

## MA Degree Examinations

### HY010101 -Perspectives on Historiography

1. Modern historiography is based on which principle?
  - a) Fundamental
  - b) Scientific
  - c) Socio-cultural
2. The New nature of History was written by?
  - a) E H Carr
  - b) Marc Bloc
  - c) Arthur Marwick
3. Name the historian who introduced Concepts, thesis, anti- thesis and synthesis?
  - a) Ranke
  - b) Spengler
  - c) Hegel
4. 'History is a science no less and no more' who said this?
  - a) J B Bury
  - b) Herder
  - c) Thomas Carlyle
5. Feudal Society and Historian's craft is the seminal works of?
  - a) Rene Descartes
  - b) Marc Bloch
  - c) Benito Croce
6. What is 'Muqqadima' in Arab historiography?
  - a) Cultural History
  - b) Universal History
  - c) Social History
7. 'Man is born free, and he is everywhere in chain' Rousseau quoted this on his which work?
  - a) Discourses
  - b) On the origin of Inequality
  - c) Social Contract
8. What is *Scienza Nouva*?

- a) Scientific History
- b) A book by Vico
- c) A journal by Ranke

9. The historian who considered objectivity as the central problem of historical reconstruction?

- a) Hegel
- b) Ranke
- c) Herder

10. Itihasa – purana was compiled in which period?

- a) Mourya
- b) Gupta and post Gupta
- c) Mughal

11. Who is considered as the founder of historical materialism?

- a) Karl Marx
- b) Federic Engles
- c) Spengler

12. Who is the author of 'The Discourse on Method'?

- a) Francis Bacon
- b) Rene Descartes
- c) Giambattista Vico

13. Who defines positivism as 'Philosophy acting in the service of natural science, as in the Middle Ages philosophy acted in the service of theology'?

- a) R G Collingwood
- b) Auguste Comte
- c) Henry Thomas Buckle

14. In which work Marx stated the theory of surplus value?

- a) Das Capital
- b) The Critique of Political Economy
- c) The communist manifesto

15. 'The Decline of the West' is written by?

- a) Arnold Toynbee
- b) Oswald Spengler
- c) Benedetto Croce

16. Who put forwarded the concept of Hegemony?

- a) Antonio Gramsci
- b) Marc Bloch
- c) R G Collingwood

17. The decline and fall of Roman Empire is the monumental work of?

- a) Edward Gibbon
- b) St. Augustine
- c) Vico

18. Who was the founder of Modern Scientific History?

- a) J B Bury
- b) Ranke
- c) Gibbon

19. The collection of memories and personal commentaries of a past incident is known as?

- a) Oral History
- b) Local History
- c) Narrative History

20. What is considered as the first historical chronicle of Kerala?

- a) Rajatarangini
- b) Mushakavamsa kavvya
- c) Harshacharita

21. Renajit Guha belongs to which school of historical thought?

- a) Imperialist
- b) Marxist
- c) Subaltern

22. In which century the philosophical approach in historiography did start?

- a) 18<sup>th</sup> Century
- b) 19<sup>th</sup> Century
- c) 20<sup>th</sup> Century

23. *Kitab-ul-Hind* is the most famous work of?

- a) Al- Biruni
- b) Ibn Batuta
- c) Ibn Khaldoun

24. Who called Herodotus as the father of History?

- a) Cicero
- b) Augustus

- c) Vico
25. Name the historian who compared science of history with science of culture?
- a) Ibn Khaldun
  - b) St. Augustine
  - c) Ranke
26. Who is considered as the father of structuralism?
- a) Lucien Febvre
  - b) Arnold Toynbee
  - c) Ferdinand de Saussure
27. Zia Ud Din Barani was the court adviser of?
- a) Ghiyasudhin Thughlaq
  - b) Firoz Sha Thughlaq
  - c) Muhammed bin Thuglaq
28. Fatwa – i- Jahandari is written in which language?
- a) Arabic
  - b) Persian
  - c) Hindi
29. History of Greco- Persian war was the work of?
- a) Thucydides
  - b) Herodotus
  - c) Livvy
30. Who is considered as the founder of anti- cartesianism?
- a) Descartes
  - b) Vico
  - c) Ranke
31. Philological criticism is the impact of?
- a) Enlightenment
  - b) Renaissance
  - c) Romanticism
32. Name the historian who is not the part of Enlightenment Historiography?
- a) Voltaire
  - b) David Hume
  - c) Rousseau

33. City of God and Confessions is the works of?
- a) St. Augustine
  - b) Auguste Comte
  - c) St. Simon
34. Which among these is not the right assessment of Positivism?
- a) A corrective to the Rankean Approach
  - b) Elimination of subjective elements
  - c) Historical knowledge and power
35. Annales School of historiography originated in?
- a) France
  - b) Germany
  - c) Italy
36. Name the Orientalist historian who tried studies on Vedas?
- a) James Mill
  - b) Max Muller
  - c) James Prinsep
37. Asiatic Society of Bengal was found in which year?
- a) 1784
  - b) 1774
  - c) 1764
38. *Shih Chi* is the work of?
- a) Confucius
  - b) Szuma Ch'ien
  - c) Szuma Kuang
39. 'History is a narrative of what civilized men have thought or done in past time' who defined this?
- a) Lord Acton
  - b) Will Durant
  - c) G.R. Elton
40. Local narratives are the product of?
- a) Postmodernism
  - b) Berlin revolution
  - c) Positivism

41. Who is considered as the founder of Indology?
- a) James Mill
  - b) James Princep
  - c) William Jones
42. The logographers are the part of which historiography?
- a) Indian historiography
  - b) Arab historiography
  - c) Greek historiography
43. Find out the historian who doesn't belong to Marxist School of thought?
- a) Irfan Habib
  - b) R C Majumdar
  - c) Sumit Sarkar
44. Who is the author of Urban Decay in India?
- a) Romila Thapar
  - b) R S Sharma
  - c) Bipan Chandra
45. Lucien Febvre and Marc Bloch represents which school of historical thought?
- a) Cambridge
  - b) Annals
  - c) Postmodern
46. The materialistic interpretation of History is known as?
- a) Marxist historiography
  - b) Annals school of thought
  - c) Imperialist historiography
47. The Romantic – Idealist historical movement was started with?
- a) Hegel
  - b) Rousseau
  - c) Herder
48. Who quoted *Cogito ergo sum*?
- a) Ranke
  - b) Descartes
  - c) Vico
49. Christian Historiography is associated with which age?

- a) Ancient
- b) Medieval
- c) Modern

50. The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism is the work of?

- a) Bipan Chandra
- b) R C Dutt
- c) R P Dutt

51. Geo structural history is associated with?

- a) Marc Bloch
- b) Lucien Febvre
- c) Fernand Braudel

52.

- a) Micro History
- b) Macro History
- c) Local History

53. Dipavamsa and Maha vamsa are part of?

- a) Jain tradition
- b) Buddhist tradition
- c) Itihasa - purana tradition

54. Which among these is not comes under Tamil epics of Sangam literature?

- a) Silappadikaram
- b) Sivaga Sindamani
- c) Tolkappiyam

55. 'Meta History' is the book of which Postmodern Historian?

- a) Michel Foucault
- b) Hayden White
- c) Ankersmith

56. The concept of contrasting memory and History is associated with?

- a) Keith Jenkins
- b) Pierre Nora
- c) Robert Mandrou

57. Name the British Historian who believed in the idea of 'History from below'?

- a) E P Thompson
- b) Paul Ricoeur

c) Lynn Hunt

58. 'Historiography in the Modern World: Western and Indian Perspectives' is the book of?

- a) Sabyasachi Bhattacharya
- b) Romila Thapar
- c) Shashi Bhushan Upadhyay

59. Jain literature / Jain Agamas are written in?

- a) Pali
- b) Ardhamagadhi
- c) Sankrit

60. Economic determinism and Dialectical Motion of Society are the concept of?

- a) Imperialist Historiography
- b) Annals School
- c) Marxist School

61. Archaeology of Knowledge is written by?

- a) Michel Foucault
- b) Arnold Toynbee
- c) Ferdinand de Saussure

62. Name the work which narrates the story of Buddha's birth and previous life?

- a) Buddhavamsa
- b) Vinayapitaka
- c) Jatakas

63. Recorded interviews between a narrator with personal experience of historically significant events and a well-informed interviewer are known as?

- a) Oral history
- b) Local History
- c) Narrative History

64. Name the genre of history that focuses on small units of research, such as an event, community, individual or a settlement?

- a) Micro History
- b) Macro History
- c) Social History

65. History of mentalities is closely associated with?

- a) Annales School
- b) Marxist School

- c) Postmodern school
66. Historiography under Sultanate is written in which language?
- a) Urdu
  - b) Persian
  - c) Arabic
67. Georg Wilhelm Friedrich Hegel is the Historian from which country?
- a) Germany
  - b) Italy
  - c) France
68. ' Interpretation of myths is necessary in order to study early cultures' who stated this?
- a) R S Sharma
  - b) D D Kosambi
  - c) Romila Thapar
69. Ballads and epics are examples of?
- a) Quasi History
  - b) Local History
  - c) Social History
70. Name the historian who translated *Rajatarangini* into Persian?
- a) Zain-ul-Abidin
  - b) Al- Biruni
  - c) Ibn Batuta

Answer key: Perspectives on Historiography

- 1. b
- 2. c
- 3. c
- 4. a
- 5. b
- 6. b
- 7. c

8. b

9. b

10. b

11. a

12. b

13. a

14. a

15. b

16. a

17. a

18. b

19. a

20. b

21. c

22. b

23. a

24. a

25. a

26. c

27. c

28. b

29. b

30. b

31. b

32. c

33. a

34. c

35. a

36. b

37. a

38. b

39. b

40. a

41. a

42. c

43. b

44. b

45. b

46. a

47. c

48. b

49. b

50. a

51. c

52. a

53. b

54. c

55. b

56. b

57. a

58. c

59. b

60. c

61. a

62. c

63. a

64. a

65. a

66. b

67. a

68. b

69. a

70. a