# MAHATMA GANDHI UNIVERSITY [PRIVATE REGISTRATION] B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE CORE COURSE:PS5CRT10 – SEMESTER V INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS QUESTION BANK

- 1. Panchsheel means:
  - a) The name of the 13<sup>th</sup> state of India.
  - b) The guideline for the international relations of India
  - c) The name of the international boundary
  - d) The name of Asia
- 2. Panchsheel was adopted by India in the year.....
  - a) 1947
  - b) 1950
  - c) 1954
  - d) 1962
- 3. The number of principles included in the 'Panchsheel' is
  - a) 2
  - b) 5
  - c) 10
  - d) 20
- 4. Which of the following is not a principle of 'Panchsheel'?
  - a) Non cooperation
  - b) Wearing Khadi
  - c) Mutual respect for the territorial integrity and sovereignty.
  - d) Encouraging import and export.

- 5. Which of the following is not a principle of 'Panchsheel'?
  - a) Non-Alignment
  - b) Non-Aggression
  - c) Peaceful co-existence
  - d) Interference in the internal affairs of the other countries.
- 6. Who was the Prime Minister of India, when 'Panchsheel' was adopted?
  - a) Lal Bahadur Shastri
  - b) Jawahar Lal Nehru
  - c) Morarji Desai
  - d) Rajiv Gandhi
- 7. In which year the French Revolution broke out,.....
  - a) 1776
  - b) 1789
  - c) 1791
  - d) None is correct
- 8. The Panchsheel treaty was signed between, a
  - a) India and China
  - b) India and Nepal
  - c) India and Sri Lanka
  - d) India and Afghanistan
- 9. Who was the Chinese Premier, when 'Panchsheel' was adopted?
  - a) Zhou Enlai
  - b) Jawahar Lal Nehru
  - c) Charchil
- 10. The UNO come in to existence as a result of .....

- a) Two world wars
- b) A desire of nations to have durable peace
- c) Efforts to make world free from wars.
- d) All of the above are correct.
- 11. The UNO replaced by.....
  - a) League of Nations
  - b) The Moscow Declaration
  - c) The Warsaw Pact
  - d) The Panztrenty
- 12. The United Nation Charter contains the .....
  - a) Aims of organizations
  - b) Pates of membership fee
  - c) Amount of aid to be granted to each country
  - d) Financial gain for its members.
- 13. The United Nations Charter was signed for the first time in.....
  - a) New York
  - b) San Francisco
  - c) Panz
  - d) Geneva
- 14. The main aims of United Nations are to promote .....
  - a) Universal Cooperation and improving economic, social and cultural problems.
  - b) Harmonising relations amongst nations.
  - c) Maintenance of international peace and security.
  - d) All of the above are correct.
- 15. The headquarter of the UNO is situated in.....

- a) New York
- b) San Fransisco
- c) Washington
- d) Paris

16. The First World War lasted for.....

- a) 3 years
- b) 4 years
- c) 5 years
- d) 6 years

17. The First woman to be British Prime Minister is.....

- a) Isbel Peron
- b) Mac Donal Flora
- c) Margaret Thatcher
- d) Margaret II
- 18. Who was the hero of the American War of Independence?
  - a) Abraham Lincoln
  - b) Benjamin Franklin
  - c) John Adhms
  - d) All of the above
- 19. Who was the first president of USA?
  - a) Abraham Lincoln
  - b) J Kennedy
  - c) Benjamin Franklin
  - d) George Washington

20. The number of permanent members of the U.N Security Council is.....

- a) 2
- b) 5
- c) 7
- d) 6

21. Which day every year is celebrated as the UNO Day?

- a) July 18
- b) August 20
- c) October 24
- d) November 26
- 22. An easing to tension between the states can be termed as.....
  - a) Delegation
  - b) Declaration
  - c) Demarche
  - d) Détente
- 23. The word 'Third World' was coined and first used by.....
- a. Rudolf Hitler
- b. Alfred Sawy
- c. Abraham Lincoln
- d. Jawahar Lal Nehru
- 24. Which of the following is not an Islamic Organization?
  - a) Hamas
  - b) Hizbul Mujahidin
  - c) LTTE
  - d) JKLF

- 25. Which of the following was the first alliance to formulate the principles of Collective Security?
  - a) NATO
  - b) Leage of Nations
  - c) United Nations
  - d) SEATO

26. The political concept of the Third world is.....

- a) Nations in the obedience to USA.
- b) Nations in the obedience to USSR.
- c) Nations in the obedience to a third party.
- d) Nations which did not accept the supremacy of any of the countries like USA and USSR.
- 27. The non permanent members of the Security Council are elected for.....
  - a) Five year terms
  - b) Four year terms
  - c) Three year terms
  - d) Two year terms

28. The seat of International Court of Justice is.....

- a) Hawai Mahal in Delhi
- b) Peace Palace in Hague
- c) Posta-Rica in Moscow
- d) Peace Palace in Paris
- 29. The International Court of justice is composed of.....
  - a) 50 members

- b) 20 members
- c) 15 Members
- d) 35 Members

30. Judge of International Court of Justice are elected for.....

- a) Nine Years
- b) Five Years
- c) Three Years
- d) Two Years
- 31. According to Realism, the essence of the international politics is.....
  - a) The Pursuit of power
  - b) Morality
  - c) Peace
  - d) Globalization

32. Realism is a general philosophy can be more or less considered as an anti-thesis of

.....

- a) Liberalism
- b) Marxism
- c) Idealism
- d) Individualism

33. Realism views the fundamental objective of every state is.....

- a) To make peace
- b) To promote national interest and to acquire power for this purpose
- c) To declare war
- d) To submit to the dictates of the international organization.

34. Regional Security Complex is the term coined by .....

- a) Buzan and Waever
- b) Sidney. B. Fay
- c) Hans .J. Morgenthau
- d) Inis Claude
- 35. The term Political system refers to.....
  - a) The government in its empirical dimensions.
  - b) The study based on a strictly inter disciplinary approach
  - c) All structures within politics.
  - d) All of the above
- 36. 'The authoritative allocation of values' was a concept given by .....
  - a) Almond and Powel
  - b) David Easton
  - c) Beer and Ulam
  - d) Max Weber
- 37. ----- is a technique which helps a nation to maintaining international relations and also sustaining in international politics.
  - a) Diplomacy
  - b) War
  - c) Arms control
  - d) Disarmament

38. The term 'Cold war' was first used by.....

- a) Bernard Baruch
- b) Desmond Domelly
- c) Almond
- d) Walter Lippman

39. The term 'Cold war' was popularised by.....

- a) Bernard Baruch
- b) Desmond Domelly
- c) Almond
- d) Walter Lippman

40. The most recent member state to be added to NATO is on 5 June 2017.....

- a) Chili
- b) Norvey
- c) Montenegro
- d) Peru

41. The North Atlantic Treaty was signed on 4<sup>th</sup> April.....

- a) 1949
- b) 1950
- c) 1951
- d) 1952
- 42. The----- was a period of geopolitical tension between the Soviet Union with its satellite states and the United States with its allies after World War II.
  - a) Non alignment
  - b) Cold war
  - c) Neo liberalism
  - d) None of the above

43. The dissolution of the Soviet Union was happened in the year .....

- a) 1990
- b) 1991
- c) 1992

- d) 1993
- 44. The Non-Alignment movement is generally traced from the year 1955 when 29 Asian and African nations met at .....
  - a) Paris
  - b) Bandung
  - c) New York
  - d) Hague
- 45. The first Secretary-General of UNO is .....
  - a) Trygve Halvdan Lie
  - b) Dag Hammarskjöld
  - c) U Thant
  - d) Kurt Josef Waldheim
- 46. Who is the present Secretary-General of UNO?
  - a) Boutros Boutros-Ghali
  - b) Kofi Annan
  - c) António Manuel de Oliveira Guterres
  - d) Ban Ki Moon
- 47. Which one of the following is not an element of national power?
  - a) Geography
  - b) Technology
  - c) Natural resources
  - d) Religion
- 48. Which one of the following is not an US sponsored treaty?
  - a) SEATO
  - b) NATO

- c) MEDO
- d) WRASAW TREATY

49. WARSAW TREATY was founded in the year.....

- a) 1955
- b) 1956
- c) 1957
- d) 1958

50. Which defence treaty is formally known as the Treaty of Friendship, Cooperation and

Mutual Assistance, was signed in Warsaw in 1955?

- a) SEATO
- b) NATO
- c) MEDO
- d) WARSAW TREATY
- 51. WARSAW Treaty was dissolved on.....
  - a) 1990
  - b) 1991
  - c) 1992
  - d) 1993
- 52. Which political scientist defined the Game Theory as 'Game Theory is a mathematical method for the study of some aspect of conscious decision making in situations involving the possibilities of conflict and or cooperation'?
  - a) Martin Shubik
  - b) W. A Gamson
  - c) Poul Diesing
  - d) Charles Merriams

- 53. Some of the main proponents of the realistic theory include.....
  - a) E.H Carr and George F Kennan
  - b) Hans J Morgenthau and Reinhold Nicebuhr
  - c) Kennath W Thompson and Ron Harre
  - d) All of the above
- 54. Which political scientist divides the components of his model of the political systems into 'inputs' consisting of 'demands' and 'supports' and 'outputs' connected by the feedback?
  - a) Robert Mitchell
  - b) S. Milipset
  - c) Jean Blondel
  - d) David Easton
- 55. Which political theory is not an empirical study of how people make decisions but it is only a deductive theory about the conditions that their decisions would have to satisfy in order to meet demands rationally or consistently?
  - a) System Theory
  - b) Political Development Theory
  - c) Decision Making Theory
  - d) Game Theory
- 56. According to Kaplan , the most likely transformation of the balance of power system is in to a .....
  - a) Uni-polar system
  - b) Bipolar system
  - c) Universal international system
  - d) None of the above

- 57. The treaty of Frankfort was signed in 1871 between.....
  - a) Austria & Prussia
  - b) Denmark & Prussia
  - a) France & Prussia
  - c) Italy & Russia

58. Europe was divided into two groups before the world war I<sup>st</sup> was known as.....

- a. Triple Alliance and Tripple Entente
- b) Triple Alliance and Dual Alliance
- c) American Group and Russian Group
- d) French Group and Austrian Group
- 59. The Cold War means.....
- a. The war of words
- b. The war without arms
- c. The war with sticks
- d. The war in which arms are not used but the whole atmosphere of war remains the same between the rival countries.
- 60. Which of the following country did not became the member of the League of Nations?
  - a) Britian
  - b) France
  - c) U.S.A
  - d) Germany
- 61. Who was the last and final President of USSR?
  - a) Leonid Brezhnev.
  - b) Yuri Andropov

- c) Konstantin Chernenko.
- d) Mikhail Gorbachev.
- 62. Who is the present foreign minister of India?
  - a) SM Krishna
  - b) SushamaSwaraj
  - c) Subrahmanyam Jaishankar
  - d) Salman Khurshid

63. The countries who engaged in cold war were.....

- a. USA-Japan
- b. USA-USSR
- c. US-Britain
- d. Italy-Germany

64. The cold war ended with the dissolution of .....

- a. Germany
- b. USA
- c. UK
- d. USSR

65. The period of cold war was in between.....

a)1945 – 1949 b)1945 - 1991 c)1918 - 1949 d)1962 – 1990 66. The word' Detente' means...... a)Stoppage of war

a)stoppage of war

b)Tie between nations

- c)Relaxation of tension
- d)intensive war
- 67. The term Non-alignment itself was coined by.....
  - a)Nehru
  - b)Chou Enlai
  - c)Kenneth Kaunda
  - d)Nasser
- 68. Perestroika and Glasnost was the reforms put forward by.....
  - a) Gorbachev
  - b) George Bush
  - c) Reagan
  - d) Kennedy
- 69. In which conference NAM took its birth?
  - a) Kuala Lumpur
  - b) Doha
  - c) Bandung
  - d) Katmandu

70. 'To keep away from the power blocks' are the idea of .....

- a)NAM b)ASEAN c)UN
- d)SAARC
- 71. The name of US president who has signed SALT 1 is .....
  - a) Nixon
  - b) Jimmy carter

- c) Bill Clinton
- d) Kennedy

72. The total number of to UN Security Council is .....

- a) 15
- b) 4
- c) 6
- d) 7

73. The UN was came into existence on .....

- a)24<sup>th</sup> October 1924
- b)12<sup>th</sup> October 1924
- c)24<sup>th</sup> October 1945
- d)12<sup>th</sup> October 1945

74. The mutual defence treaty between 8 communist states of eastern Europe in existence

during cold war was \_\_\_\_\_

- a. NATO
- b. WARSAW PACT
- c. SEATO
- d. CENTO
- 75. Which organisation is termed as "a Child of War"?
  - a. UN
  - b. League of Nations
  - c. SAARC
  - d. WHO
- 76. The headquarters of NATO is at.....
  - a. Brussels

#### b. Germany

- c. Italy
- d. USA

77. NATO was established in the year of .....

a)1949

b)1948

c)1945

d)1955

78. "One for all and all for one" is the watch word of .....

a)Collective security

b)UNO

c)Disarmament

d)Amnesty

79. The International Court of Justice is located in .....

a)Holland

b)Spain

c)New York

d)Hague

80. The number of official languages in UN is .....

b)5 c)6

a)2

d)8

81. The first Asian Secretary general of UN was .....

a)Ban-Ki-moon

b)Trigve lie

c)U Thant

d)Kofi Annan

- 82. Which Conference adopted the United Nations Charter on 26th January, 1945?a. London Conference
  - b. Tokyo Conference
  - c. San Francisco Conference
  - d. None of the above

#### 83. Which organ consists of all the member states of UN?

a)Secretariat

b)General assembly

c)Security council

d)International court of justice.

84. The foreign policy adopted by the United States in the early years of the Cold

War to stop the expansion of the Soviet Union was known as.....

a). Detente.

b). The Marshall Plan.

c). Mutual assured destruction.

d). Containment.

85. Which of the following states is not a permanent member of the UN Security Council?

a). Britain

b). USA

c). China

d) Germany

86. There are exactly .....full voting members in the UN General Assembly

a). 180

b). 190

c). 193

d). 188

87. Among the following which was not a signatory in CTBT?

a. India

b. North Korea

### c. Pakistan

d. All of tl	ne above.
--------------	-----------

88.	In which year the CTBT was opened for signature
a.195	56
b.199	96
c.199	)1
d.199	0
u.199	9
89.	During the inter war years, the U.S President Wooddrow Wilson became the
most	forceful exponent of
a.	Idealism
b.	Realism
c.	Neo Realism
d.	Liberalism
90.	The main supporters of Idealism are
a.	Mahatma Gandhi, Bertrand Russell
b.	Woodrow Wilson, Aldous Huxley
c.	William Ladd, Richard Cobben, Margret Mead
d.	All of the above.
91.	The ability to control the behaviour of other states in accordance with one's
own v	vill is known as
a)	Disarmament
b)	National Power
c)	Non alignment

- d) Arms control.
- 92. Which is the biggest country the world?
- a) U.S.A
- b) Russia
- c) China
- d) India

93. The boundary line between India and Pakistan is ------

- a) Durand Line
- b) Radcliffe Line
- c) McMohan Line
- d) 24<sup>th</sup> Parallel
- 94. How many member countries are there in UNO?
  - a) 191
  - b) 192
  - c) 193
  - d) 194
- 95. "Balance of power is such a just equilibrium in power among the members of family of nations as will prevent any one of them from becoming sufficiently strong to enforce its will upon others". Who said that?
  - a) Martin Wright
  - b) Sidney.B.Fay
  - c) Hans.J. Morgenthau
  - d) Inis Claude

96. The Second World War happened in the period .....

a) 1914-18

- b) 1921-25
- c) 1939-45
- d) 1946-50

97. The Golden age of balance of power is between .....

- a) 1815-1914
- a) 1914-18
- b) 1921-26
- c) 1939-45

98. Collective security system has been laid down in the .....Chapter of the

UN Charter.

- a) 5<sup>th</sup>
- b) 6<sup>th</sup>
- c) 7<sup>th</sup>
- d) 8<sup>th</sup>

99. In UN Charter, the Collective security consists of ...... articles.

- a) 11
- b) 12
- b) 13
- c) 14

100. In UN Charter, article 39-51 deals with .....

- a) Collective Security.
- b) Balance of Power
- c) Armament
- d) Members of UNO

- 101. Regional security complex theory (RSCT) is a theory of international relations developed by .....
  - a) Barry Buzan and Ole Waever
  - b) Sidney.B.Fay
  - c) Hans.J. Morgenthau
  - d) Inis Claude
- 102. ..... is a system of continued economic and indirect control exercised by

former colonial powers over the new sovereign state of the world.

- a. Colonialism
- b. Imperialism
- c. Neo-colonialism
- d. Cold war
- 103. What are the parameters to become a member of the UN?a. It must be a state, it must be peace loving
  - b. It must accept the obligations to the Charter; it must be willing to carry out these obligations
  - c. It must be able to carry out these obligations
  - d. All the above
- 104. When the economy and political policy of a poor and backward state is almost completely dependent upon a foreign power is called.....
  - a) Welfare state
  - b) Colony
  - c) Satellite state.
  - d) None of the above.
- 105. The final collapse of the USSR is in .....
  - a) 1990

- b) 1991
- c) 1992
- d) 1993

106. The Atlantic Charter consists of.....principles.

- a) 5
- b) 6
- c) 7
- d) 8

107. The Atlantic Charter signed in the year.....

- a) 1939
- b) 1940
- c) 1941
- d) 1942

108. The General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade was replaced by -

- .....
- a. North American Free Trade Association
- b. South Asian Free Trade Association
- c. World Trade Organisation
- d. None of the above

109. The US President Truman announced a new doctrine known as Truman Doctrine

- in.....
- a) March 1945
- b) March 1946
- c) March 1947
- d) March 1948
- 110. The USA formulated and announced the European Recovery programme is known
  - as .....
  - a) Truman Doctrine

- b) Marshall Plan
- c) NAM
- d) None of these.

111. The Cuban Missile Crisis is happened in the year.....

- a) 1961
- b) 1962
- c) 1963
- d) 1964
- 112. The Second NAM summit held on .....
  - a) 1964
  - b) 1965
  - c) 1966
  - d) 1967
- 113. The Second NAM summit held at .....
  - a) Belgrade
  - b) Lusaka
  - c) Cairo
  - d) Algiers
- 114. The seventh summit of NAM was held in New Delhi in .....
  - a) 1983
  - b) 1985
  - c) 1988
  - d) 1990
- 115. Which UN organ is termed as the 'Town meeting of the whole world"?
  - a) General assembly

- b) Security Council
- c) Trusteeship Council
- d) International Court of Justice
- 116. The first President of General Assembly of UNO was .....
  - a) LeninMoreno
  - b) María Fernanda Espinosa
  - c) Paul Henen Spook
  - d) Jose Serrano

117. The outbreak of Second World War is.....

- a) 1914
- b) 1918
- c) 1939
- d) 1945

118. The publication of Hans J Morgenthau is.....

- a) Politics Among Nations
- b) International relations
- c) Principle of political science
- d) None of these.
- 119. Political realism is related to.....
  - a) R C Snyder
  - b) Hans J Morgenthau
  - c) James Bates
  - d) James March
- 120. Which is the principle of Realist Theory of Morgenthau?
  - a) National interest defined in terms of national power

- b) National interest is always dynamic
- c) Autonomy of International Politics
- d) All of the above
- 121. System approach is related to .....
  - a) Morganthau
  - b) Morton Kaplan
  - c) Kenneth W Thompson
  - d) James March
- 122. Morton Kaplan discusses..... models of the International System.
  - a) 3
  - b) 4
  - c) 5
  - d) 6

123. Who among the following is not an advocate of decision making approach?

- a) RC Snyder
- b) James Bate
- c) James March
- d) Morton Kaplan

124. Which among the following are the models of system approach?

- a) The balance of power system and The tight bi -polar system
- b) The loose bi -polar system and The hierarchical system
- c) The unit veto system and The Universal system
- d) All of the above
- 125. Which one of the important elements of game theory is .....

a) Pay off

b)	Power

- c) Diplomacy
- d) Disarmament

126. In Game Theory, the Pay Off means.....

- a) The gain and loss results of the prospects
- b) Strategy
- c) Rules of the game
- d) Conflict

127. The French Revolution happened in the year.....

- a) 1776
- b) 1789
- c) 1885
- d) 1648

128. The Yalta Conference was held in the year-----

- a) 1935
- b) 1940
- c) 1945
- d) 1947

129. Which of the country is not a follower of NAM?

- a) India
- b) Egypt
- c) Sri Lanka
- d) Russia
- 130. Under whom recommendations the UN General Assembly suspends the UN membership?
  - a. Judicial Body

- b. International Judicial Community
- c. Security Council
- d. All of the above

- b) 15members
- c) 17members
- d) 19 members

132. The NATO was formed in the year.....

- A)1949
- B) 1950
- C) 1951
- D)1952

133. The SEATO was formed in the year.....

- a) 1951
- b) 1952
- c) 1953
- d) 1954

134. SEATO consist of ..... members.

- a) 7
- b) 8
- c) 9
- d) 10

- 135. ..... Involves the existence of a number of centres of powers in international relations.
  - a) Uni-polar System
  - b) Multi-polar System
  - c) Bi-polar System
  - d) None of these
- 136. The flag of USSR came down on .....
  - a) 31<sup>st</sup> December 1991
  - b) 31<sup>st</sup> December 1992
  - c) 31<sup>st</sup> December 1993
  - d) 31<sup>st</sup> December 1994
- 137. Which one of the following independent sovereign state is not the part of the former USSR?
  - a) Estonia
  - b) Latvia
  - c) Lithuania
  - d) Nepal
- 138. Even before the total disintegration of USSR, nine of the republics had decided to unite into a loose confederation of independent states is known as .....
  - a) Commonwealth of Independent States
  - b) NAM
  - c) Commonwealth
  - d) None of these
- 139. In ----- Russia came to be the first Socialist state in the world.
  - a) 1909

- b) 1914
- c) 1917
- d) 1919

140. The first Socialist state in the world is .....

- a) Russia
- b) China
- c) France
- d) America
- 141. After the disintegration of USSR,..... was the president of Russia.
  - a) Mikhail Gorbachev
  - b) Boris Yeltsin
  - c) George Bush
  - d) None of these
- 142. WTO was established on.....
  - a) 1<sup>st</sup> January 1992
  - b) 1<sup>st</sup> January 1995
  - c) 30<sup>th</sup> June 1993
  - d) 30<sup>th</sup> June 1995

143. North American Free Trade Area(NAFTA) includes:.....

- a) Canada, USA, Argentina
- b) Argentina, USA, Mexico
- c) Mexico, USA, Canada
- d) Argentina, Canada, Mexico
- 144. World Bank was created by.....
  - a) Geneva Agreement

- b) Brettonwood Conference
- c) Maastricht Treaty
- d) Maarakesh Agreement

145. The ASEAN was established in the year.....

- a) 1966
- b) 1967
- c) 1968
- d) 1969

146. The headquarters of SAARC is located in.....

- a) Kathmandu
- b) New Delhi
- c) Dhaka
- d) Islamabad
- 147. Which of these organisations has been awarded the Nobel Peace Prize three times?
  - a. International Committee of the Red Cross
  - b. Amnesty International
  - c. Transparency International
- 148. United Nations Organisation The headquarters of UN Human Rights Council is in

.....

- a) Paris
- b) London
- c) Geneva
- d) Washington.
- 149. The term "Anti-Globalisation" has been used by which of the following activists?
  - a) Noam Chomsky
  - b) Kautsky
  - c) Trotsky

- d) Blavatsky.
- 150. Disarmament Commission was formed by the General Assembly of the UN in the year.....
  - a) 1950
  - b) 1951
  - c) 1952
  - d) 1953

151. The first phase of Cold war was started with US military intervention in.....

- a) Berlin Blockade
- b) Suez Canal
- c) Pearl Harbour
- d) North Korea
- 152. The International Range Nuclear Force Treaty (INF)was signed in 1987 by.....
  - a) Reagan and Gorbachev
  - b) Clinton and Gorbachev
  - c) Reagan and Yeltsin
  - d) Bush and Putin
- 153. The first Secretary General of UNO from Africa is.....
  - a) Javier Perez de Cueller
  - b) Boutros Boutros Ghali
  - c) Kofi Annan
  - d) Kurt Waldheim

- 154. Who had given the "Fourteen Point" programme for the formation of League of Nations?
  - a. Williamson
  - b. Franklin D. Roosevelt
  - c. Sam Kutesa
  - d. Woodrow Wilson

155. The headquarters of International Atomic Energy Agency is located in .....

- a) Paris
- b) Geneva
- c) Brussels
- d) Vienna
- 156. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) was adopted by General Assembly of the UNO in the year.....
  - a) 1946
  - b) 1947
  - c) 1948
  - d) 1949
- 157. Author of the book 'Twenty years crisis 1992-1939: An introduction to International Relations', is .....
  - a) Harold Nicholson
  - b) E.H. Carr
  - c) Machiavalli
  - d) None of these

158. East Timor latest independent nation in the world was ruled by \_\_\_\_\_

- a) Malaysia
- b) Indonesia

- c) Philippines
- d) Brittan
- 159. UN Kyoto Protocol refers to .....
- a) Global warming
- b) Crushing terrorism
- c) Giving aid to Russia
- d) Water Pollution
- 160. The major exponents of Communication Theory is .....
  - a) Karl Deutseh
  - b) Lipset
  - c) Earnest Haos
  - d) None of these
- 161. The Tashkent Agreement was signed between Lal Bhahadur Sasthri and

.....

#### a) Ayoob Khan

- b) Yahya Khan
- c) Bhutoo
- d) None of these
- 162. Palk straits lies between India and -----
  - a) Pakistan
  - b) Sri Lanka
  - c) Bangladesh
  - d) China
- 163. Mac Mohan line divides between.....
  - a) India and China

- b) India and Pakistan
- c) China and Nepal
- d) Nepal and China
- 164. The country which left its stance of political neutrality and joined UN as its 190<sup>th</sup> member:
  - a) Switzerland
  - b) Austria
  - c) East Timur
  - d) Nepal
- 165. The present strength of UNO is.....
  - a) 192
  - b) 193
  - c) 194
  - d) 195

166. The Prime Minister of Britain during the Second World War.....

- a) Clement Attlee
- b) Winston Churchill
- c) Ramsay McDonald
- d) None of these

167. The headquarters of World Bank is in .....

- a) USA
- b) New York
- c) France
- d) China

168. The world entered the nuclear age in.....

- a) 1944
- b) 1945
- c) 1946
- d) 1947
- 169. The book "Politics among Nations: The Struggle for power and Peace" was writtenby:
  - a) Palmer and Perkins
  - b) C.J. Bartlet
  - c) Rajani Kothari
  - d) Hans Morganthau
- 170. The UN Charter was signed on.....
  - a) 24<sup>th</sup> October 1945
  - b) 26<sup>th</sup> June 1945
  - c) 26<sup>th</sup> July 1945
  - d) 24<sup>th</sup> August 1945
- 171. The South Asian Association for Regional Co-Operation was established in.....
  - a) 1985
  - b) 1990
  - c) 1984
  - d) 1983

172. Mastricht Treaty is related to .....

- a) Peace Accord in West Asia
- b) Peace Treaty with Iran
- c) European Unification

- d) Globalisation policies on Environment
- 173. Which leader from India played a key role in the launching of SAARC?
  - a) Indira Gandhi
  - b) Rajiv Gandhi
  - c) V.P. Singh
  - d) A.B. Vajpayee
- 174. Who Succeeded Mikhail Gorbachev in power?
  - a) Boris Yelstin
  - b) Vladimir Putin
  - c) Alexis kosygen
  - d) Kruschev
- 175. Who authored the work, "Clash of Civilizations and the remaking of world Order"?
  - a) Friedman
  - b) Morgantheau
  - c) Samuel Huntington
  - d) Paul F Kennedy
- 176. The UNCTAD was found in the year.....
  - a) 1996
  - b) 1964
  - c) 1951
  - d) 1963
- 177. The famous work "International Relations" was the work of .....
  - a) C J Bartlet
  - b) Hans Morgenthau
  - c) Palmer and Perkins

- d) None of the above
- 178. The Bandhang Conference was held in the year.....
  - a) 1954
  - b) 1955
  - c) 1958
  - d) 1960
- 179. The name "United Nations" was devised by.....
  - a) Frankiln .D. Roosevelt
  - b) Churchill
  - c) Chamberlain
  - d) None of these
- 180. India is a not a member of which of the following organisations?
  - a. Commonwealth of Nations
  - b. ASEAN
  - c. Indian Ocean Rim Association
  - d. South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation
- 181. Which of these organizations was initially set up as 'Atoms for Peace' organization in 1957?
  - a. World Nuclear Association
  - b. Greenpeace
  - c. North Atlantic Treaty Organisation
  - d. International Atomic Energy Agency
- 182. In which year did India test her first nuclear device at Pokhran?
  - a) 1974
  - b) 1970
  - c) 1971
  - d) 1980

183. Who among the following is not a member of SAARC?

- a) Maldives
- b) Bhutan

- c) Indonesia
- d) India

184. The total non- permanent members of UN security Council is.....

- a) 10
- b) 15
- c) 5
- d) 193

185. The "World Trade Centre" was attacked on .....

- a) 2001 October 11
- b) 2000 September 10
- c) 2001 September 11
- d) 2000 August 11

186. Who among the following is the main supporter of realist school?

- a) George Kennan
- b) Hans Morgenthau
- c) Woodrow Wilson
- d) None of these

187. ..... Is not a member of ASEAN?

- a) Pakistan
- b) Singapore
- c) Malaysia
- d) Thailand
- 188. Which of the following is not an apex organ of UN?
  - a) Security Council
  - b) General Assembly

- c) International Labour Organization
- d) International Court of Justice
- 189. Who among following offers an acceptable and comprehensive definition of International Relations?
  - a) Hoffman
  - b) Aristotle
  - c) George Washington
  - d) None of these
- 190. Morgenthau's theory of International Relations is called-----
  - a) Idealism
  - b) Realism
  - c) Neo Liberalism
- 191. Which one of the following is not a feature of balance of power?
  - a) Some sort of equilibrium in power relations.
  - b) Big powers as actors of balance of powers
  - c) National interest is its basis
  - d) All of the above
- 192. The USA formulated and announced the European Recovery Programme is called.....
  - a) Truman Doctrine
  - b) Peristroika
  - c) Marshal Plan
  - d) Glasnost
- 193. Berlin Blockade is happened in the year.....
  - a) 1944

- b) 1945
- c) 1947
- d) 1948

194. Which Specialized agency of UNO lists worlds heritage sites?

- a. UNESCO
- b. UNICEF
- c. WTO
- d. WWF
- 195. Which one of the following is not a specialized agency of UNO?
  - a) WTO
  - b) WHO
  - c) FAO
  - d) Amnesty International

196. The number of BRICS countries.....

- a) 3
- b) 5
- c) 4
- d) 6

197. Which one of the following country is not a member of BRICS?

- a) Brazil
- b) Russia
- c) India
- d) Canada
- 198. The UDHR consist of.....
  - a) 28 articles
  - b) 29 articles
  - c) 30 articles

- d) 31 articles
- 199. The president of USA after Barack Obama is.....
- a) Donald Trump
- b) George Bush
- c) Clinton
- d) None of these.
- 200. Who among the following is one of the founding father of realist school in the 20<sup>th</sup> century?
- a) Bernard Baruch
- b) Desmond Domelly
- c) Hans Morgenthau
- d) Almond

## ANSWER KEY

1	В	51	b	101	а	151	а
2	С	52	а	102	с	152	а
3	В	53	d	103	d	153	С
4	С	54	a	104	с	154	d
5	А	55	d	105	b	155	d
6	В	56	b	106	d	156	с
7	В	57	с	107	с	157	b
8	А	58	а	108	с	158	b
9	А	59	d	109	с	159	а
10	D	60	с	110	b	160	а
11	А	61	d	111	b	161	a
12	А	62	с	112	a	162	b
13	В	63	b	113	с	163	a
14	D	64	d	114	a	164	a
15	А	65	b	115	а	165	b
16	В	66	с	116	с	166	b

17	С	67	a	117	с	167	а
18	D	68	a	118	a	168	b
19	D	69	с	119	b	169	d
20	В	70	а	120	d	170	b
21	С	71	а	121	b	171	а
22	D	72	а	122	d	172	с
23	В	73	с	123	d	173	b
24	С	74	b	124	d	174	а
25	В	75	b	125	а	175	с
26	D	76	а	126	а	176	b
27	D	77	а	127	b	177	с
28	В	78	а	128	с	178	b
29	С	79	d	129	d	179	а
30	А	80	с	130	с	180	b
31	А	81	с	131	b	181	d
32	С	82	с	132	а	182	a
33	В	83	b	133	d	183	с

34	А	84	d	134	b	184	а
35	С	85	d	135	b	185	с
36	В	86	с	136	a	186	b
37	А	87	d	137	d	187	а
38	А	88	b	138	а	188	с
39	D	89	а	139	с	189	а
40	С	90	d	140	а	190	b
41	А	91	b	141	b	191	d
42	В	92	b	142	b	192	с
43	В	93	b	143	с	193	d
44	В	94	с	144	b	194	а
45	А	95	b	145	b	195	d
46	с.	96	с	146	a	196	b
47	D	97	а	147	а	197	d
48	D	98	с	148	с	198	с
49	А	99	b	149		199	a
50	D	100	а	150	с	200	с