

MAHATMA GANDHI UNIVERSITY

PRIYADARSINI HILLS, KOTTAYAM - 686 560



RESTRUCTURED CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI

FOR

UNDER GRADUATE COURSES

IN

POLITICAL SCIENCE

2006 ADMISSION ONWARDS

MAHATMA GANDHI UNIVERSITY

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IN

POLITICAL SCIENCE

2006 ADMISSION ONWARDS

MODEL I
(CONVENTIONAL)

(Main 5 Papers + 1 Elective Paper/ any one paper from the list of electives)

(Applicable from 2006-07 Admissions onwards)

Main Papers I to VI Maximum Marks 100 (Annual Examination 80 and Internal Assessment 20)

Subsidiary - Maximum 100 (Annual Examination 80+ internal assessment 20)

MAIN PAPERS

PAPER I	Indian Government and Politics
PAPER II	Political Theory
PAPER III	An Introduction to Comparative Politics
PAPER IV	International Politics,
PAPER V	Elements of Public Administration

PAPER VI ELECTIVE

Elective I	Research Methods
Elective II	State Politics in India with special reference to Kerala
Elective III	Indian Administration
Elective IV	Personnel Management & Human Resources Development
Elective V	Human Rights

MODEL I - PAPER I

((2006-07/Admission))

INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

PART I: STUDY OF INDIAN POLITY

- I. An Introduction to the study of Indian Polity. -Social Composition and sociological foundation of India Constitutional Development in India - National Movement - Govt. of India Act 1935 - Framing of the Constitution.
- II The Philosophy of the Constitution (The Preamble)
- III The Individual and the state
Fundamental Rights and Duties - Directive Principles of state Policy - Impact of 42nd and 44th Amendments - Judicial activism (PIL).
- IV. The Political Structure The Union Legislature - Functions and Powers - Committee system (Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha) - Speaker Executive: Role of President, Vice President, Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers, Civil Service - Union Public Service Commission, Judicial Structure - Functions and Powers of the Supreme Court and High Courts.
- V. Amendment of the Constitution and Judicial Review. (Case study of Golak Nath Case, Kesavananda Bharati Case, Manaka Gandhi Case - Minerva Mills Case)

PART II: ISSUES IN INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM

- I. Federalism in India - Nature of Federation - Tension Areas
- Co-operative Federalism.
Administrative Arrangements in the States and Union Territories - Role of Governors - Emergency Provisions.
- II. Centre State Relations - Administrative, Legislative, and Financial.
- III. Indian Democracy - Major Challenges; Caste and Communalism - Criminalisation of Politics. Politics of Reservation - Dalit politics, Women empowerment - Liberalisation in India- Retreat of the state - Terrorism.
- IV. Electoral process and politics. Party System - Interest and pressure groups - Coalition Politics, Election Commission.
- V. Democratic Decentralisation and Participatory Political Process. Panchayat Raj - Nagarpalika - Origin and Growth (73rd and 74rd Amendments) Functions, problems and prospects; Grama Sabha - Significance.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Siwach J. R. - Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics
2. Paul R. bass - Politics in India since Independence
3. Pylee M. V. - India's Constitution

3. Machery and Tikekar - Constitution Polity and Society
4. Philip A. T. and Rao Shivaj - Indian government and Politics
5. Johari J. C. - Indian Government and Politics.
6. N. A. Palkhivala - Our Constitution: Defaced and Defiled
7. L. M. Singhvi (ed.) - Union State Relations in India
8. K. M. Munshi - The President Under the Constitution.
9. Mukherji: The Critical Problems of the Indian Constitution
10. Francine Frankel & Others- Transforming India - Social and Political Dynamics of Democracy
11. Sudipta Kaviraj - Politics in India

MODEL I - PAPER II
POLITICAL THEORY

PART I

UNIT I

Political Science - Meaning and Scope - Definitions - old and new Politics as study of power - Liberal and Marxist view of politics.

UNIT II

Development of the discipline of Politics - Traditionalism, Behaviouralism and Post Behaviouralism.

UNIT III

Political Activity and Political process; Political culture; Political socialisation; Political Development.

UNIT IV

State and its historical development - State and Society; state and Nation; State and Government - Pluralism - Harold Laski and Robert Dahl.

UNIT V

Theories of state and politics:- Plato, Aristotle; Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau; Marx, Lenin, Gandhi and Chomsky.

PART II**UNIT I**

Political System - Meaning and Functions - Structural Functionalism - Input output - Feedback Analysis; Power and Authority; Interest Groups and Pressure Groups; Political Parties.

UNIT II

Multi functionality of political structures

Rule Making, Rule Application ; Rule Adjudication - Functions.

UNIT III

Globalisation - Meaning and Scope; Liberalisation and Retreat of the State Technological Developments and political process; (TV, Computer etc.), Marginalisation.

UNIT IV

Human Rights - Meaning and Scope; Environmental-protection; Sustainable Development.

UNIT V

Democracy and Elections - Election studies and voting Behaviour; Criminalisation of politics; Corruption, Communalism and Ethnicity

BOOKS FOR STUDY

1. J.C. Johari, Principles of Political Science
2. S. P. Varma, Modern Political Theory

3. Robert Dahl - Modern Political Analysis
4. Joel S Migdal - State in Society
5. Martin Harrop and William L. Miller - Elections and Voters:
A Comparative Introduction
6. G. Almond and B. Powell - Comparative Politics
7. Peter Harris - Foundations of Political Science
8. Amalkumar Mukhopadhyay - Political Sociology
9. Alan R Ball - Modern politics and Government.
10. Mac Iver - The Modern state
11. O. P. Gauba- Introduction to Political Theory.

MODEL I - PAPER III
COMPARATIVE POLITICS

PART I INTRODUCTION

- Unit I Meaning, Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics - Impact of Behaviouralism; Traditional approach, Modern approach, Marxian approach.
- Unit II Features of Developing Societies - Historical, Social, Political/Economical - Democracy Vs Authoritarianism.
- Unit III Constitutions - Origin, Development of Constitutionalism - Features of a good constitution.
- Unit IV Federalism - Origin, Features and Working; USA, India, Switzerland.
- Unit V Amendment Process
Need for amendment; Methods - USA, UK, India, France

PART II ISSUES IN COMPARATIVE POLITICS

- Unit I Executive - Appointment, Functions, Types - Parliamentary (U.K.), Presidential (USA, France) Plural (Switzerland)
- Unit II Legislature - Organisation, Functions; Real Vs Truncated Legislatures
- Unit III Judiciary - Court Systems, Legal Systems - USA, UK, India, China.

Unit IV Party System and Elections

USA, UK - Stable Democracies

India, France - Coalition Democracies

China - Socialist System

Unit V Research Methods and Policy Science - What is research? Pure and Applied research - Research design - Hypothesis - Objectives - Techniques of Study

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Chilcotte - Theories of Comparative Politics.
2. Almond and Powell - Comparative Politics - Today.
3. Johari J. C. - Comparative Politics
4. Deol - Comparative Govt. and Politics
5. Almond and Coleman - Politics of Developing Areas.
6. Susheela Aggarwal - Third World
7. Hermassi - The Third World Reassessed
8. Narang - Indian Government and Politics
9. Daniel Elzar - The Price of Federalism
10. Karl J. Fredrich - Constitutional Democracy
11. Harihar Das - Comparative Politics

MODEL I - PAPER IV**INTERNATIONAL POLITICS****PART I INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL SYSTEM**

- Unit I International Politics - Definition - Nature and Scope- Approaches Idealism, Realism - Major Theories: Realist theory, Communications theory, Decision Making theory, Game theory, Equilibrium theory, Systems theory.
- Unit II Nation State System - Evolution - Features Global Political Models - Bipolarism, Multi polarism - Unipolarism.
- Unit III Regulation of Interstate Behaviour - Balance of Power; Collective Security, International Law.
- Unit IV International Organisations-Historical background - UN - Aims, Structure and Functions - Reform.
- Unit V Regionalism - Definition, Regionalism and the UN Charter, ASEAN, SAARC and EU

PART II FOREIGN POLICY DYNAMICS

- Unit I Foreign Policy - Formulation, Process, Objectives
- Unit II Diplomacy - Meaning, Old and New, Types of Diplomacy, Functions of Diplomats.

Unit III Foreign Policies - USA; India

Unit IV Globalisation - Meaning and Implications - Economic globalisation - Marginalisation and Global violence - Ethnicity and Terrorism, Paris Riots 2005 - Role of NGOs

Unit V International Political Economy - What is IPE? Economic Liberalism Vs Marxism - Developed Vs Underdeveloped World (G 7 - G.77) Trade and its promotion - GATT and WTO - Environmentalism, Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Hans Morganthau - Politics among Nations
2. Peter Calvacarosi - World Politics Since 1945
3. Palmer and Perkins - International Relations
4. C. J. Bartlet - The Global Conflict
5. J. C. Johari - International Relations and Politics
6. Mahendrakumar - Theoretical Aspects of International Politics
7. Charles P. Schleicher - International Relations; Cooperation and Conflict.
8. Joseph Frankel - International Relations in A Changing World

9. Coloumbis Wolfe - Inrtoduction to International Relations; Power and Justice
10. J. W. Burton - International Relations; A General Theory
11. C. P. Bhambri - Foreign Policy of India
12. V. P. Dutt - India's Foreign Policy
13. W. Friedmann - An Introduction to World Politics
14. Robbert Jackson
George Sorensen - Introduction to International Relations

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MODEL I - PAPER V**ELEMENTS OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION****PART I PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

- Unit I Public Administration - Evolution, Meaning Nature and Scope Role of Public Administration in modern society; Politics - Administration Dichotomy.
- Unit II Theories of Organisation - Classical Theory, Scientific Management Theory, Human Relations Theory; Bases of Organisation; Bureaucracy - Origin, Features.
- Unit III Principles of Administration - Hierarchy, Unity of command, Span of Control, Coordination, Delegation, communication.
- Unit IV Structure of Organisation - Chief Executive, Functions - Line, Staff and Auxiliary agencies - Departments, Corporations, Independent Regulatory Commissions
- Unit V Management - Conceptual analysis - leadership - Decision making Policy formulation and Implementation, Public Relations.

PART II PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

- Unit I Personnel Administration - Recruitment, Training, Promotion, Discipline and Morale, Corruption - Ombudsman.
- Unit II Financial Administration - Budget - Concept, Principles

of Budget making - formulation and execution - Types of Budget - Importance of Audit.

Unit III Control over Administration - Executive, legislative and Judicial Administrative Reforms in India.

Unit IV Citizen's participation in Administration - Need for Participation - Forms of participation (Formal & Informal) - Peoples planning, Right to Information Act, 2005, E-Governance.

Unit V Environmental Protection - Constitutional provisions (Act 48 A and Act 51 A(g))

Environmental problems related to development in India; Case study - Narmada Issue (NBA), Silent Valley, Plachimada.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. B. Jain - Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration, Vishal Publishers, Delhi
2. L. D. White - Introduction to the study of Public Administration, Mac-Millan, New York
3. A. R. Thyagi - Principles and Practices of Public Administration. Atmaram and Co., New Delhi.
4. M. P. Sharma - Public Administration in theory and Practice, Kitab Mahal.

5. Rukmi Basu - Public Administration, Concepts and Theories - Sterling Publishers.
6. V. N. Viswanathan - Comparative Public Administration, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi
7. M. P. Sharma - Public Administration in Theory
B. L. Sadana - Practice (Kitab Mahal, Allahabad)
8. S. L. Goel - Public Administration (Sterling Publishers, New Delhi)
9. Mohit Bhattacharya - Public Administration (The World Press, Calcutta)
10. Felix A. Nigro - Modern Public Administration
11. R. K. Saprú - Development Administration
12. Padma Ramachandran - Public Administration in India.

MODEL I - PAPER VI
POLITICAL SCIENCE - ELECTIVE I
RESEARCH METHODS

PART I

1. The Nature of Scientific Method - The importance of social research.
2. Research Design - Selection of topic - selection of units of analysis Variables - relationships - Operationalising of Concepts - Formulation of Hypothesis.
3. Types of Research Design - Exploratory - Descriptive - Diagnostic and Experimental.
4. Sampling - Probability types - Simple Random - Stratified - Systematic Cluster - Non-Probability types - Purposive and Quota.
5. Main Tools of Data Collection - Observation - Interview - Schedule Mailed questionnaire.

PART II

6. Analysis of Data and their Presentation - Meaning - Elementary Analysis of Data - Coding and Tabulation.
7. Statistical analysis of data - Measures of central tendency and dispersion.
8. Testing of the hypothesis -correlation - Analysis of Variance - Simple Regression.

9. Presentation of the finding -. Statistical tables - Diagrams etc. Referencing - Preparation of the Report and Bibliography.
10. Use of Computers in Data Analysis - Lotus 1, 2, 3

READING LIST

1. Johan Galtung - Theory and Methods of Social Research
2. Goode and Hatt - Methods of Social Research
3. Moser and Kalton - Survey Methods in Social Investigation
4. D. J. Champion - Basic Statistics for Social Research
5. Pauline V. Young - Scientific Social Surveys and Research

MODEL I**ELECTIVE II****STATE POLITICS IN INDIA WITH SPECIAL
REFERENCE TO KERALA****PART I**

- Unit I Understanding State Politics - Ideology, Social Base, Political Formations, Aikya Kerala Movement, Factionalism, Defection etc.
- Unit II Socio Economic and Historic specificity of Kerala Politics - A brief History of State Caste, Class and Communal Divisions, Decline of Feudalism, Missionary Activities, Social Reform Movements.
- Unit III Enlightened Administration in Travancore (Sri Mulam Tirunal to Sri Chitra Tirunal Balarama Varma)
Democratic Transformation - National Movement - Major Political Developments - Formation of State of Kerala (1956).
- Unit IV Election of a new government - Communist Ministry - Vimochana Samaram - coalition Governments, Land Reforms - Importance of Regional Parties.
- Unit V Governmental set up
Legislature, Executive, Judiciary, Civil Service, Ombudsman - Lok Ayukta - State Human Rights Commission.

PART II

- Unit I Interest Groups and Pressure Groups.
(Communal, Occupational - Trade Union, Peasant and Service Organisations; Student and Youth Organisations)
- Unit II Party System in Kerala - Features; A Survey of Assembly Elections.
- Unit III. Democratic Decentralisation.
(Origin and Growth of PRIs, Powers and Functions, Peoples Planning, Problems and Prospects).
- Unit IV Kerala's Developmental Crisis; Reasons - Political, Economic, Social; Kerala Model of Development - Merits and Demerits.
- Unit V Recent Issues in Kerala Politics
- a) Empowerment of Women and Tribals.
 - b) Environmental Protection - Silent Valley
 - c) Dalit Politics

SELECT READING

1. Gopalan, A. K. (1959), "Kerala: Past and Present", London: Lawrence and vishart.
2. Kothari, Rajani (1959), "Kerala: A Report to the Nation", New Delhi, Peoples Publishing House.

3. Weiner, Myron (1968), "State Politics in India", New Jersey: New Jersey: Princeton Univ.
4. Moorthy, K. G. K. & G. lakshman Rao (199) "Political Preferences in Kerala", Delhi: Radhakrishna Prakashan.
6. Fic, Vactor M. (I 970), "Kerala: Yenan of India - Rise of Communist Power (1937-1969), Bombay, Natchiketa.
7. Oomen, M. A. (1971) "Land Reforms and Socio-Economic Change in Kerala", Bangalore: The Christian Institute for the Study of Religion and Society".
8. Mammen P.M. (1981) "Communism Vs. Communalism (A Study of Socio-religious communities and Political Parties in Kerala 1892 - 1970", Calcutta: Min Association.
9. Chander, N. Jose (1981), "Legislative Process in Kerala", Trivandrum, Kerala Academy of Political Science.
10. Gopakumar G. (1984) "Congress Party and State Politics", New Delhi, Deep & Deep.
11. Thomas E. J. (1985) "Coalition Govt. Politics in Kerala" New Delhi, Intellectual Publishing House.
12. Gopakumar G. (1986) "Regional Political Parties and State Politics, New Delhi: Deep & Deep.
13. Namboodiripad, EMS (1986), "Kerala Society and Politics: An Historial Survey", NBC.
14. Nair A. Balakrishnan (1994), "Govt & Politics of Kerala", Trivandrum: India Publication.

15. Sathya Murthy T. V. (1994) "India Since Independence: Studies in the Development of the Power of the State Vol. I Centre - State Relation: The case of Kerala".
16. Robin Jeffrey — Politics, Women and Well Being: How Kerala became a Model (Oxford University Press, 2001)
17. A. Sreedhara Menon - Political History of Modern Kerala (S. Viswanathan Pvt. Ltd., 1987)
18. Cherian Philip - Kal Nootandu (M), NBS, Kottayam, 1984.

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MODEL I**ELECTIVE III****INDIAN ADMINISTRATION****PART I**

Unit I Evolution of Indian Administration Kautilya, Mughal Period, British Period, Present Constitutional Set up.

Unit II Structure of Central Administration

Central Secretariat, Cabinet Secretariat, Ministries & Departments

Unit III Public Services All India Services, Central Services, State Services, Local Services, Union & State Public Service Commissions.

Unit IV Machinery for Planning, Plan formulation at the National Level, N.D.C., Planning Commission, Planning Machinery at the State and District Levels.

Unit V Control of Public Expenditure Parliamentary Control, Role of the Finance Ministry; Comptroller and Auditor General

PART II

Unit I Administration of Law and Order, Role of Central and State Agencies in Maintenance of Law and Order.

Unit II State Administration

State Secretariat, Chief Secretary, Directorates

Unit III District and Local Administration

Urban and Local Governments - Constitutional Position.

District, Block and Grama Panchayats, People Participation in Administration, District Administration, District Collector.

Unit IV Administration for Welfare

Welfare of Weaker sections - Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes.

Programmes for the Welfare of Women.

Unit V Issue Areas in Indian Administration

People's Participation in administration Administrative Delay.

Modernisation of administration - corruption - Lokpal LokAyuktha - Right to Information Act 2005.

REFERENCE

1. M. P. Sharma - Public Administration In Theory and Practice (Kithab Mahal, Allahabad)
2. Avasthi Avasthi - Indian Administration (Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra)
3. Vidya Bhushan & Vishnu Bhagwan - Indian Administration (S. Chand & Co. New Delhi)
4. Ramesh K. Arora & Rafani Goel - Indian Public Administration (Wishwa Prakashan, New Delhi)

MODEL I**ELECTIVE IV****PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT & HUMAN RESOURCES
DEVELOPMENT****PART I**

- Unit I Definition, Scope and Nature of Personnel Management.
Changing concepts of Personnel Management.
Personnel Management of Human Relations.
- Unit II Functions of Personnel Management staff functions.
Personnel Administrator - His status and qualification.
Leadership - Qualities of Leadership.
- Unit III Recruitment and Personnel Source and Recruitment
Selection Process - Placement - Follow up.
- Unit IV Communication and Suggestion systems. Objectives
of Communication. Responsibility for the Organisation
and Communications.
- Unit V Problems and Personnel Management, Industrial
Psychology, Significance of Individual differences,
Individual adjustment, Economic Factors - Proficiency
and Competency - Job Satisfaction.

PART II

- Unit I Importance of Human Resources Management.
Changing Environment and Work Ethics. Human

- Resource Management Departments and their Tasks.
- Unit II Development Training Techniques and H.R.D. Types and Techniques and Training Career Planning and Development. Appraising Employee Performance.
- Unit III Compensation Policy
Pay and Benefits. Promotion and Transfer of Employees. Service Conditions. Protection and safeguards of Civil Servants.
- Unit IV Motivation - Theories of Motivation. Organisational Conflicts Employee Participation Prestige and Morale. Measurement and Improvement of Morale.
- Unit V Information Society and New Challenges - Computerisation; Crisis Management and Administration.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE

1. Wayne F. Cascio - Managing Human Resources, Mc. Graw Hill, 1986.
2. S. K. Bhatia - Principles & Techniques of Personnel Management Deep & deep Publications 1986
3. P. Subha Rao & V. S. P. Rao - Personnel Human Resources Management Konark Publishers 1990.
4. Terry L. Leep & Michael D. Crino. Personnel Human Resource Management, marwell Macmillan 1990.

5. Edwin B. Filippo - Personnel Management Mc graw Hill, International Student Edition, 1980.
6. P. B. Bhargana - Issues in Personel Management - Print well Publishers Jaipur, 1990.
7. Watkins Gordon & D. Co. - The Management and Personnel and labour Relation New York, Mc. Graw Hill Book Co. - 1950.
8. Yorden Dale - Personnel Management and Industrial Relations. N. J. Prentice Hall, Eagle Wood. Cliffs.
9. Jain jamswer Das - Industrial and Labour Legislation in India
10. Morries & Vitles - Industrial Psychology.
11. Milton E. Blum - Industrial Psychology and its Social Foundations.
12. John Pulparampil - Bharana Navekaranam, Oru Management.Sameepanam. (Mal) IMG, Trivandrum - 1993.
13. Erach Bharucha - Text Book of Environment Studies - Universities Press.

MODEL I
ELECTIVE V
HUMAN RIGHTS

PART A

- UNIT I** Origin and Development of Human Rights. Vedic Concept of Human Rights. First written document in Human Rights - Magna Carta. Principles of Human Rights embodied in the U.S. constitution, Incorporation of Human Rights in League of Nations. U. N. Charter - Relevant Provisions.
- Unit II** Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948. Concept of University - various approaches. Liberal. Marxian and third World Approaches. The place of the Individual in International Laws.
- Unit III** Various International Legislations. Brief account of the various Conventions sponsored by the U. N. International Covenants - The covenant the Civil and Political, Rights - The Covenant on Economic Social and Cultural Rights.
- Unit IV** European, African and American Conventions.
- Unit V** The Commission on Human Rights of the Economic and Social Council.

PART II

- Unit I** Human Rights Situation in India

Human Rights Concept and the Indian Constitution. Incorporation of Human Rights in the Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy.

- Unit II Human Rights Protection Act - 1993. Purposes and Definitions. National Human Rights Commission, Constitution, Powers and Functions.
- Unit III State Human Rights Commission. Human Rights Courts.
- Unit IV Role of Public Interest Litigation and Judicial Activism in Protecting Human Rights. Human rights and Social Groups. (Dalits, OBCs, Tribes, Minorities, Women & Children) Like PUCL/ Role of NGOs.
- Unit V Human Rights violations, Social justice and Right to Information Act, 2005.

REFERENCES

1. Ian Browllie - Basic Documents on Human Rights - Third Edition.
2. Durga Das Basu - Human Rights in Constitutional Law.
3. Samuel P. Huntington - The clash of Civilisations and the Remaking of World Order.
4. Mool Chand Sharma - Justice P. N. Bhagwati, Court, constitution and Human Rights.
5. Dr. S. Subramanian - Human Rights - International Challenges Manas Pub. New Delhi.
6. Prof. R. P. Remanan - Manushyaavakasangel Published by Current Books, Kottayam

**SYLLABUS FOR B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (SUB)
MODEL I**

(Effective from 2006-07 admission)

- Unit I : What is politics? Meaning, Nature and Scope
Definition - Old and New; Politics as study of power
- Unit II : Major approaches to the study of Political Science
- Traditional, Behavioural, Post Behavioural and
Marxist approaches.
- Unit III : State and its changing nature - Future of the Nation
states (Ethnicity and Terrorism)
- Unit IV : Political Pluralism - Contributions of Laski and
Robert Dahl.
- Unit V : Political Ideologies - Marxism, Gandhism, Neo -
Liberalism, Future of Democracy.
- Unit VI : Political system - Meaning, Definition, Properties,
Contributions of Almond and Easton.
- Unit VII : Constitutions - Its classifications.
a) Written and Unwritten.
b) Rigid and Flexible
c) Unitary and Federal
d) Parliamentary and Presidential.
- Unit VIII : Indian Constitution - its salient features,
Philosophy, Citizenship, Panchayat Raj Institutions
(PRIs)
- Unit IX : Party system - Theories of Representation. Election
Commission in India, Election Reforms; Issues in
Indian Politics Communalism, Casteism,
Feminism.
- Unit X : Interest Groups and Pressure Groups Distinctions,
types and functions; Identity Politics in India -

Religion, Language, Dalits and Tribals.

- Unit XI : A Survey of Rule Making, Rule Application and Rule Adjudication functions.
- Unit XII : Rule of Law, Administrative Law and Delegated Legislation, Administrative Adjudication, Political Executive Vs Permanent Executive.
Role of Civil Service in the Modern State
- Unit XIII : Role of UNO in the changing world - Need for Reform.
- Unit XIV : Human Rights - Conceptual Analysis - Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Environmental hazards; Case study - Bhopal Gas Tragedy; Sustainable Development and Energy Conservation.

READING LIST

1. C. F. Strong: Modern Political Constitutions
2. K. C. - Wheare: Modern Constitutions
3. Durga Das Basu: Constitutional Law of India
4. M. V. Pylee: Constitutional Government in India : Indias' Constitution.
5. Subhash C. Kashyap: Our Constitution. (ed.) Reforming the Constitution.
6. A. Appadorai - A Substance of Politics
7. Paul R. Brass - Politics in India Since Independence
8. J. C. Johari - Indian Government and Politics.
9. Sudipta Kaviraj - Politics in India
10. S. P. Varma - Modern Political Theory
11. Robert Dahl - Modern Political Analysis
12. Dr. S. Subramaniam - Human Rights - International Challenges.