular
d．Mostly masculine singular
25．Who wrote＂Gist of Grammar＂？
a．Fr．Placid CMI
b．Fr．Uppani CMI
c．Thomas Kathanar
d．Fr．Emmanuel Thelly CMI
26．What is＂Suriyani Bhasha Padana Samgraham＂of Fr．E．Thelly CMI？
a．Syriac dictionary
b．Syriac grammar in prose
c．Syriac grammar in poetical version
d．Rudiments of Syriac grammar
27．Syriac words ending in＂o＇yit＂（olaf sud and taw）are
a．Preposition
b．Adverbs
c．Adjectives
d．Infinitives
28．Abstract nouns end in
a．Unto（waw，taw，olaf）
b． 2 Letters
c．Nun
d．Un（waw，nun）
29．Words ending in＂os＂are generally of
a．Persian origin
b．Latin origin
c．indo－European origin
d．Greek origin
30．Which statement is the most true about the placement of Syriac verbs in a sentence
a. Before the subject
b. After the subject
c. There is no fixed place
d. After the object
31. Both in Sanskrit and Syriac, the verbs are conjugated according to person, gender, number of subject
a. Yes always
b. No always
c. Sometimes yes
d. Sometimes no
32. "Apipa" is the art to
a. Draw Syrian Icons
b. Decoratively draw the alphabet
c. Decorate the borders of manuscripts
d. Write Syriac poetry
33. What is Orthography
a. The study of the Orthodox Church
b. The interpretation of manuscripts
c. The art of language study that deals with letters and spelling
d. The art of organising similar texts together
34. What is Phonology
a. The systematizing of manuscripts
b. The time placement of different documents
c. The placement of letters in a document
d. The study of the patterns of sounds in a language and across languages
35. What is Morphology
a. The method of refurbishing manuscripts
b. The study of words, how they are formed, and their relationship to other words in the same language
c. The study of the different parchments used in manuscripts
d. The study of the evolution of people through a textual interpretation
36. Which of the following are loan words in Syriac
a. Kurie-elaison
b. Slibo/ Sliva
c. Malko/ Malka
d. Nuhro/ Nuhra
37. Which of the following are loan words in Syriac
a. Amo/ Ama
b. Aloho/ Alaha
c. Ethicon
d. Abdo/ Awda
38. What is syntax
a. Circumstances that form the setting for an event
b. The science of sentence-construction
c. Added as an extra or subordinate part, especially to a document
d. An alphabetical list of names, subjects, etc. with reference to the pages on which they are mentioned.
39. Which European language influenced the formation of West Syriac Orthography?
a. Greek
b. Latin
c. Armenian
d. Phoenician
40. What are the ways of putting dots in the East Syriac alphabet?
a. 5
b. 3
c. 7
d. 6
41. Who wrote a treatise on Syriac Accents?
a. Gregory Bar Hebraeus
b. Michael the Great
c. George the Bishop of the Arabs
d. Dionysius Bar Salibi
42. What does Melto mean in Syriac grammar
a. Verb
b. Participle
c. Gerrand
d. Adverb
43. S. C. C. number 5 is on
a. On St. Ephrem
b. Mysticism in Syriac Traditions
c. Spirituality in Syriac Traditions
d. Philoxenus of Mabbug
44. What does Gelyono mean
a. Chronicles
b. Revelation
c. Psalms
d. Exodus
45. Eštahlap means
a. He is changed
b. He is assumed
c. He appeared
d. He suffered
46. Reš 'umra means
a. Cor Episcopa
b. A bishop
c. Deacon
d. Head of the monastery
47. What is a Syriac synonym for 'Umra
a. Dayro
b. Bayto
c. 'Edtho
d. Mar`yto
48. What does Btulo/btula mean?
a. Monastery
b. Service
c. Office
d. Celibate
49. What does 'eskemo mean
a. Scete
b. Form
c. Formality
d. Order
50. What does 'onwoyuto mean
a. Asceticism
b. Duty
c. Humility
d. Fasting

## ANSWER KEY

| Question No | Answer Key | Question No | Answer Key |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | A | 11 | B |
| 2 | B | 12 | C |
| 3 | C | 13 | D |
| 4 | D | 14 | A |
| 5 | B | 15 | B |
| 6 | D | 16 | C |
| 7 | A | 17 | D |
| 8 | C | 18 | C |
| 9 | A | 19 | B |
| 10 | D | 20 | A |
| 21.D |  |  |  |
| 22. C. |  |  |  |
| 23. A. |  |  |  |
| 24. A.) |  |  |  |
| 25.D. |  |  |  |
| 26.C. |  |  |  |
| 27.B |  |  |  |
| 28. A. |  |  |  |
| 29. D. |  |  |  |
| 30. C. |  |  |  |
| 31. A. |  |  |  |
| 32. B. |  |  |  |
| 33. C. |  |  |  |
| 34. D. |  |  |  |
| 35.B. |  |  |  |
| 36.A. |  |  |  |


| 37. C. |
| :--- |
| 38.B. |
| 39.A. |
| 40.C |
| 41.A |
| 42.A. |
| 43.D |
| 44. B. |
| 45.A |
| 46.D. |
| 47.A |
| 48.D. |
| 49.B |
| 50.A |

