M COM DEGREE (CSS) EXAMINATION (2021 ADMISSION ONWARDS)

Second Semester – Faculty of Commerce

Elective - Finance

CM010205 STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

- 1. Which of the following is action-oriented?
 - a. Policy
 - b. Objective
 - c. Strategy
- 2. SBU refers to ____.
 - a. Strategy & Business Units
 - b. Standby Business Units
 - c. Strategic Business Units
- 3. Falling sales is an example for _____ indicator.
 - a. Deteriorating finances
 - b. Deteriorating performance
 - c. Bad Investment
- 4. Active strategy is also called as _____ strategy.
 - a. Passive
 - b. Defensive
 - c. Offensive
- 5. _____ are regarded as short-term objectives.
 - a. Strategies
 - b. Goals
 - c. Mission statements
- 6. Converting non-users to users is a strategy used in ____.
 - a. Market penetration
 - b. Integrative Growth
 - c. Product development
- 7. Dropping a product line represents _____ strategy.
 - a. Retrenchment
 - b. Growth
 - c. Defensive
- 8. KFS means ____.
 - a. Key Factors for Successb
 - b. Keys to Flexible Strategies
 - c. Key Five Strategies
- 9. Synergy effect is when _____.
 - a. 2 + 2 = 4
 - b. 2 + 2 = 6
 - c. 2+2=5

- 10. When a firm's basic strategy is reconsidered on the occurrence of a sudden, unexpected event, then the type of control needed is _____.
 - a. Operational
 - b. Special alert
 - c. Strategic
- 11. Threat of substitutes is considered as ____.
 - a. Competitive force
 - b. State of growth
 - c. Rivalry
- 12. In the absence of proper plans or factual information, decisions taken by entrepreneurs will be mostly based on____.
 - a. Contingency strategy
 - b. Ad hoc method
 - c. Neutral strategy
- 13. Identify the strategy that involves backward and forward integration.
 - a. Diversification growth
 - b. Intensive growth
 - c. Integrative growth
- 14. The fundamental purpose of an organization's mission statement is to
 - a. create a good human relations climate in the organization
 - b. define the organization's purpose in society
 - c. define the operational structure of the organization
 - ______ is the foundation of blue ocean strategy.
 - a. Innovation

15.

- b. Value creation
- c. Value innovation
- 16. The immediate external environment includes:
 - a. Divisions
 - b. S. B. U. s
 - c. Competitors
- 17. Annual objectives
 - a. Are not critical to success
 - b. Serve as guidelines for action, directing and channeling efforts and activities of organization members
 - c. Are not important for employee motivation and identification

18. Which of these basic questions should a vision statement answer?

- a. What is our business?
- b. Why do we exist?
- c. What do we want to become?
- 19. FEMA was passed in the year
 - a. 1999
 - b. 1989
 - c. 1997

- 20. _____ refers to the process of conducting research on a company and its operating environment to formulate a strategy.
 - a. Strategic management
 - b. Strategic analysis
 - **c.** Sensitive analysis
- 21. Strategic analysis involves:
 - a. Identifying and evaluating data relevant to the company's strategy.
 - b. Defining the internal and external environments to be analyzed.
 - c. Both A and B
- 22. ADL matrix has been propounded by:
 - a. Arthur D. Lowey
 - b. Arthur D. Little
 - c. Arthur D. Levin
- 23. is the process we use to gain understanding and insight into our present situation.
 - a. Situational analysis
 - b. Sensitive analysis
 - c. Simulation analysis
- 24. Arrange the Strategic Analysis Process in proper sequence:

I. Formulate plans.

- II. Recommend and implement the most viable strategy.
- III. Determine the effectiveness of existing strategies.
- IV. Perform an environmental analysis of current strategies.

Select the correct answer from the options given below.

- a. iv,ii,i,iii
- b. iv,iii,i,ii
- c. ii,iii,i,iv
- 25. Which of the following is NOT 'internal environment considerations'?
 - a. Operational inefficiencies
 - b. Changes in consumer taste
 - c. Employee morale
- 26. Which of the following is NOT 'external environment considerations?
 - a. Political trends
 - c. Economic shifts
 - c. Changes in consumer taste
- 27. Potential strategic alternatives include _____
 - a. Changes in business process
 - b. Changes in supply chain management
 - c. All of the above
- 28. 'Build,' 'Hold,' 'Harvest,' and 'Divest' are the strategies pursued in:
 - a. Boston Consulting Group Growth Share Matrix
 - b. Value chain Analysis
 - c. Managerial Grid Matrix

- 29. A situation analysis should be conducted -.....
 - a. After developing a strategy.
 - b. At the beginning of any program or project
 - c. Before company is incorporated
- 30. Which of the following is NOT element of Situation Analysis?
 - a. Product Situation
 - b. Competitive Situation
 - c. Profit Situation
- 31. The low growth, low share businesses in BCG matrix are:
 - a. Cows
 - b. Dogs
 - c. Question Marks
- 32. Identification of opportunities and avoiding or mitigating losses is called -....
 - a. Risk management
 - b. Stress management
 - c. Change management
- 33. Environment scanning applies to
 - 1. External scanning processes
 - 2. Motivational scanning processes
 - 3. Internal scanning processes
 - 4. Lead scanning processes

Select the correct answer from the options given below -.....

- a. Except 4 all other
- b. Both 1 and 3
- c. 1 only
- 34. SWOT analysis Originated by
 - a. Heinz Weirich
 - b. Albert S Humphrey
 - c. James E. Kelley
- 35. Which of the following SWOT elements are internal factors for a business?
 - c. Strengths and Weaknesses
 - b. Opportunities and Threats
 - c. Strengths and Opportunities
- 36generally relate to external factors.
 - a. **Opportunities and threats**
 - b. Weaknesses and Threats
 - c. Strengths and Opportunities
- 37. Which section of the SWOT Matrix involves matching internal strengths with external opportunities?
 - a. The WT cell
 - b. The SW cell
 - c. The SO cell

- 38. Corporate level strategy is concerned with the following
 - a. How do we want to compete?
 - b. Where do we want to compete?
 - c. How to support the strategy imple-mentation?
- 39. The BCG growth-share matrix -....
 - a. is a project technique used to manage uncertain activities.
 - b. is an analytical tool that helps build over your strengths and make the best use of available opportunities while also minimizing the threats.
 - c. is the simplest way to portray a corporation's portfolio of investments.
- 40. 'Customer Analysis' and 'Market Analysis' are the part of
 - a. Internal analysis
 - b. Strategy identification and selection
 - c. External Analysis
- 41. The BCG Growth-Share Matrix consists of the following four major elements?
 - a. Sales, Cash cows. Question marks, Dogs
 - b. Stars, Cash cows, Question marks, Dogs
 - c. Stars, Cash cows, Question marks, Doors
- 42. The Critical Path Method (CPM) is a project modelling technique developed in the late 1950s by -.....
 - a. Morgan R. Walker & James E. Kelley
 - b. C. K. Prahlad and Gary Hamel
 - c. Gary Hamel and Peter Drucker
- 43. Which of the following is true of a transnational Corporation?
 - a. They have subsidiaries but do not have centralized management system
 - b. They have no subsidiaries but have centralized management system
 - c. They do not have subsidiaries and do not have centralized management System
- 44. Entering into a 'contract' by MNCs is an example of:
 - a. Partial Ownership Alliance
 - b. Joint Venture Alliance
 - c. Non-Equity Alliance
- 45. PERT is technique -....
 - a. of planning and control of time.
 - b. to control cost and time
 - c. used in profit analysis
- 46. A leading producer of tooth paste, advises its customers to brush teeth twice a day to keep breath fresh. In the context of Ansoff's Product-Market Growth Matrix, identify, the type of growth strategies followed for the given case.
 - a. Market Development
 - b. Diversification
 - c. Market Penetration

- 47. In consulting engagement with General Electric Company in the 1970's McKinsey & Company developed a cell portfolio matrix as a tool for screening GE's large portfolio of strategic business units (SBU).
 - a. Ten
 - b. Nine
 - c. Twelve
- 48. Four generic strategies as discussed by Glueck and Jauch are
 - a. Stability Strategies, Expansion Strategies, Retrenchment Strategy & Combination Strategies
 - b. Growth Strategies, Stable Strategies, Retrenchment Strategy & Combination Strategies
 - c. Stability Strategies, Expansion Strategies, Decline Strategy & Divest Strategies
- 49. If the organization chooses to transform itself into a leaner structure and focuses on ways and means to reverse the process of decline, it adopts a
 - a. Turnaround Strategy
 - b. Divestment Strategy
 - c. Differentiation Strategy
- 50. Which of the following is benefit of McKinsey's 7-S Framework Model?
 - a. It is a diagnostic tool for under-standing the organizations which Eire noneffective.
 - b. It becomes proposition to manage as a result of more divisions and departments.
 - c. It is useful in those organizations where activities are geographically spread such as transport, insurance, banking, etc.
- 51. The acquisition of a business that operates in the same industry is known as _____
 - a. Internal Integration
 - b. Horizontal Integration
 - c. Vertical Integration
- 52. The foundation of blue ocean strategy is _____
 - a. Evaluation
 - b. Creativity
 - c. Value Innovation
- 53. "V" in VUCA stands for
 - a. Viability
 - b. Volatility
 - c. Vicinity
- 54. Strategic implementation is -.....
 - a. Concerned with translating a strategic decision into action.
 - b. Crafting a combination of strategies and picking out the best one.
 - c. Primarily an intellectual process.
- 55. The critical 7-S model was developed and created by reputed consulting firm:
 - a. Mckinsey
 - b. Bain & Co.
 - c. A. T. Kearney

- 56. focuses on whether the strategy is being implemented as planned and the results produced are those intended.
 - a. Strategic analysis
 - b. Strategic control
 - c. Strategy formulation
- 57. Which of the following is NOT one 'S' as per McKinsey 7-S framework?
 - a. Structure
 - b. Shared values
 - c. Shared plan
- 58. means crafting a combination of strategies and picking out the best one to achieve the organizational goals and objectives and thereby reaching the vision of the organization.
 - a. Strategy implementation
 - b. Strategic analysis
 - c. Strategy formulation
- 59. The way the organization is structured and who reports to whom
 - a. Strategy
 - b. Structure
 - c. System
- 60. Strategy implementation focuses on -.....
 - a. Efficiency
 - b. Co-ordination
 - c. Crafting of strategies
- 61. The plan devised to maintain and build competitive advantage over the competition ____
 - a. Strategy
 - b. Style
 - c. Skills
- 62. An important activity in is taking corrective action.
 - a. Strategy evaluation
 - b. Strategy implementation
 - c. Strategy formulation
- 63. The functional structure would be found in which type of business?
 - a. A business producing a single product or limited range of products
 - b. A business producing a diverse range of products
 - c. A business owning several subsidiary companies
- 64. Strategic leadership facilitates strategy execution through -....
 - a. Exploitation of core competencies
 - b. Elimination of non-core competencies
 - c. Non cohesive functioning
- 65. What are the major procedural requirements involved in the strategy implementation process?
 - a. Licensing Requirements & FEMA Requirements
 - b. Company law Requirements
 - c. All of the above

- 66. What are guides to decision making?
 - a. laws
 - b. rules
 - c. policies
- 67. The marketing response which comes into action after the change happens is classified as
 - a. geographical anticipation
 - b. responsive anticipation
 - c. reactive anticipation
- 68. The defense which supports possible counter attack of other marketer's is classified as
 - a. counter defense
 - b. offensive defense
 - c. flank defense
- 69. The one who offers market leader's product and improves it, is classified as
 - a. imitator
 - b. adapter
 - c. counterfeiter
- 70. The emulation of market leader's product packaging with little variations is classified as
 - a. cloner
 - b. imitator
 - c. adapter
- 71. Which of these deal with the impact of strategy implementation on strategy formulation?a. Forward Linkages
 - b. Backward Linkages
 - c. Both (a) & (b)
- 72. Which process simply makes the individuals or organizations aware of the necessity for change & prepares them for such a change?
 - a. Unfreezing
 - b. Change in new situation
 - c. Refreezing
- 73. _____is a point of reference against which things maybe compared and by which something can be measured and judged.
 - a. BPR
 - b. Benchmarking
 - c. Strategic Leadership
- 74. _____ is a process of breaking down old attitudes & behaviours customs & traditions throughout organization.
 - a. Unfreezing
 - b. Change in new situation
 - c. Refreezing
- 75. A company will be successful only when the strategy _____ is sound & ______ is excellent.
 - a. Implementation, Formulation
 - b. Formulation, Implementation
 - c. Both (a) & (b)

76. Which helps the managers to determine whether the overall strategy is progressing as desired or whether there is need for readjustment?

a. Monitoring Strategic Thrusts

- b. Premise Control
- c. Special Alert Control
- 77. Business policy tends to emphasize on which aspect of strategic management is selling?
 - a. system analytical
 - b. portfolio analytical
 - c. Rational analytical
- 78. Developing a vision and mission identifying an organization's external opportunities and threats and determining internal strengths and weaknesses are all _____ activities.

a. strategy formulation

- b. strategy implementation
- c. long range planning
- 79. Strategy is not a _____ for sound alert and responsible management.
 - a. reason
 - b. necessity
 - c. substitute
- 80. Another name for GE 9 cell model is
 - a. Three colour matrix
 - b. Stop light matrix
 - c. Strategic portfolio matrix
- 81. What does yellow symbolize in BCG matrix?
 - a. Invest and Expand
 - b. Harvest and Divest
 - c. Select and Earn
- 82. Typically, how many strategic decision levels are in the corporate decision-making hierarchy?
 - a. 3
 - b. 4
 - c. more than 5
- 83. Which is a planned strategy?
 - a. **Proactive**
 - b. Reactive
 - c. Adaptive
- 84. The terminology that includes defining an overall mission and official goals
 - a. Objectives
 - b. Goals
 - c. Strategy
- 85. Activities required to collect for storage of the outputs are involved in

a. Outbound logistics

- b. Distribution systems
- c. Control process

- 86. Which of these is not a valid reason in support of focused strategies?
 - a. greater control
 - b. competence consolidation
 - c. cost reduction
- 87. Which of the following requires a firm to establish annual objectives, devise, policies, motivates employees and allocate resources for the execution of strategies?
 - a. strategy formulation
 - b. strategy evaluation
 - c. strategy implementation
- 88. Which of the following factors does not increase the bargaining power of a supplier?
 - a. substitutability
 - b. high switching costs
 - c. a buyer is important to the supplier
- 89. Divestment is what kind of strategy?
 - a. an asset reduction strategy
 - b. a weakness reduction strategy
 - c. a product reduction strategy
- 90. Balanced score card can act as a powerful
 - a. development framework
 - b. operations framework
 - c. organising framework
- 91. Personal scorecard consists of information of _____ levels.
 - a. 2
 - b. 3
 - c. 4
- 92. Balanced score card measures with benchmark for performance in
 - a. financial areas
 - b. non financial areas
 - c. development areas
- 93. Organization can be classified as ______ on the basis of interest they have.
 - a. Market Oriented & Prize Oriented
 - b. General & Specific
 - c. Commercial & Non-Commercial
- 94. Which is not the limitation of strategic management ?
 - a. Time Consuming Process
 - b. Understandable complex environment
 - c. Costly Process
- 95. The origins of Strategic Management can be retraced to _____
 - a. 1930
 - b. 1911
 - c. 1879

- 96. Removing the barriers for group countries is known as _____
 - a. Horizontal Integration
 - b. Vertical Integration
 - d. Regional Integration
- 97. Markowitz's main contribution to portfolio theory is Re-Engineering begins with a fundamental _
 - a. Redesigning
 - b. Process
 - c. Re-thinking
- 98. -----means starting all over starting from scratch .
 - a. Benchmarking
 - b. Strategic Change
 - c. Business Process Re-Engineering
- 99. The first option that should be considered for firms in Quadrant II of the Grand Strategy Matrix is the ______ strategy.
 - a. integration
 - b. intensive
 - c. defensive
- 100. Strategic plans are
 - a. Forecasts
 - b. Long term
 - c. Short term