# MAHATMA GANDHI UNIVERSITY

PRIYADARSHINI HILLS KOTTAYAM - 686 560





RESTRUCTURED CURRICULUM
AND SYLLABI

**FOR** 

**UNDER GRADUATE COURSES** 

IN



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# UNDER GRADUATE COURSE IN ISLAMIC HISTORY MAHATMA GANDHI UNIVERSITY, KOTTAYAM - 686 560

#### **Core Committee:**

#### Convener:

Prof P.A. IBRAHIM KUTTY
Head of the Post Graduate
Department of Islamic History
Maharaja's College, Ernakulam Kochi - 682 011.

#### Members:

Shri. V. M. ALIKUNJI Dept. of Islamic History Maharajas College Ernakulam, Kochi - 11 Shri. P.K. ABDUL HAMEED Dept. of Islamic History Al Ameen College Edathala, Alwaye.

# Experts:

Prof. ABDUL HAQ THALAKKAL Head of the Dept. of Islamic History Farook College, Farook. Prof. MOHAMMED POOZHIKUTH Head of the Dept. of Islamic History Govt. College, Malappuram

Shri. V.A. IBRAHIM Dept. of Islamic History Maharajas College, Ernakulam, Kochi - 11 Shri. M. ABDUL SAMAD Dept. of Islamic History University College Thiruvananthapuram.

Shri. I.K. JAYADEV Dept. of Islamic History Maharajas College Ernakulam, Kochi - 11.

# REPORT OF THE CORESPASSIBLE FOR RESTRUCTURING

The core syllabi has been restructured with the objective to achieve maximum positive changes with in the curriculum. The thrust of the core is the contemporary Middle East and North Africa. It covers the entire gamut of life and culture of these regions. In view of the economic hegimoney and strategic importance of the Gulf countries in the contemporary World and their petro-dollar economy triggered the exodes of the job seeking expats to these regions from different parts of the globe for the past quarter of a century. These factors make the study absolutely relevant. It is a known fact that the Keralite expats form the bulk of the population in this region. These regions have become recently the eldorado of numberless job seekers especially from the literate Kerala, whose over population and unemployment prompted the influx of Keralites to the region. The backbone of the economy of Kerala to a very large extent, is maintained by the petro-dollar that the Kerala expatriates pump to Kerala. So the restructuring of the syallabi in accordance with these exgencies make it imperative so as to benefit the state of Kerala. Thus the course has to be revamp and restructured in accordance with these needs. Horizontally, it covers the Socio-Economic and cultural history of the region from pre-historic days to the latest developments in the dawn of twenty first century. The relevance of such a study in the modern context is rewarding.

The vocational subjects incorporated in the restructured curriculum comprises a short course in communicative and functional Arabic, The lingua franca of the Gulf countries. Here is a violent departure from traditional learning of Arabic at the degree and post graduate level all over Indian Universities. The course in communicative and functional Arabic emphasizes a study of contemporary living language like the modern Socio-economic and political jargons, terminologies of trade and commerce etc.

A course in Arabic Calligraphical styles introduces the learner to the various Calligraphical styles including the cursive hands (Khatt Ruqui) of the Arabs that no Universities in India has hitherto thrust on these. The course has also taken stock of the tremendous

innovations in the field of Arabic Calligraphy with the advent of the various styles of type scripts and the computer fonts. Here also the course is designed to be a trendsetter in the field.

The vocational subjects incorporated in the restructured curriculum Archaeology, Calligraphy, Communicative Arabic, Journalism, Islamic Banking and Insurance etc. - are most relevant subjects in the modern context. Besides they are integrally connected to the core subject. They not only fulfils the local needs and requirements but also opens up new avenues of job opportunities in the country and abroad especially in the Gulf countries.

The vocational subjects recommended can be tapped to its maximum benefit with the help of the community resources like Banks, the Press, Dept. of Archaeology etc. When these subjects are imparted along with information technology (Computer Course) as complementary subjects, no doubt, will provide unchallengable scope in the job market.

Convener
Islamic History
Under Graduate Course
Restructuring Committee

# **MODEL I Updated/Upgraded Curriculum**

#### Name of the Course: B.A. ISLAMIC HISTORY

Paper - 1: Pre-islamic West Asian Civilizations

Paper - 2: History of Islam upto 661 AD.

Paper - 3: Umayyads and Abbassids

Paper - 4: Islam in Europe, Central Asia and Africa.

Paper - 5: Islamic World in Modern times.

Paper - 6: Islam in India

OR

Islam in China and South East Asia

OR

Muslim Reform Movements

OR

Islam in South Asia (Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and Maldives)

#### Subsidiaries

Paper - 1: Indian History
Paper - 2: Political Science
As per the existing pattern

#### **MODEL II Vocational**

The following three different courses belong to this category

- a) Islamic History, Calligraphy and archaeology
- b) Islamic History, Islamic Economy and Insurance.
- c) Islamic History, functional Arabic and journalism.
- a) Name of the Course: ISLAMIC HISTORY, CALLIGRAPHY AND ARCHAEOLOGY (Vocational)

# Unit 1 Core Subject: Islamic History (2 Semesters)

Paper - 1 : Pre-islamic West Asian Civilization

Paper - 2 : History of Islam upto 661 A.D

Paper - 3 : Umayyads and Abbasids

Paper - 4 : Islam in Europe, Central Asia and Africa.

Paper - 5 : Islamic World in Modern times.

Paper - 6 : Islam in India

OR .

Islam in China and South East Asia

OR

Muslim Reform Movements

OR

Islam in South Asia (Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and Maldives)

# Unit II Vocational Subject: Calligraphy and Archaeology (2 Semesters)

Paper - 1: Islamic Calligraphy.

Paper - 2 : Calligraphy after 13th century

Paper - 3 : Archaeology - Paper I

Paper - 4 : Archaeology (West Asia) - Paper II

# Unit III: Complimentary Subjects (2 Semesters)

Paper - 1 : Indian History
Paper - 2 : Political Science

Note: It is mandatory for the course to have the facility of six weeks internship in a centre of Archeology and Museology.

# b) Name of the Course: ISLAMIC HISTORY, ISLAMIC BANKING AND INSURANCE

Islamic History, Calligraphy and archaeology

# Unit I Core Subject: Islamic History (2 Semesters)

Paper - 1 : Pre-Islamic West Asian Civilization

Paper - 2 : History of Islam upto 681 AD

Paper - 3 : Umayyads and Abbasids ov) Y20103ANORA

Paper - 4 : Islam in Europe, Central Asia and Africa

Paper - 5 : Islamic World in Modern times

Paper - 6 : Islam in India

OR

Islam in China and South East Asia

OR

Muslim Reform Movements (Reformist Ideas & Reforms)

OR

Islam in South Asia (Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and Maldives)

# Unit II Vocational Subject: Islamic Economy and Insurance

Paper - 1 : Capitalism and Islamic Economic Order

Paper - 2 : Socialism and Islamic Economic Order

Paper - 3: Interest free Banking

Paper - 4 : Insurance and Islamic Law

# Unit III: Complimentary Subjects (2 Semesters)

Paper - 1 : Indian History

Paper - 2 : Political Science

# c) Name of the Course: ISLAMIC HISTORY, FUNCTIONAL ARABIC AND JOURNALISM

# Unit I Core Subject: Islamic History

Paper - 1 : Pre-Islamic West Asian Civilization

Paper - 2 : History of Islam upto 661 AD

Paper - 3: Umayyads and Abbasids

Paper - 4 : Islam in Europe, Central Asia and Africa

Paper - 5 : Islamic World in Modern times

Paper - 6 : Islam in India

OR

Islam in China and South East Asia

OR

Muslim Reform Movements

OR

Islam in South Asia (Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and Maldives)

Chaldeans and Persians

# Unit Il Vocational Subject: Functional Arabic and Journalism

Paper - 1 : Communicative Arabic - Arabic for beginners

Paper - 2 : Communicative Arabic

Paper - 3 : Journalism - Fundamentals of communication & journalism

Paper - 4 : Journalism

# Unit III: Complimentary Subjects

Paper - 1 : Islamic Jurisprudence (F!QH)
OR
Muslim Contribution to Historiography & Geography
OR

Paper - 2 : West Asian Economics
OR
West Asian Politics in the 20th century

Note: It is mandatory for the course to have the facility of internship in a publishing house for six weeks.

# Syllabus Paper 1 Pre-Islamic West Asian Civilizations

# 1) The Nile Valley Civilization

Pharaohs and the age of Pyramids - Rameses II and decline of the Kingdom - Society art and Architecture - The Pyramids and Sphinx - Writing and literature - Heiroglyphics advance in Science and Medicine.

### 2) The Mesopotamian Civilization

The Sumerians - the Babylonian empire under Hammurabi - Code of Hammurabi - The Hittites and Assyrians.

#### 3) The Chaldeans and Persians

Darius I - Zorastrianism in Persia. The Hebrews and Ethical monotheism - The Phoenicians - the alphabet - colonies and great voyages.

#### 4) Rise and spread of Christianity

Patronage of Emperor Constantine to Christianity - The fall of western Roman Empire and emergence of Eastern Roman Empire (Byzantine Empire)

#### 5) Pre-Islamic Arabian Civilization

Geographical features - Enthnology of the Arabs - Arabs as the best representative of the semites - Bedouin life - Tribal Society - Ayyamul Arabs - Pre-Islamic Arabian poetry - Poets - Muallaqath.

6) Religious beliefs and practices of the pre-Islamic Arabs
Bedouin heathenism - solar aspects - the Jinn - the daughters
of Allah - significance of Kaaba.

### Suggested Readings in a long tributh to milauM

- 1. Edward Mc. Nall Burns and others, World Civilization
- 2. P. K. Hitti, History of the Arabs
- 3. Amir All, A short history of the sarasans
- 4. Amir Ali, The Spirit of Islam
- 5. Nicholson, The literary History of the Arabs
- 6. Savelle Max, A History of World Civilization
- 7. Brinton C, A History of Civilization
- 8. B.V. Rao, World History

of the Kingdom - Society art and Architecture - The Pyramids

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# Paper 2 History of Islam upto 661 AD

- Pre-Prophetic period of Mohammed Harb al Fijr and Hilful Fudul - Contemplation and first revelation
- Prophet at Mecca
   Public preaching opposition Hijra to Abyssinia Social boycott
   Visit to Taif Pledge of Agaba Hijra to Yathirib
- 3) Prophet at Madeena

Brotherhood of the Muhajirs and the Ansars - Covenent with jews - The Battle of Badar Uhad - the Ditch - Jewish traitors and punishments - The treaty of Hudaybiyah - Fathah Mecca (Meccan Victory) and the amnesty - Farewell pilgrimage and human rights declaration.

- 4) The Character and Personality of Mohammad Mohammad as Statesman and reformer.
- 6) Fundamental features of Islam Concept of God - Tauhid and Shirk - Articles of Faith - Concept of man as vicegerent of God - obligatory duties - Status of women in Islam.
- 6) Concept of Khilafath in Islam

The Pious Caliphate - Abu Bakr - Ridda wars - Compilation of the Quran. Umar - Conquest of Syria, Iraq, Egypt -Administrative Setyp, character and personality Uthman, development of the centrifugal tendencies, services in the preservation of Quran. Ali - The beginning of the civil war.

7) Genesis of Sheism and Kharijitism
The Sheite Concept of Immah

- 1. Masood al Hassan, History of Islam
- 2. Shibili Numani, Umar the Great 102 bas vastellal
- 3. Mohammed Husayn Haykal, Life of Mohammad
- 4. Mohammad Munir, Islam in History.
- 5. Ata Mohiuddin, Abu Bakr
- 6. Fazal Ahamad, Othaman

- 7. Fazal Ahamad, Ali al to viotal A 19059
- 8. P. K. Hitti, History of the Arabs
- 9. Amir Ali, A short History of the Saracens
- 10. Athar Hussain, Prophet of Mohammed and his mission

# Paper 3 The Umayyads and the Abbassids

# 1) Establishment of the Umayyads Dynasty

Muawiyah and the consolidation of the Empire - Transformation from Khilafath to Mulukiyath - Yazid I and the Battle of Kerbala - Rival caliphate of Abdulla b. Zubair Seize of Mecca.

2) Abdul Malik and Al Walid

Expansion of the Empire - Hajjaj bin Yousuf

- Umar II and his administration
   Marwan II and the decline of the empire.
- 4) Establishment of the Abbasid dynasty
  Al Mansur Consolidation of the empire Bagdad as the hub of universe.
- 5) Al Mahadi and Harun Al Rashid Rise and fall of the Bermakids - splendour of Haruns reign.
- 6) Al Ameen and Al Mamun

  Baithul Hikmah Mamuns hetrodox views on religion -the

  Muatazilftes
- Arabisation of the Umayyad Court and Persianisation of Abbasids Court

Elegance and luxury - Status of women - slavery - social and economical life intellectual life - age of Translation - Indian, Persian and Greek influence.

8) Literary and Scientific progress, insmul/ illidial 8

Development in Medicine - Astronomy - Geography - Mathematics - philosophy literary development - Historiography - Islamic jurisprudence and Hadith literature.

#### **Suggested Readings**

- 1. P.K. Hitti, History of the Arabs
- 2. Ameer Al, A Short history of the Saracens
- 3. Ameer Al, Spirit of Islam (Cart-Sent)
- 4. Khuda Baksh, Arab Civilization
- 5. M.S. Shaban, Islamic History a new Interpretation (Vol. II)

islam in Africa

- 6. John Bagot Glubb, Empire of the Arabs
- 7. John Bagot Glubb, Course of the Empire
  - 8. P.H. Holt and others, The Cambridge history of Islam

# Paper 4 Islam in Europe, Central Asia and Africa

# 1) Islam in Spain

Spain on the eve of Arab conquest - Tariq Ibn Ziyad and Musa ibn Nusayr - Transformation of Amirate into caliphate - Abdul Rahiman I and Abdul Rahiman III Nasirids of Granada - Factors responsible for the annihilation of Islamic culture in Spain.

2) Contribution of Muslim Spain to Europe

Education - Health and Hygene - Development of natural Science - Development of Architecture and fine Arts - Development of Mysticism.

- 3) Conquest of Sicily by the Aghlabids

  Development of Arab Norman culture.
- 4) Origin and growth of Ottoman Power Mohammed II and the conquest of constantinople - Salim I and assumption of the caliphate Sulaiman the magnificance.
- Decline of the Ottoman empire
   The war of the Holy League and peace of Karlowitz.
- 6) Fathimids of Egypts

Ismailism - Al Aziz - Al Azhar - Scientific and literary progress under the Fathimids.

- The petty dynasties
   Saljuks, Mamluks, Ayyubids.
- 8) The crusades
  Causes course and effects Salahuddin Ayyubi.

#### 9) Islam in Africa

The Rustamids (777 - 909) Aghilibids (800-909) Idris (789-926), Murabits (1033-1146), Muwahhids (1130-1209), Marinids (1196-1159), Hafsids (1128-1574). Sharifis.

#### **Suggested Readings**

- 1. Aziz Ahamed, History of Islamic Society
- 2. Rafi Ahmed Fidai, Concise history of Muslim World Vol. 3
- 3. Philip. M. Price, History of Turkey
- 4. Stanford J. Shah, History of Ottomans
- 5. Lane Poole, Moors in Spain
- 6. John Bagot Glubb, Empire of the Arabs
- 7. John Bagot Glubb, Course of the Empire

# Paper 5 Islamic World in Modern Times

# 1) Reforms of Mohammed II

Tanzimat - Constitutional movement under Abdul Hamid - Young Turk revolution Balkan wars - World War I and Turkey - Treaty of severes - Mustafa Kamal - Treaty of Lausanna - formation of Turkish Republic - Kemalism.

# 2) Napoleon's invasion of Egypt

Muhammed Ali - Khedieve Ismail - construction of Suez Canal - British occupation of Egypt - Arabi pasha's revolt - Egyptian nationalism - Independence of Egypt Revolutions of 1952 - Nationalisation of Suez Canal.

#### Arab World during first World War

Balfar declaration - Fertile cresent under the mandate system - Emergence of Saudi Arabia - Syria, Iraq, Lebanon, Jordan.

# 4) Imperialism in Iran

Riza Shah Pahlavi - Musaddiq - Nationalisation of Oil Company - Islamic Revolution of 1979 - role of Ulema in the society.

#### 5) Palestine Problem

Zionism - Establishment of Israel - Arab - Israel conflict.

#### 6) Afro - American Society

Negro Ghettos in North America - Black Churches - Martin

Luther King Jr - Ras Tafarian Movement - The Moorish Science Temple - Universe Negro Improvement Association Nation of Islam - Elija Mohammed, Malcom-X - Afro-American Unity - American Muslim Mission .

- 7) Emergence of Modern Muslim States of Morroco Algeria, Lybya and Sudan
- 8) Contemporary Central Asia

  Muslim Renaissance Movements against Tsars of Russia Russian Occupation of Central Asia Socio religious condition
  under Soviet Union Emergence of Independent Muslim States.

# Suggested Readings

- 1. P.M. Holt, Cambridge History of Islam
- 2. Hafeez Malik, Central Asia
- 3. S.N. Fischer, Middle East a History
- 4. G. I. Kirk, A short history of the Middle East
- 5. Bernad Lewls, The Middle East
- 6. William Yale, The Near East A History
- 7. Dodd and Salus, Israel and the Arab World War
- 8. Alex Hally, Malcom X

# Paper 6 Islam in India

- 1) Historical Survey
  - Indian Society on the eve of the advent of Islam Delhi Sultanate Ala-ud-din Khilji and Mohammed Ibn Tughluq Mughal Empire Baber, Akbar and Aurangazeb Bhamini Kingdom Mahmood Gawan.
- 2) Cultural Development

Social Structure - Science and learning -. Art and architecture - cultural symbioses between Islam and Hinduism.

Land and People of

- 3) Struggle Against Foreign Domination
  Mysore Hyder Ali and Tipu Sultan. Hyderabad Nizam ul Malk and Nizam Ali. Bengal Siraj-ud-Daula and Mir Qasim. Oudh Sadat Khan and Shuja-ud-Doula.
- 4) Muslims in Freedom Struggle Provide Struggle Role of Muslims in the great Revolt of 1857 Muslims and

Indian National Congress Formation of the Muslim League - Khilafat and non-co-operation - Leadership of Ali brothers - Allama Iqbal - Mohammad Ali Jinna, Khan Abdul Gafar Khan and Maulana Azad - Muslims against Two Nation Theory - Pakistan, a tragic episode.

# 5) Kerala Muslims 13 mileum melodi to eanegreni 3

Origin of Mappilas - Spread of Islam in Kerala - Co-operation between Mappilas and Hindu Rajas - Crusades Against European Imperialism - Kunhali Marakkars Intellectual leadership by Sheikh Zainudheen - Mappila peasants against British imperialism and landlordism - Great Revolt of 1921 - causes, course and effects - Reformist and educational Movement - Nationalist Muslims under Mohammed Abdurahiman and E. Moidu Maulavi - Role of Muslim League in post Independent politics.

#### **Suggested Readings**

- 1. Iswari Prasad, History of Medieval India
- 2. Tarachand, Influence of Islam on Indian Culture
- 3. Tarachand, Freedom Movement
- 4. Dr. A.P. Ibrahim Kunju, Mappila Muslims of Kerala
- 5. M. Gangadharan, Mappila Rabellian
- 6. Roland. E. Miller, Mappila Muslim of Kerala
- 7. P.A. Sayed Mohammed, Kerala Muslim Charithram

# Paper 6 ISLAM IN CHINA AND SOUTH-EAST ASIA

### (A) Islam in China

- 1. Land and People of China
- 2. Advent and Spread of Islam in China
- 3. Socio-Religious Conditions of Muslims under Chinese Emperors

Cultural Development

- 4. Communist Government's Policy and Attitude towards
  - 5. Muslim Response to Communist Government Muslim Resistance Movement

# (B) Muslim Society and Culture in China

- 1. Muslim communities of China: Their Population and Settlement
- 2. Muslim Culture in China: Customs, Traditions
- 3. Religious Education of Chinese Muslims
- 4. Chinese Islamic Literature
- Resurgence of Islam in Contemporary China

#### (C) Islam in Indonesia

- Land and people of Indonesia
- 2. Advent and Spread of Islam in Indonesia
- 3. Muslim Dynasties of Indonesia
- 4. Society and Culture: Customs, Traditions
- 5. Reform Movements and Organizations

#### (D) Islam in Malaysia

- 1. Advent and Spread of Islam in Malaysia
- 2. Muslim Society and Culture in Malaysia
- 3. Islamic Provisions in the Constitution of Malaysia
- 4. Educational Developments
- 5. Resurgence of Islam in Malaysia

# (E) Socio-Religious conditions of Muslims in:

- 1. Thailand
- 2. The Philipines
- 3. Myanmar (Burma) lealine O ni sinem
- 4. Japan
- 5. Fiji

# **Suggested Readings**

- 1. R. Israeli (ed.), Muslims in China
- 2. M. Rafiq Khan, Islam in China
- 3. Obaidullah Fahad, Deewar-e Chin ke Saye mein
- 4. P.M. Holt and others (eds.), cambridge History of Islam

Suggested Readings

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- 5. N.A. Baloch, Advent of Islam in Indonesia
- 6. D.W. Forbes, The Muslims of Thailand
- 7. Moshe Yegar, The Muslims of Burma

# Paper 6 MUSLIM REFORM MOVEMENTS

(Reformist Ideas and Reformers)

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# (A) Beginning of Reformism in Modern Period

- 1. Social, Political and Religious Conditions
- 2. Degeneration of Muslim Society: Causes
- 3. Wahhabi Movement
- 4. Sanusi Movement

#### (B) Arab World

- 1. Arab Renaissance
- 2. Abd al-Rahman al-Kawakibi
- 3. Muhammad Abduh
- 4. Salafi Movement
- 5. Ikhwan al-Muslimun

#### (C) Indian Subcontinent

- 1. Aligarh Movement
- 2. Deoband and Nadwa Movements
- 3. Ahli-I Hadith Movement
- 4. Jama at-e- Islami
- 5. Tablighi Jama at

#### (D) Turk World and Iran

- 1. Pan Islamic Movement
- Nursi Movement
- 3. Reformist Movements in Central Asia
- Constitutionalist Movement (Indonesia)
- Jadidi Movement (China)

- A.J. Arberry, Religion in the Middle East
- 2. A. Haurani, Arabic Thought in the Liberal Age
- 3. M.A.Z. Badwi, Three Reforms of Egypt
- 4. Aziz Ahmad, Studies in Islamic Culture in Indian Environment
- 5. J. Esposito, Voices of Resurgent Islam

# Paper 6 ISLAM IN SOUTH ASIA (Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and Maldives)

#### (A) Creation of Pakistan

- 1. Socio-Political Background
- 2. The Ideology of Pakistan
- 3. The Creation of Pakistan
- 4. Political Developments
- 5. Socio-Religious Conditions

#### (B) Religions Movements

- 1. Islamization of Pakistan
- 2. Jamaat-I Islami
- 3. Ahl-l Hadith
- 4. Ahmadiya

#### (C) Eminent Scholars and Thinkers

- 1. Mohammad Iqbal
- 2. Shabbir Ahmad Usmani
- 3. Mufti Mohammad Shafi
- 4. Ghulam Ahmad Pervez
- 5. Khalifa Abdul Hakim

#### (D) Islam in Bangladesh

- 1. Socio-Political Background of Creation of Bangladesh
- 2. Political Crisis in Early Period and beautiful and a second se
- 3. Religious Organizations
- 4. Religious Educational Institutions and adapting responsible
- 5. National Aspirations and Problems

#### (E) Islam in Sri Lanka and Maldives

- 1. Advent and Spread of Islam in Sri Lanka
- 2. Socio-Cultural Reforms in Sri Lanka
- 3. Education: Reforms
- 4. Advent and Spread of Islam in Maldives
- 5. Society and Culture in Maldives

- 1. Mohammad Munir, From Jinnan to Zia
- 2. Afzal lqbal, Islamization of Pakistan

- 3. Jyoti Sen Gupta, History of Freedom Movement in Bangladesh
- 4. J.C. Johri (ed.), Government and Politics of South Asia
- 5. Riaz Ahmad, Quaid-e-Azam's Perception of Islam and Pakistan
- 6. Rafiuddin Ahmad (ed), Islam in Bangladesh
- 7. Vasundhara Mohan, Muslims of Sri Lanka

# MODEL II Vocational (a): Calligraphy & Archaeology Unit II - Paper 1 Islamic Calligraphy

Historical background of the origin of Calligraphy

Origin of the Arabic Script - Early Calligraphic developments - Kufic script - The reform of the Arabic Script - The development of the cursive scripts - The major scripts according to classical Tradition - The Maghribi Scripts - Later Calligraphic developments.

# The Six Styles of Cursive Writing (At - Aglam Al - Sittah)

- 1. Thuluth
- 2. Naskhi
- 3. Muhaqqaq
- Rayhani
- 5. Tawqi
- 6. Riga

# Composite Styles and Techniques reabstance in metal

Calligraphy as primary motif - Islamic Calligraphy and Western Art - Calligraphic signs and devices - Naskhi and other signs - status of the Calligraphist - Wooden Calligraphic Tables Carved wood - Wooden Calligraphic tools.

#### **Thulut Script**

Porcelin - Shahada illustrations in ornamental Indian Naskhi.

#### Zoomorphic Calligraphy

Falcon, Persian - Lion formed ornamental Tawqi Script - Horse shaped shia prayer - Gulzar style (Mirrorwriting)

#### Suggested Readings

Y.H. Safadi, Islamic Calligraphy
M. Ziauddin, Muslim Calligraphy
Davic James, Islam Art An Introduction
Ahmad Radi, Calligraphes & Painters

### Unit II - Paper 2 Calligraphy after the 13th century

#### 1) Iran

The Development of New forms - Ottoman Turks - Islamic Spain and the Maghereb

# 2) Representational Art See Detection of entities and Art See Detection of the Property of the

Abbasid period, Fatimids

# 3) The various scripts of Calligraphy and to inempote ved

Kufi Mushafi - The Maghribi Script - The Sudani Script - The Riqah Script - The Diwani Script - The Naskh Script - The Ijazah and Tawqu script - The Taliq Script - The Hindi Script - The Samarqandi Script -

#### 4) Composite Calligraphy

Style and technique - The Gulzar Style - The Thuluth - Naskhi - Nastahq - shikasteh - Twqi

# 5) Islamic calligraphy and Western Art Influence on Renaissance painting

# 6) Calligraphic signs and devices

Zoomorphirc calligraphy - Calligraphic tools and materials, wooden calligraphic tables porcelain

### **Suggested Readings**

Y.H. Safadi, *Islamic Calligraphy*M. Ziauddin, *Muslim Calligraphy*Davic James, *Islam Art An Introduction* 

### Unit II - Paper 1 ARCHAEOLOGY

#### Introduction

- 1. Definition Nature and Scope of Archaeology
- 2. Archaeology as a Historical Science
- 3. Archaeology as a source for cultural studies

#### **Theories**

- 4. Archaeological Theories Three Ages System
- 5. Nature of Archaeological Data

# Unit II - Paper 2 Calligraphy after the 13th contabolish

- 6. Explorations
- 7. Excavations
- 8. Stratigraphy
- 9. Dating Methods of dating
- 10. Report writing of excavated site

#### Development

- 11. Development of archaeology in West Asia
- 12. Recent development in archaeology

#### **Suggested Readings**

- 1. G. Clark, Archaeology and Society
- 2. David Brown, Principles and Practices in Modern Archaeology
- 3. Graham Webster, Practical Archaeology
- 4. H.D. Sankalia, New Archaeology
- 5. K.V. Raman, Principles and Methods of Archaeology
- 6. Gorden Child, A Short Introduction to Archaeology

# Unit II - Paper 2 ARCHAEOLOGY (WEST ASIA)

- Growth of Archaeology in West Asia
   Pre-historic and proto-historic sources Cave Dwellers, Asd and Samud tribes
- 2. Scriptless tribal societies of Arabia.
- 3. Material Culture of Egyptian, Sumerian and Semitic civilizations
- 4. Important sites Ma'rib, Palmyra, Petra, Zafar
- Features of Arabian Iconography Hubal, Lata, Uzza, Manath etc.
- 6. Study of Semitic inscriptions
- Survey of Monuments The Kaaba, Dom of the Rock, Citadel of Cairo, Alexandria, Al - Azhar and Baghdad
- 8. Study of Coins:- Hymarite Coins, Nabatian Coins etc.

### Suggested Readings stuffed for some s

- 1. Peter Mansfield, The Arabs
- 2. Thomas Arnold, Legacy of Islam
- 3. Stanley Lane Pole, Coins and Medals
- 4. P.M. Holt et.al., The Cambridge History of Islam
- 5. B. Lewis, The Encyclopaedia of Islam (Ed)

- 6. John L Esposito, The Oxford Encyclopaedia of Modern Islamic World
- 7. Philip. K. Hitti, History of Islam
- 8. Masudul Hassan, History of Islam

# Model II Vocational (b): Islamic Economy and Insurance Unit II - Paper I Capitalism and Islamic Economic Order

# 1) Pre-historic economic practices

Feudalism - merchantile guilds - Industrial revolution and growth of capitalism

# 2) Capitalism

Definition - characteristics and components - private property self interest - Laissez faire - market economy - sham production practice - Interest the villain - in - chief - Unemployment - Instability of monetary system - Marxian view and capitalism

# 3) Demand and Supply and Price determination under capitalism

Domestic and foreign trade - free trade - foreign exchange - National Income - Public Finance and Taxation

# 4) Money and Interest

The Jewish role in Usurious economy - Theories of interest - capital formation and interest logic and mischief of interest

# 5) History of Economic thought in Islam

lbn - Khaldun - lbn Taymiah - Alen Yusuf - Yahiya lbn Adam -Abu Jafar Dimashqi Nasirudin Tusi - Shah waliyullah

# 6) Economic philosophy of Islam

Owner of wealth - The primary and secondary right to wealth.

Co-operation, the relation of production Economic development par social justice, Islamic welfare State and its role in the economy

# 7) Islamic concept of polity and economy

Theocracy, democracy and Islamic polity - Islamic economic functions - eradication of poverty - Promotion of economic stability and money value - maintenance in law and order - ensure economic and social justice - equitable distribution of wealth, Harmonising international relations and natural defence.

# Suggested Readings

- 1. Syed Muhammad Ismail, Capitalism, Socialism and Islamic Economic Order
- John Maynad Keynes, General Theory of Employment, Interest and Money
- 3. Nicholas P. Aghrudes, Muhammedan theories of Finance
- 4. Karl Marx, Das Capital
- 5. Kewal Krishnan Dewett, Modern Economic Theory
- 6. Fazlur Rahman, Economic Principles of Islam
- 7. Muhud Muskhuddin, Economics and Islam
- 8. M. Abdus Sattar, Ibn Khaldun's contribution to Economics
- 9. Ahmad Ilyas, Ibn Taimiah on Economics
- 10. Khurshid Ahmad, Islamic Economics

# Unit II - Paper 2 Socialism and Islamic Economic Order

#### 1) Socialism

Definition Nature and Scope - Socialism distinguished from Communism. Marxism Dialectical Materialism - Theory of surplus value - The cherished communist society

# 2) The Positive aspects of Socialism

Socialism a revolutionary force - A challenge to capitalism Economic experiments Academic contributions - University - moral appeal

# 3) Negative aspects of Socialism

Ideological confusions - Nagation of Individual -'End Justifies Means' - use of Force Exploitation of women children and workers -'Stakhanouism' Inhuman priorities - Denial of Right to strike - end of familiar system - Abrogation of the fundamental human rights Socialists opportunism - Totalitarianism

#### 4) Islamic Economics

Nature and Scope - Economics statements in Quran and Sunhah - An approach to human welfare - Consumer behaviour in an Islamic Society

# 5) Objectives of Islamic economic Order

Dispensation of Justice - Prevention of concentration of wealth - equitable distribution establishment of feasible system of economy

# 6) The factors of Production and Distribution of Wealth Secondary right of wealth to the deprived - circulation of wealth, Zakat - Ushr Fithrzakkath - Nafqat - Wisarat

#### 7) Economic Development in Islamic Frame work

Islamic concept of development - Moral, spiritual and material aspects - Goals of development policy - Human Resource Development - Expansion of useful production Improvement of the quality of life - Balanced development, self reliance

### 8) The New Economic order as visualized in Islam

Mutual co-operation and amity - enjoyment of natural resources on global basis - Universal welfare maintenance of Ecological balance - Integration of Nation State into a global system - equal opportunity and effective growth - Need based world commodity exchange - International payments clearance organisation - Free convertibility of National Currencies

#### **Suggested Readings**

- Syed Muhammad Ismail, Capitalism, Socialism and Islamic Economic Order
- 2. M. Shagil, Islamic Economics: A Global Perspective
- 3. Karl Marx, Das Capital
- 4. Fazlur Rahman, Economic principles of Islam
- 5. Dr. Khurshid Ahmad, Socialism or Islam
- 6. Dr. Khurshid Ahmad, Islamic Economics
  - 7. Kewal Krishnan Dewett, Modern Economic Theory
- 8. Edie L. D, Economics: Principles and Problems
  - 9. S.A. Siddiqi, Public Finance in Islam

# Unit II - Paper 3 Interest Free Banking

# 1) Establishment of Bank and Shirhat-e-Enan Principal

Mudaraba - Musharaka - Murabaha Muzaraha - Musaqat - Jo'alha - salaf - Quad al Hasna

#### 2) Business of the Bank

Partnership through bank Capital - Mudaraba through Bank

Capital - Distribution of Profit between the Entrepreneur and the Bank - The Procedure of investment in Running Business -Purchase of the shares of the entrepreneurial Institutions

#### 3) Bank and the Capitalists

Acquisition - Additional Capital on the principle of Mudaraba - Determination of Profit and loss under Mudaraba account - Use of loans on banking business - The Loan Account - Competition among banks

#### 4) Bank Loans

Short term Loans - Credit Deposit Ratio - Equilibrium between the Demand and the supply of Loans - Sureties against loans -The problem of bills of exchange

# 5) Process of Capital Formation

Profit or loss in the banking business and process of reduction in the capital

#### 6) The Central Bank

Role and Functions - Public Finance - The State Shares and Mudaraba - Govt. shares of partnership - Govt. loans - Govt. Madaraba

#### 7) Loans for the Consumers

Needs of Consumers - Sources of Loans - Bank Loans for Consumers - Right of overdrawal

# 8) The Islamic Development Bank

The Kuwaiti Investment House - The Dubai Islamic Bank - The Philippines Amanah Bank - Amanah Co-operative Bank Bangalore Baithul Islam Finance and Investment, Trivandrum

- 1. Dr. Nefatullah Siddiqui, Banking with out Interest
- 2. Muhammad Uzair, Interest less banking
- 3. S.A. Irshad, Interest free Banking
- 4. M. Shagil, Islamic Economics: A Global Perspective
- 5. Dr. Khurshid Ahmad, Islamic Economics
- 6. Dr. Zia Ul Hague, The Economics of Riba, Interest and Profet
- 7. Sheik Mahmud Ahmad, Economics of Islam

# Unit II - Paper 4 Insurance and Islamic Law

#### 1) Insurance

Origin and Nature - Definition - Development - Mutuality in Tribal Arabia - The Tribal Society - Blood wite - Incorporation of the custom into Islam

#### 2) Modern Contract of Insurance

The premium, Indemnity, conditions and Warranties - Life Assurance Act 1774 - Gaming Act 1845 - Marine Insurance Act 1845 - Commercial and Social Insurance - LIC of India

#### 3) Speculation

Its nature and Scope - Stock Exchange, Lottery and Prizes - Games of chance and Skill - International gambling resorts - Monte Carlo, Las Vegas

#### 4) Nature and Sources of Islamic Law

The Shariat and human authority for Legislation - Ijma, qiyas and Ijitihad - The Rule of Necessity

# 5) Islamic Law relating to Transactions ('Aqd)

Mithl - Sahih - Makruh - Fasid - batil

# 6) Pre-requisite of a valid Islamic Contract Fitness of the person

Fitness of the subject matter - Mutual Consent - Classification of Contracts - Alienation of property - Alienation of usufructs - Contracts

#### 7) Doctrine of Riba

Riba Jahiliyya - Riba - Riba Fadl - Islamic Perspective on Life, fire, marine and causality Insurance - Islamic perspective on Bonus, Dividend, Profit and Sum Assured

#### 8) Mutual Insurance Under Islamic Law

Arguments for and against the contract of Insurance Wagering - gambling - Uncertain Nature - Supersedure of God will - Interest based economic activity? - Mutuality & Co-operative basis - against exploitation of Commercial Insurance - Insurance as bail and security

# 9) Kafala under Islamic Law Kafalath at Nafs - Kafalath al Mal

#### 10) Mutual insurance

Characteristics - Insured as Insurers - Non profit making - Personal responsibility for success and failure - Retrospect and prospect

#### Suggested Readings

- 1. Dr. Muhd Muslehuddin, Insurance and Islamic Law
- Sayed Muhammad Ismail, Capitalism, Socialism and Islamic economic order
- 3. Alen F.T., General Principles of Insurances
- 4. Houseman D, general Principles of Insurances
- 5. Abu Salman al Hindi. Insurance from Islamic Viewpoint
- 6. Dr. Muhd Nijatullah Siddiqi, Insurance in Islamic Economy
- 7. Taufiq Ali Wahbah, Insurance in Islamic Law ad Positive Law
- 8. Ahmad Muhamad Ibrahim, Insurance in Islamic Law and Secular Law
- 9. Kilingmulier. E, The Concept and Development of Insurance in Islamic Countries

# Model II Vocational (c): Functional Arabic and Journalism Unit II - Paper 1 Communicative Arabic (Arabic for beginners)

#### Topics of Study

- Chapter 1. The Alphabet and to make the standard of the standa
- Chapter 2. Orthographic Signs
- Chapter 3. Elongated Vowels and Correct pronounciation
- Chapter 4. Indicative Pro-nouns (Hada Hadihi)
- Chapter 5. Interrogative Pro-nouns and Propositions (Ayna, Fauqa, Thahta, Amama, Kalfa, Ala, Fi)
- Chapter 6. Pronouns (Man, Ana, Anta, Huwa, Hiya, Ma)
- Chapter 7. Simple Interogatives (Madha Yafalu)
- Chapter 8. Here, there etc (huna-Hunaka)
- Chapter 9. The Article Al-Hamza
- Chapter 10. Introduction (Al-Thaaruf)
- Chapter 11. At the Air-Port (Fil al Mathar)
- Chapter 12. In the Hotel (Fil al-Funduq)

Chapter 13. In the Restaurant (Fil al-Matham)

Chapter 14. In the Bank (Fil al-Bank)

Chapter 15. With the People (Maa al-Nas)

Chapter 16. Numerical Figures

Chapter 17. Parts of Speech

Chapter 18. Gender and number

Chapter 19. Adjectives and Noun qualified

Chapter 20. Pronouns

Chapter 21. The Subject and Predicate

Chapter 22. Perfect, Imperfect and Imperative verbs

# **Suggested Reading:**

Preliminary Text for Non-Arab Speakers (Al Kitab Al Asasi Fi Thaleemi Al-lughath al Arabiya li Ghairi Al Natheqeena biha)

### Unit II - Paper II Communicative Arabic

Chapter 1. With the Doctor (Inda Al Thabeeb)

Chapter 2. With the Family (Usra)

Chapter 3. On the Road (Fil al Thareeq)

Chapter 4. At the Post office (Fi Maktab al Bareed)

Chapter 5. In the Telegraphic and Telephone Office (Fi Maktab Al BarqjWal Hatif

Chapter 6. Time (Al Zaman)

Chapter 7. At Market (Fil Sooq)

Chapter 8. Police Station (Fi Qasam al Shurtath)

Chapter 9. Reading Newspaper (Kaifa Thaqrau Al Javeeda)

Chapter 10. Four Seasons (Al fusool al Araba)

Chapter 11. Searching for a flat (Al-Bahthu An Al-Shiqqa)

Chapter 12. Arabic language (Al-lugha al Arabiyya)

Chapter 13. Active and Passive Voice

Chapter 14. Transitive and Intransitive

Chapter 15. Conjugation of perfect, imperfect and Imperative Verbs

Chapter 16. Kana, Inna and their respective associates

Chapter 17. Demonstrative and relative pronouns.

# Suggested Reading:

Preliminary Text for Non-Arab Speakers (Al Kitab Al Asasi Fi Thaleemi Al-lughath al Arabiya li Ghairi Al Natheqeena biha)

# Unit II - Paper 3 Fundamentals of Communication and Journalism

#### 1) Definitions of Communication

Elements of Communication - Types of Communication - Intra - personal, interpersonal and mass communication - Nature, Characteristics and functions of mass communication media - print, radio, TV, film and video

# 2) What is Journalism?

Principles and functions of journalism, journalism as a profession - Role and responsibilities of journalists, ethics of journalism

#### 3) Allied areas of mass communication

Public Relations and advertising - definitions of Public Relation - definitions of advertising - Functions of Advertising - Advertising agencies

#### 4) Indian News Agencies

UNI - PTI - Hindustan Samachar - Samachar Bharati - Major International new agencies. Renter - AP - UPI, AFP - Press Commissions - Press Council - Press Institute of India - !NS, - ABC - Professional Organisation

#### **Suggested Readings**

- 1. Rangaswamy Parthasarathi, Journalism in Inda
- 2. David Wainwright, Journalism made Simple
- 3. Dr. Nadig Krishna Murthy, Indian Journalism
- 4. Rangaswamy Parthasarathi, Basic Journalism
- 5. J. Natarajan, History of Indian Journalism
- 6. Frank Jefkins, Public Relation made Simple
- 7. Derek lournsend, Advertising and Public Relation
- 8. H. Jacobs, Practical Publicity

#### Unit II - Paper 4 Journalism

 A Historical Perspective of Indian Broadcasting Media Television - Radio

#### 2) Freedom of the Press

Provision in the Indian Constitution - Restrictions and legal limitations as press freedom

#### 3) Organisational Structure of Newspaper

Duties and Responsibilities of reports - Correspondents - Sub Editors, Senior Sub Editor - News editor and Editor

### 4) Content of a Newspaper

News - Features - Articles - Editorials - Advertisement - Interviews - human interest stories - Definition of news - News qualities and Values - Types of news - Sources of news.

#### 5) Why Editing?

Editing process - handling reports/correspondents and wire copy, correcting language, re-writing copy, writing headlines, Head line types.

# 6) Newspaper layout

Composing Methods, hand composing, mono type and lino type, photo composing, DTP Printing methods - letter press, lithography, Offset

#### Suggested Readings

- 1. S. Natarajan, History of the Indian Press
- 2. Bruce Westley, News Editing
- 3. Publications Division, Mass Media in India
- 4. Registrar of News Paper, Press in India
- 5. Rangaswamy Parthasarathi, Basic Journalism

# Unit III - Complimentary Subject Paper 1 ISLAMIC JURISPRUDENCE (FIQH)

#### (A) Figh and its Sources

1. Figh: Definition, Scope and Subject Matter

Primary Sources
 Quran and Sunna
 Secondary Sources
 Qiyas and Ijma

4. Other Sources : Istihsan, Istislah, Istidlal,

Istiswab, Ta amul

5. Ijtihad : Significance and Principles

### (B) Early Development and Emergence of Schools of Figh:

- 1. Early Development of Figh (First Century)
- Imam Abu Hanifa
- Evolution of Hanafi School
- 4. Characteristics of Hanafi School
- 5. Later Hanafi Fuqaha and their Main Works

# (C) Maliki, Shafii and Hanbali Schools:

- 1 Imam Malik
- 2. Characteristics and Development of Maliki School
- Imam Shafii
- 4. Characteristics and Development of Shafii School
- Imam Hanbal
- 6. Characteristics and Development of Hanbali School

# (D) Other Schools of Figh: Basic Features:

- 1. Zahiri School
- 2. Anzai School
- Jafari School
- 4. Prominent Ghair Mugallid Jurists and their Works

# (E) Main Works of Different Schools

- 1. Hidaya
- Al-Mudawwenat al-Kubra
- 3. Kitab al-Umm
- 4. Al-Mughni
- 5. Al-Kafi

- 1. Ahmad Hasan, Early Development of Islamic Jurisprudence
- 2. J. Schacht, Origin of Mohammedan Jurisprudence
- 3. Abdur Rahim, Mohammedan Jurisprudence
- 4. S. Mahmassani, Falsafa al-Tashri fi al-islam
- 5. M. Muslehuddin, *Philosophy of Islamic Law & Orientalists*
- 8. N.J. Couison, A History of Islamic Law
- 7. M. Hamidullah, The Schools of Islamic Jurisprudence
- 8. M. Khadduri, Law in the Middle East

# Unit III - Complementary Subject

hacht. The Legacy of

# Paper 1 MUSLIM CONTRIBUTIONS TO HISTORIOGRAPHY AND GEOGRAPHY

# (A) Evolution of Muslim Historiography:

- 1. Historical Consciousness in Pre-islamic Arabia: Poetry, Inscriptions, Ayyam al-Arab Narratives and Geneology
- 2. Scope and Characteristics of Muslim Historiography
- 3. Development of Sirah & Tadkh Literature: Main Trends
- 4. Main Trends of Muslim, Spanish, Iranian and Turkish Historiography

# (B) Critical Study of the Main Historians:

- 1. Al-Tabari
- 2. Masudi
- 3. Ibn Khaldun
- 4. Ibn al-Khatir

# (C) Arab-Muslim Geography:

- 1. Origin and Sources of Arab Geography
- Development of Muslim Geography in early Centuries (6th - 8th Cs.)
  - (a) Greece
  - (b) India and China
  - (c) Iran and Central Asia
- 3. Growth of Descriptive Geography
  - (a) The Iraqi School utupned a september with march and
  - (b) The Balkhi School
  - (c) Detailed Study of Masudi, Idrisi and al-Biruni

- 1. Holt & Lewis (eds.) Historians of the Middle East
  - 2. D.S. Margoliouth, Lectures on Arab Historians
  - 3. F. Rosenthal, A History of Muslim Historiography
  - 4. Nisar A. Faruqi, Early Muslim Historiography
- 5. Nafis Ahmad, Muslim Contribution to Geography
  - 6. S.M.Z. Alvi, Arab Geography
  - 7. S.M. Ali, Arab Geography
  - 8. G.F. Hourani, Arab Seafaring

- 9. J. Schacht, The Legacy of Islam
- 10. M.M. Sharif, A History of Muslim Philosophy
- 11. S. Maqbul Ahmad, India and the Neighbouring Teritories

Al-Masudi
Al-Sharif ai-Idrisi
Al-Biruni As A Syntheziser and Transmitter
of Scientific Knowledge

# Unit III Complementary Subject Paper 2 WEST ASIAN ECONOMICS

#### 1 GENERAL ECONOMIC SURVEY OF WEST ASIA

Basic economic problems; meaning and characteristics of economic under-development with special reference to West Asia; General economic features and significance of West Asia.

#### 2. OIL & ECONOMIC DIVERSIFICATION

Petroleum and its global importance: Principal oil producing and, exporting groups; Planning for economic development, economic diversification and the role of government in West Asia.

#### 3. THE WEST ASIAN ECONOMIC TRENDS

Rich and the poor countries in the West Asian World; Economic Structure and outlook of the Arab Economies

- 4. ECONOMIC ORGANISATIONS AND COOPERATION OPEC, OAPEC, GCC, Arab Monetary Fund
- DEVELOPMENTAL PROBLEMS AND POLITICS
   Developmental problems, Agriculture development and land refoffns (in Iran and Egypt); Industry and foreign trade Gin Iraq and Saudi Arabia)

- 1. Cooper, C.A. and Alexander, S.S. (eds), Economic Development and Population Growth in Middle East
- 2. Amin, G.S., The Modernization of Poverty
- 3. Sayigh, Yousuf Al, The Economies of the Arab World
- Askari H. and Cumings J.T., Middle East Economies in the 1970s
- 5. Kermani T.T. Economic Development in Action

- 6. Europa Publications, The Middle East and North Africa (selected chapters)
- 7. Saab, G.S., The Egyptian Agricultural Reform
- 8. E.I.U., Country Profile (Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Egypt)
- 9. Tuma, Elias H., Economic and Political change in the Middle East
- 10. Meir, G.M., Leading Issues and Economic Development
- 11. Middle East Economic Hand-Book
- 12. Encyclopaedia of West Asia, AMU

# UNIT III COMPLEMENTARY SUBJECT PAPER 2 WEST ASIAN POLITICS IN THE 20TH CENTURY

- Impact of Western Ideas and Institutions on West Asian Society and Polity
  - 2. Arab Nationalism and Arab Socialism
  - 3. Islamic Revivalism
- 2. 1. Rise and Consolidation of Zionism
  - 2. Mandates and the Formation of Israel
  - 3. The Palestine Problem
- 3 1. Strategic significance of West Asia after World War II
  - 2. Importance of Natural Resources
  - 3. West Asia in the Post Cold war Era
- 4. 1. Domestic discords, Internal Instability and threats in West Asian Countries
  - 2. Regional Security in West Asia
  - 3. National Security Policy of Iran and Israel
- 5. Political structure and Political Parties in Iraq, Israel and Egypt

- Roy A. Anderson & John C. Wanger, Politics and change in the Middle East
- 2. Mohd. Ayoob, Conflict and Intervention in the Third World
- 3. Mohd. Ayoob, The Middle East in World Politics
- 4. Aural Barul, The Middle East in Global strategy
- 5. Micheal C. Hudson, Arab Politics The search for Legitimacy
- 6. David Long, The Persian Gulf An Introduction to its people, Politics & Economy

- 7. Bernard Lewis, The Middle East and North Africa
- 8. M.S. Agwani, Politics in the Gulf.
- 9. Jim Niblock, Iraq The Contemporary State
- 10. Jim Niblock, Social and Economic Development in the Arab Gulf
- 11. Claudia Wright, The Middle East
- 12. Ghassam Salame, The Foundations of the Arab State
- 13. Majid Khadouri, Political Trends in The Arab World
- 14. Abid A. Marayati, The Middle East.. Its Govt. & Politics
- 15. Maurice Harari, Govt. and Politics of the Middle East
- Abdul L. & William Aartman, Beyond Coercion The Lurability of the Arab State
- 17. R. Haris Lekmejian, Pattern of Political Leadership London, Israel and Egypt