

**MCQ**  
**SEMESTER 1**  
**EN010102**

**Literatures of the Renaissance**

1. Who used the term “cultural materialism” for the first time?
  - a. Raymond Williams
  - b. Jonathan Dollimore
  - c. Alan Sinfield

Ans: a) Raymond Williams

2. Which writer applied the term ‘cultural poetics’ to his own critical contribution to make literature and arts as part of social practices?
  - a. Stephen Greenblatt
  - b. Jonathan Dollimore
  - c. Raymond Williams

Ans: a) Stephen Greenblatt

3. Jonathan Dollimore and Alan Sinfield, the British cultural materialists jointly wrote the book Political Shakespeare(1985). Its subtitle is \_\_\_\_
  - a. New essays in cultural materialism
  - b. Essays in cultural materialism
  - c. Cultural materialism : a reader

Ans: a) New essays in cultural materialism

4. Who according to Greenblatt practiced self-fashioning during Renaissance?
  - a. Upper class
  - b. Sailors
  - c. Soldiers

Ans: a) Upper class

5. What according to Greenblatt is the ideological traits portraying masculinity during Renaissance age?
  - a. Beauty
  - b. Virtue and modesty.
  - c. Authority and power

Ans: c) Authority and power

6. Stephen Greenblatt belonged to the school
  - a. Structuralism
  - b. Cultural materialism
  - c. New historicism

Ans: c) New historicism

7. Identify the two aspects of Renaissance power that Greenbalt mentions in his essay.
- Spenser's Arthur and Marlowe's Tamburlaine
  - Shakespeare's Hamlet and Marlowe's Doctor Faustus
  - None of the above

Ans: a) Spenser's Arthur and Marlowe's Tamburlaine

8. The Wheel of Fire was published in the year
- 1930
  - 1945
  - 1950

Ans: a) 1930

9. Jonathan Dollimore and Alan Sinfield describes cultural materialism in their work
- Political Shakespeare
  - Shakespearean metaphysics
  - Improvisation of power

Ans: a) Political Shakespeare

10. Political Shakespeare was published in
- 1985
  - 1989
  - 1992

Ans: a) 1985

11. What does Hamlet call Polonius?
- father-in-law
  - dear man
  - a fishmonger

Ans : c) a fishmonger

12. In form, Hamlet is above all what sort of play?
- Comedy
  - punch and judy show
  - revenge play

Ans: c) Revenge play

13. Who saves Hamlet's life?
- Old Hamlet
  - Polonius
  - pirates

Ans: c) Pirates

14. Young Fortinbras says he is invading
- Poland
  - Denmark
  - England

Ans: a) Poland

15. The health of a state seems related to
- the moral state of the leader
  - the physical state of its people
  - the moral state of its people

Ans: a) The moral state of the leader

16. There are images throughout the play Hamlet relating to
- neck
  - ears
  - nose

Ans: b) ears

17. Who survives the play Hamlet?
- Laertes and Polonius and Ophelia
  - Horatio
  - Claudius and Gertrude

Ans: b) Horatio

18. When the play Hamlet begins, the castle is celebrating
- King Claudius and Queen Gertrude's marriage
  - Laertes' return
  - Hamlet's return

Ans: a) King Claudius and Queen Gertrude's marriage

19. Where does the ghost say he wanders?
- Heaven
  - Hell
  - Purgatory

Ans: c) Purgatory

20. How does Ophelia die?
- drowning
  - fencing
  - hanging

Ans: a) drowning

21. Where does Hamlet say Ophelia should go?
- a castle
  - a nunnery
  - Russia

Ans: b) A nunnery

22. What religion did Denmark followed at the time of writing Hamlet?
- High Anglican

- b. Protestant
- c. Catholic

Ans: b) Protestant

23. Where does Hamlet go to university?

- a. France
- b. Germany
- c. England

Ans: c) England

24. Why are Rosencrantz and Guildenstern in Denmark?

- a. to bring Hamlet back to England
- b. to cheer up Hamlet
- c. to find out why Hamlet is acting mad

Ans: c) to find out why Hamlet is acting mad

25. Who has Hamlet professed love for?

- a. Gertrude
- b. Ophelia
- c. Guildenstern

Ans: b) Ophelia

26. Hamlet claims to be afflicted by

- a. schizophrenia
- b. dyslexia
- c. melancholy

Ans: c) melancholy

27. In his first appearance onstage, Hamlet is wearing

- a. mourning clothes
- b. a jester's costume
- c. the crown

Ans: a) mourning clothes.

28. The ghost claims he is

- a. Old Hamlet
- b. Old Fortinbras
- c. the King of Norway

Ans: a) Old Hamlet

29. In Shakespeare's 'Sonnet 18', what does the poet compare his beloved to?

- a. A summer's day
- b. A winter's day
- c. A spring day

Ans: a) A summer's day

30. In the second quatrain of 'Sonnet 73', which image does the poet bring in as a metaphor for growing old?
- Moon
  - Sunset
  - Drooping flowers

Ans: b) Sunset

31. What is the rhyme scheme of a Shakespearean sonnet?
- Abba cddc effc gg
  - Abab bcbc cdc d ee
  - Abab cdcd efef gg

Ans: c) abab cdcd efef gg

32. In which year was Prothalamion published?
- 1564
  - 1654
  - 1596

Ans: c) 1596

33. What does Prothalamion celebrate?
- Engagement
  - Friendship
  - Eternity

Ans: a) engagement

34. Which literary movement does Donne belong to?
- Pre-raphaelites
  - Metaphysical
  - Modernism

Ans: b) Metaphysical

35. The Canonization reveals Donne's \_\_\_\_.
- Cynical love
  - Conjugal love
  - Platonic love

Ans: c) Platonic love

36. Who is The Canonization addressed to?

- a. The poet's beloved
- b. One of the poet's friends
- c. Phoenix

Ans: b) One of the poet's friends

37. Which, according to Marvel, is a fine and private place?

- a. His house
- b. Palace
- c. Grave

Ans: c) grave

38. Bacon suggests that if a man's wit be wandering let him study \_\_\_\_.

- a. Mathematics
- b. Philosophy
- c. History

Ans: a) Mathematics

39. To spend too much time in studies, according to Bacon, is \_\_\_\_.

- a. Affection
- b. Sloth
- c. Wrong

Ans: b) sloth

40. Bacon says that philosophy makes a man \_\_\_\_.

- a. Subtle
- b. Grave
- c. Witty

Ans: b) grave

41. How many categories of books are there, according to Bacon?

- a. Two
- b. Three
- c. Four

Ans: b) three

42. What is the rhyme scheme of a Spenserian sonnet?

- a. Abab cdcd efef gg
- b. Abba cddc effe gg
- c. Abab bcbc cdcd ee

Ans: c) abab bcbc cdcd ee

43. Which river witnesses the celebration in Prothalamion?

- a. Nile
- b. Thames
- c. Hades

Ans: b) Thames

44. What does the phrase 'eternal summer' in Shakespeare's 'Sonnet 18' suggest?

- a. Youthfulness of the poet's friend
- b. Death of the poet's friend
- c. Death of the poet

Ans: a) Youthfulness of the poet's friend

45. What is referred to as "death's second self"?

- a. Numbness
- b. Winter
- c. Sleep

Ans: c) sleep

46. Donne addresses the lovers as \_\_\_\_.

- a. Saints
- b. Seers
- c. Priests

Ans: a) Saints

47. According to Donne, the soul of the lovers dwelt in \_\_\_\_.

- a. Prison
- b. Home
- c. The body of the other

Ans: c) the body of the other

48. In which edition of Bacon's essays was Of Marriage and Single Life first published?

- a. First
- b. Second
- c. Third

Ans: b) second

49. In which century, did Marlowe live?

- a. 16
- b. 17
- c. 14

Ans- a) 16

50. Marlowe was a contemporary to

- a. Milton
- b. Shakespeare
- c. Webster

Ans-b) Shakespeare

51. Dr. Faustus is a scholar from-----

- a. Germany
- b. Italy
- c. France

Ans: a) Germany

52. In “negotiations,” Faustus asks the devil for

- a. An army of the undead
- b. Money
- c. 24 years more of life and power

Ans: c) 24 years more of life and power

53. BFaustus, in exchange for his demands, must give up

- a. His heritage
- b. his soul
- c. his wife

Ans: b) his soul

54. Faustus must sign the contract with the devil with

- a. An unbaptized baby’s blood
- b. his own blood
- c. black octopus ink

Ans: b) his own blood

55. The name Marlowe uses for the ruler of hell and the devils is

- a. Belzebub
- b. Mephostophilis
- c. Lucifer

Ans: c) Lucifer

56. What did Bel-Imperia give to both her lovers (Horatio and Andrea)?

- a. Bracelet
- b. knife
- c. scarf

Ans: c)Scarf

57. Which tragedian from antiquity did Kyd use as his model?

Ans: b) Seneca

58. Which theme drives Kyd’s Spanish Tragedy?

- a. Revenge
- b. love



c. marginalization

Ans: a) Revenge

59. What does Hieronimo create for entertainment at the wedding of Bel-Imperia and Balthazar?

- a. A tragedy
- b. an epic poem
- c. a sculpture

Ans: a) A Tragedy

60. Which character betrays Alexandro in The Spanish Tragedy?

- a. The King
- b. Villuppo
- c. The Viceroy

Ans: b) Villuppo

61. Which character is the first to appear in the play The Spanish Tragedy?

- a. Hieronimo
- b. Horatio
- c. Ghost of Andrea

Ans: c) Ghost of Andrea

62. What drives Bel-Imperia's actions throughout the play?

- a. Lust
- b. Revenge
- c. Greed

Ans: b) Revenge

63. BAnanias and Tribulation are members of which religious order?

- a. Buddhism
- b. Christianity
- c. Anabaptism

Ans: c) Anabaptism

64. Where is the play The Alchemist set?

- a. Manchester
- b. Hackney
- c. Blackfriars

Ans: c) Blackfriars

65. Alchemy is the practice of turning base metal into what?

- a. Gold
- b. Silver
- c. Copper

Ans: a) Gold

66. What is Mammon's first name?

- a. Petrinax
- b. Petrinat
- c. Epicure

Ans: c) Epicure

67. Who is called the most skillful full technician of Elizabethan playwrights?

- a. Ben Jonson
- b. Shakespeare
- c. Thomas Kyd

Ans: Ben Jonson

68. Who is the author of Dr Faustus?

- a. Marlowe
- b. Shakespeare
- c. Thomas Kyd

Ans: a) Marlowe

69. Bacon calls his essays----

- a. Dispersed meditation
- b. Usurped meditation
- c. Meditation

Ans: a) Dispersed meditation

70. Who called Spenser Poet's poet ?

- a. Charles Lamb
- b. Wordsworth
- c. Coleridge

Ans: a) Charles Lamb

71. Prothalamion was published in the year----

- a. 1887
- b. 1798
- c. 1596

Ans: c) 1596

72. Canonization is written by-----

- a. John Donne
- b. John Milton
- c. Shakespeare

Ans: a) John Donne

73. The river mentioned in the poem To His Coy Mistress is----

- a. Thames
- b. Ganges
- c. Nile

Ans: b) Ganges

74. How does Polonius die?

- a. He is stabbed.
- b. He is poisoned.
- c. He is hanged.

Ans: a) He is stabbed.

75. Who remained alive at the end of Hamlet?

- a. Laertes
- b. Rosencrantz.
- c. Horatio.

Ans: c) Horatio.

76. What is the first step that Claudius takes to gain the throne?

- a. He marries the Queen.
- b. He kills the King.
- c. He challenges the king to a duel.

Ans: b) He kills the King.

77. When Hamlet says to be or not to be, what is he talking about?

- a. Revenge
- b. His mother's overhasty marriage
- c. Life and death

Ans: c) Life and death.

78. Why didn't Hamlet kill Claudius at the first chance?

- a. Hamlet was in love with Ophelia.
- b. Hamlet was depressed.
- c. Claudius was repenting his sins.

Ans: c) Claudius was repenting his sins.

79. What country did the late King go to battle against?

- a. Denmark

b. Norway

c. England

Ans: b) Norway.

80. Where is the university at which Hamlet and Horatio studied?

a. Cambridge

b. Oxford

c. Wittenberg

Ans: c) Wittenberg.

81. Which of the following characters cannot see the ghost?

a. Horatio

b. Bernardo

c. Gertrude

Ans: c) Gertrude.

82. Whose skull does Hamlet discover in the churchyard?

a. Ophelia's

b. His father's

c. The former court jester's

Ans: c) The former court jester's.

83. Who is the last character to die in Hamlet?

a. Laertes

b. Claudius

c. Hamlet

Ans: c) Hamlet.

84. Who brings Hamlet home to Denmark after his exile?

a. Claudius

b. A group of traveling monks

c. A group pirates

Ans: c) A group pirates.

85. Who accompanied Hamlet on the voyage to England?

a. Marcellus and Horatio

b. Rosencrantz and Guildenstern

c. Fortinbras and Horatio

Ans: b) Rosencrantz and Guildenstern

86. Who first saw the ghost of Hamlet's father?

a. Hamlet and Horatio

b. Bernardo and Horatio

c. Marcellus and Bernardo

Ans: c) Marcellus and Bernardo

87. What is viewed as causing the fall of Denmark?

a. Moral corruption

b. The death of King Hamlet

c. Gertrude's overhasty marriage

Ans: a) Moral corruption.

88. Hamlet's famous speeches are called -----.

a. unilogues

b. dramatic irony

c. soliloquys

Ans: c) soliloquys.

89. What noise drives the ghost offstage?

a. his wife sleeping with Claudius

b. Hamlet crying

c. a cock's crow

Ans: c) a cock's crow.

90. Who has Hamlet professed love for?

a. Gertrude

b. Rosencrantz

c. Ophelia

Ans: c) Ophelia.

91. When the play begins, the castle is celebrating-----.

a. Hamlet's return

b. King Claudius and Queen Gertrude's marriage

c. Old Hamlet's defeat of Old Fortinbras

Ans: b) King Claudius and Queen Gertrude's marriage.

92. What helps show Hamlet Claudius' guilt?

a. A photograph

b. A painting

c. A play

Ans: c) A play.

93. Who poses a military threat to King Claudius at the play's beginning?

a. Fortinbras

b. Hamlet

c. Poland

Ans: a) Fortinbras.

94. Who says the following: "Madness in great ones must not unwatch'd go."?

a. Polonius

b. Claudius

c. Laertes

Ans: b) Claudius.

95. Who tells Hamlet that Laertes has challenged him to a duel?

a. Claudius

b. Horatio

c. Laertes

Ans: b) Horatio.

96. Who does Hamlet see marching across Denmark?

a. The ghost

b. Old Norway

c. Fortinbras

Ans: c) Fortinbras

97. To which country are Fortinbras' troops marching?

a. Poland

b. Norway

c. Denmark

Ans: c) Denmark

98. Hamlet says he thinks that "Denmark is a-----.

a. big garden

b. prison

c. better place than Germany

Ans: b) prison

99. How many lines does the poem Prothalamion contain?

a. 180

b. 190

c. 170

Ans: b) 180

100. What is the colour of a flock of nymphs locks near the river side meadow?

a. brown

b. Golden

c. Green

Ans: c) Green