

MA HISTORY – Second Semester

INDIA: MAKING OF A COLONY

Course Code : HY010205

MCQ

1. Which East India Company Known as John Company?
(a) English East India Company (b) French East India Company (C) Dutch East India Company
2. Who granted royal charter for English East India Company to conduct trade with East?
(a) Queen Victoria (b) Queen Elizabeth (C) James II
3. The English East India Company was founded in the year..
(a) 1664 (b) 1602 (c) 1599
4. (a) Who was the founder of the French east India Company?
(a) Colbert (b) Duplex (c) De La Haye
5. Where did the English open their first factory in the South?
(a) Masulipattanam (b) Madras (c) Pondicherry
6. The first English factory in India was established at
(a) Bombay (b) Calcutta (C) Surat
7. Who planted the tree of liberty at Srirangapattanam?
(a) Hyder Ali (b) Warren Hastings (c) Tippu Sulthan
8. First European fort situated in?
(a) Surat (b) Goa (c) Cochin
9. A Modern arsenal was established in 1765 with French assistance at
(a) Srirangapattanam (b) Mysore (c) Dindigul
10. Dutch east India Company was established in
(a) 1564 (b) 1599 (c) 1602
11. Which one of the territory was get by English as dowry ?
(a) Hugly (b) Bombay (c) Andaman Nikobar
12. The first English ambassador reached in Mughal court ?
(a) Robert Clive (b) John Hwakins (c) Thomas Roe
13. Which European country was arrived to India for trade?
(a) Dutch (b) English (c) French
14. Carnatic wars were fought between
(a) Dutch and England (b) Tippu Sulthan and English (c) English and French
15. Who was popularly known as the architect of British Empire in India?
(a) Warren Hastings (b) Robert Clive (c) Lord Dalhousie
16. Who was the founder of Calcutta?
(a) Francois Mortin (b) Job Charnock (c) Robert Clive
17. Biggest settlement of French in India was
(a) Pondicherry (b) Karaikkal (c) Chandranagar
18. Who was popularly Known as the real founder of Portuguese power in India

- (a) Vasco Da Gama (b) Alfonso De Albuquerque (C) Alvarez Cabral
19. In which year Vasco Da Gama reached the first time in Indian soil?
(a) 1556 (B) 1206 (C) 1498
20. Where was the first ever fort erected in India by any European power in India?
(a) Cochin (B) Masulipattanam (c) Goa
21. The term 'Dustuk' implies....
(a) Market (b) Free pass or Duty free Trade (C) Warehouse
22. French challenge to British supremacy in India came to an end with the battle of....
(a) Buxer (b) Plassy (C) Wandiwash
23. Treaty of Salbai is associated with the conflict between ..
(a) Anglo Maratha war (b) Anglo-Sikh war (c) Anglo-Mysore war
24. When was the Pitt's India act Passed?
(a) 1773 (b) 1833 (C) 1784
25. Who was the master brain to introduced Subsidiary Alliance System in India
(a) Lord Wellesly (b) Lord Dalhousie (c) Warren Hastings
26. Supreme court of culcutta was established by
(a) Charter act of 1813 (b) Regulating act of 1773 (c) Pits India act of 1784
27. English East India Company lost its monopoly over Tea trade with China after:
(a) Charter act of 1833 (b) Charter act of 1813 (c) Charter act of 1853
28. Malabar came under British control after the treaty of :
(a) Aix La Chaple (b) Treaty of Madras (c) Treaty of Srirangapattanam
29. Archeological Survey of India Established during the Governor Generalship of:
(a) Lord Curzon (b) Lord Wellesley (c) William Bentinck
30. Who introduced the theory 'Drain of Wealth'?
(a) Bipin Chandra (b) Balagangadhara Tilak (c) Dadabhai Navaroji
31. Poverty and Unbritish Rule in India was written by:
(a) Jawahar Lal Nehru (b) Dadabhai Navaroji (c) Sumit Sarkar
32. Which one of the following is known as Magna carta of Indian Education?
(a) Woods Dispatch (b) Macaulay's Minutes (c) Hunter commission report
33. First Governor General of India was?
(a) Lord Canning (b) Lord Wellesley (c) Lord William Bentinck (c) Lord Dalhousie
34. Which act replaced the post of Governor General to Viceroy ?
(a) Regulating act of 1773 (b) Government of India Act of 1858 (c) Charter act of 1833
35. Who was the first Viceroy of India ?
(a) Lord Canning (b) Lord Curzon (C) Lord Mountbatten
36. Who was the founder of Asiatic Society of Bengal?
(a) William Bentinck (b) William Jones (c) Warren Hastings
37. Who introduced permanent settlement in India
(a) Lord Cornwallis (b) Lord Curzon (c) Lord Wellesley
38. Who introduced the annexation policy 'Doctrine of Lapse'?
(a) Lord Canning (b) Lord Dalhousie (c) Lord Wellesley
39. Fort William College was established by

- (a) Lord Wellesley (b) William Jones (c) Lord Macaulay
40. In which year Sanskrit college at Varanasi established by Jonathan Duncan?
(a) 1800 (b) 1854 (c) 1791
41. Sir Thomas Munro was associated with :
(a) Permanent Settlement (b) Ryotwarry system (c) Qinquinal Settlement
42. Who introduced Mahalawary Settlement in India?
(a) Thomas Munro (b) Warren Hastings (c) Col. Holt Mackenzie
43. In which year the battle of Buxer took place?
(a) 1764 (b) 1792 (c) 1828
44. Which Mughal Emperor issued a Farman to English East India Company in 1717 to trade freely in India?
(a) Aurangazeb (b) Farukhsiyar (c) Bahadursha Safar
45. In which year British got farman from the Mughal ruler Farukhsiyar?
(a) 1800 (b) 1717 (c) 1757
46. Govenner General in Bengal became the Governor General in India by:
(a) Charter act of 1813 (b) Charter act of 1833 (c) Government of India act of 1858
47. Who is known as the Grand old man of India?
(a) Khan Abdul Ghafarkhan (b) Mahatma Gandhi (c) Dadabai Nvaroji
48. In which year Fort William College was established?
(a) 1800 (b) 1791 (c) 1854
49. In which year the Woods Despatch was drafted ?
(a) 1835 (b) 1813 (c) 1854
50. Which among the following commission was appointed after the Bengal Famine 1943?
(a) Strachey Commission (b) Macdonald Commission (c) Wood head Commission
51. Who is popularly known as “the liberator of Indian Press”?
(a)Charls Wood (b) Rippon (c) Charles Metcalfe
52. In which year first railway line was opened in India?
(a) 1885 (b) 1853 (c) 1859
53. In which year vernacular press act was passed?
(a) 1878 (b) 1810 (c) 1910
54. Who repeal the vernacular press act?
(a) Lord Lytton (b) Lord Ripon (c) Lord Curzon
55. In which year vernacular press act was repealed?
(a) 1881 (b) 1879 (c) 1935
56. Vernacular press act was passed by?

(a) Lord Curzon (b) Lord Ripon (c) Lord Lytton

57. Which press act came to be known as Gagging act?

(a) Indian Press Act (b) Indian Press Emergency Power Act (C) Vernacular Press Act

58. Which was the first English News paper published in India ?

(a) Bengal Gazette (b) Miratul Akbar (c) The Hindu

59. Who was first to formulate the theory of three successive phases of British colonialism in India, namely, Mercantilist , Free Trade Mercantile Capitalism and Finance Imperialism?

(a) Dadabhai Navaraji (b) RP Dutt (c) Karl Marx

60. Who said: “the British rule was a bleeding drain from India”?

(a) RC Dutt (b) Dadabhai Navaraji (C) Jawahar Laal Nehru

61. Who was the author of “Poverty and Unbritish Rule In India”?

(a) Lala Lajpat Rai(b) Dadabhai Navaraji (c) Arabindo Ghosh

62. first Railway line was opened in India between?

(a) Baypore to Tirur (b) Jhansy to Howrah (c) Bombay to Thane

63. First Telegraph line in India introduced during the time of?

(a) Lord Canning (b) Lord Dalhousie (c) Lord Wavell

64. The first Telegraph line in India was opened between?

(a) Bombay to Thane (b) New Delhi to Meerut (c) Calcutta to Diamond Harbour

65. In which year first Telegraph line was introduced in India?

(a) 1853 (b) 1851 (c) 1840

66. Which Governor General was known as the founder of Calcutta Medical college?

(a) William Bentinck (b) Lord Curzon (c) Lord Canning

67. In which year Calcutta Medical college was foud?

(a) 1912 (b) 1819 (c) 1835

68. Dadabhai Navaraji did for the first time explain the 'drain of wealth to England' in his article-?
(a) England's debt to India (b) the wants and means of India (c) None of the above
69. name the social reformer who worked hard for the enactment of widow remarriage act of 1856?
(a) Iswara Chandra Vidyasagar (b) Anne Besant (c) Sarojini Naidu
70. Widow Remarriage Association was founded by?
(a) Rajaram Mohan Roy (b) MG Ranade (c) Sarojini Naidu
71. In which year the Benthune school for girls was opened?
(a) 1859 (b) 1916 (c) 1849
72. Who was the founder of Banaras Hindu University?
(a) Raja Radhakant Deb (b) Pabdit Madanmohan Malavya (c) Balagangadhara Tilak
73. First Hydro Electric power plant in India was established at?
(a) Darjeeling (b) Sivasamudram (c) Idukki
74. In which Year Tata Iron and Steel Company started?
(a) 1867 (b) 1907 (c) 1919
75. Who among the following was the founder of Samvad Kaumudi?
(a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Rajaram Mohan Roy (c) Madam Bikaji Kama
76. When was Delhi declared as the capital of India?
(a) 1919 (b) 1911 (c) 1905
77. In which year partition of Bengal was happened?
(a) 1905 (b) 1915 (c) 1921
78. Imperial Bank of India was established in
(a) 1921 (b) 1947 (c) 1950
79. Reserve Bank of India was founded in the year of
(a) 1921 (b) 1947 (c) 1935
80. Flower commission was associated with

(a) Industry (b) Currency (c) Railway

81. The system of administration called 'Dyarchy' was introduced in British India for the first time by?

(a) Government of India Act of 1935 (b) Govt of India Act of 1919 (c) Pitts India Act

82. Which of the following acts introduced separate electorate in India?

(a) Indian Councils act of 1909 (b) Govt of India Act 1919 (c) Govt of India Act 1935

83. Reforms of Indian Councils Act of 1909 popularly Known as?

(a) Minto-Morley Reforms (b) Montegu-Chemsford Reforms (c) Pitts India Act

84. Which act in India introduced the principle of Election at the first time?

(a) Govt of India act of 1919 (b) Indian Councils act of 1892 (c) Indian Councils act of 1909

85. Queen Victoria Proclamation was read by Lord Canning at?

(a) Alahabad Durbar (b) Delhi Durbar (c) Calcutta Durbar

86. Lala Lajpat Rai died by the injuries caused by lathi charge while protesting against the arrival of

(a) Hunter Commission (b) Simon Commission (c) Cabinet Mission

87 In which year Cripps Mission was appointed?

(a) 1919 (b) 1942 (c) 1946

88. Who described Cripps proposal as a ' Post Dated cheque on a failing Bank' ?

(a) Muhammadali Jinnah (b) Subhash Chandra Bose (c) Mahatma Gandhi

89. The Viceroy who put forward the proposal of August offer in 1940 was?

(a) Lord Wavell (b) Lord Minto (c) Lord Linlithgow

90. The Widow Remarriage act 1856 was passed during the Governor-Generalship of whom?

(a) Lord Dalhousie (b) Lord Curzon (c) Lord Ripon

91. Who is known as the main architect of Indian Constitution?

(a) Dr Rajendra Prasad (b) Dr BR Ambedkar (c) Abdul Kalam Azad

92. Who was the first Indian to be elected to the British House of Commons?

(a) Dadabhai Navaraji (b) Rajaram Mohan Roy (c) Motilal Nehru

93. Who among the following was the first Indian to get selection in Indian Civil Service?

(a) Satyendra Natha Tagore (b) Surendranath Banerjee (c) Rash Bihari Bose

94. Wavell plan was published in on -?

(a) June 8, 1947 (b) June 4, 1945 (c) August 16, 1946

95. Direct Action Day was observed by Muslim League on-?

(a) 1939 July 10 (b) 1940 June 22 (c) 1946 August 16

96. In which Year Cabinet Mission was appointed?

(a) 1940 (b) 1942 (c) 1946

97. India's first census was taken during the viceroyship of whom?

(a) Lord Mayo (b) Lord Curzon (c) Lord Dalhousie

98. In which year first census in India took place in the year of ?

(a) 1905 (b) 1882 (c) 1871

99. Raleigh Commission was associated with ?

(a) Indian Industries (b) Indian University education (c) Indian Medical Education

100. Macaulay Minutes stressed the importance of ?

(a) English Education (b) Vernacular Language Education (c) Female Education Program

ANSWER KEY

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Q Number	Answer
1	A
2	B
3	C
4	A
5	A
6	C
7	C
8	C
9	C
10	C
11	B
12	B
13	C
14	C
15	B
16	B
17	A
18	B
19	C
20	A

21	B
22	C
23	A
24	C
25	A
26	B
27	A
28	C
29	A
30	C
31	B
32	A
33	B
34	B
35	A
36	B
37	A
38	B

39	A
40	C
41	B
42	C
43	A

44	B
45	B
46	B
47	C
48	A
49	C
50	C
51	C
52	B
53	A
54	B
55	A
56	C
57	C
58	A
59	C
60	A
61	B
62	C
63	B
64	C
65	B
66	A
67	C

68	A
69	A
70	B
71	C
72	B
73	A
74	B
75	B
76	B
77	A
78	A
79	C
80	B
81	B
82	A
83	A
84	B
85	A
86	B
87	B
88	C
89	C
90	A
91	B

92	A
93	A
94	B
95	C
96	C
97	A
98	C
99	B
100	A