

B.A DEGREE (CBCS) Examination 2019 - 20

SEMESTER - VI

PRIVATE REGISTRATION

CORE COURSE

PL6CRT13- APPLIED ETHICS

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

1. Ethics is a ----- science.
a. Positive b. Negative c. Normative d. Theoretical
2. ----- is the domain of ethics that includes professional ethics and practical ethics.
a. Positive ethics b. Applied ethics c. Normative ethics d. Metaethics
3. Analysis about the nature and status of ethical theories is the subject matter of:
a. Positive ethics b. Applied ethics c. Normative ethics d. Metaethics
4. ----- is the philosophical examination, from a moral standpoint, of particular issues in private and public life which are matters of moral judgment.
a. Positive ethics b. Applied ethics c. Normative ethics d. Metaethics
5. ----- is the method of resolving moral problems by the application of theoretical rules.
a. Casuistry b. Analysis c. Research d. Heuristic
6. The method for jurisprudence and Applied ethics is:
a. Analysis b. Research b. Heuristic d. Casuistry
7. In ethics Casuistry means:
a. Case-based analysis b. Cased- based reasoning c. Case- based investigation
d. Case- based explanation
8. The word casuistry derives from the Latin noun:
a. Case b. Casue c. Cassu d. Casus
9. Identify the ethical position which accepted casuistry as a useful method.
a. Absolutism b. Prescriptivism c. Utilitarianism d. None of these.
10. Who among the following criticized utilizing casuistry as a method for applied ethics?
a. Pope Francis b. G. E. Moore C. J. S. Mill d. Bentham
11. ----- is a branch of applied ethics that studies the philosophical, social and legal issues arising in medicine and the life sciences.
a. Medical ethics b. Bio-ethics c. Legal ethics d. Practical ethics
12. ----- used the term Bio-ethics to describe the relationship between the biosphere and growing human population.
a. Fritz Jahr b. Peter Singer c. Van R. Potter d. Sargent Shriver
13. The notion Corporate Social Responsibility is related to:
a. Medical ethics b. Business ethics c. Media ethics d. Bio ethics
14. Business ethics is also called:

- a. Organizational ethics b. Capital ethics c. Industrial ethics d. Corporate ethics
15. ----- is the ethical theory proposed maximum happiness for maximum number.
 a. Ethical absolutism d. Utilitarianism c. Egoism d. Ethical Naturalism
16. The name Peter Singer is related to:
 a. Practical ethics b. Normative ethics c. Metaethics d. Deontology
17. Case of Roe V Wade is related to the issue of:
 a. Euthanasia b. Surrogacy c. Cloning d. Abortion
18. IVF means:
 a. Intensive Fertilization b. Invitro Fertilization c. Intro fertilization d. In vitro Fetus
19. Identify the first IVF baby.
 a. Robert Edwards b. Dolly c. Louise Brown d. Roe V Wade.
20. Louis Brown was born in:
 a. 1978 b. 1973 c. 1975 d. 1977
21. Who put forward strongest argument against abortion?
 a. Liberalists b. Feminists c. Consequentialists d. Conservatives
22. ----- is not a divide line between fertilized egg and child according to liberalists.
 a. Birth b. Viability c. Quickening d. Brain development
23. ----- is the most visible possible divide line between fertilized egg and child for those who support abortion.
 a. Viability b. Birth c. Quickening d. Consciousness
24. Which one is treated as the dived line in Roe V. Wade case?
 a. Viability b. Birth c. Quickening d. Consciousness
25. ----- is the time when the mother first feels the fetus move.
 a. Birth b. Viability c. Consciousness d. Quickening
26. 'Silent scream' is related to:
 a. Euthanasia b. Surrogacy c. Abortion d. Cloning.
27. 'Fetus is an innocent human being'. Who favored this position?
 a. Liberals b. Conservatives c. Feminists d. Postmodernists
28. Who wrote on liberty?
 a. Kant b. J. S. Mill c. John Rawls d. Bentham
29. According liberalist ----- is the real morally significant divide line between fertilized egg and child.
 a. Viability b. Birth c. Quickening d. Consciousness
30. Crimes without Victims is written by:
 a. Edwin Schur b. J. S. Mill c. Peter Singer d. Immanuel Kant
31. Opponents of abortion maintain that the victim of abortion is:
 a. Woman b. Society c. Fetus d. Child
32. 'Woman has the right to choose what happens to her own body'. Who favored this statement?
 a. Liberalists b. Conservatives c. Feminists d. Postmodernists
33. Judith Jarvis Thomson is a:

- a. Liberalist b. Feminist c. Conservative d. Postmodernist
34. 'Pro- life' movement is related to the issue of:
 a. Euthanasia b. Surrogacy c. Abortion d. Cloning
35. The problem of embryo wastage is related to:
 a. Euthanasia b. Surrogacy c. IVF d. Cloning
36. Euthanasia means:
 a. Gentle and easy death b. Painless death c. Unexpected death d. Death
37. Euthanasia is popularly known as:
 a. Silent killing b. Deliberate killing c. Killing on willingness d. Mercy killing
38. Euthanasia carried out under the request of the person killed is known as:
 a. Non-voluntary euthanasia b. Voluntary euthanasia c. Involuntary euthanasia
 d. none of the above
39. Which form of euthanasia is legalized by most of the countries?
 a. Non-voluntary euthanasia b. Voluntary euthanasia c. Involuntary euthanasia
 d. none of the above
40. Since 2018 ----- euthanasia is legalized in India.
 a. Active euthanasia b. Involuntary euthanasia c. Passive euthanasia c. Non-voluntary euthanasia
41. India legalized passive euthanasia in:
 a. March 2018 b. March 2019 c. April 2016 d. April 2015
42. Identify the Greek terms which are the roots of the term Euthanasia.
 a. Eu and Thats b. Eu and Thanatos c. Eu and Thanasia d. Eu and Thesia.
43. Aruna Shanbaug case is related to:
 a. Abortion b. Surrogacy c. Pro-life d. Euthanasia
44. Who filed a petition in the supreme court of India as the plea to discontinue Aruna Shanbaug's life supporting system and allow passive euthanasia to her?
 a. Judith Jarvis Thomson b. Pinki Virani c. Edwin Schur d. Peter Singer
45. Identify the nation which legalized active euthanasia.
 a. India b. Netherlands c. China d. France
46. In India ----- is still illegal.
 a. Active euthanasia b. Passive euthanasia c. Involuntary euthanasia d. Non-voluntary euthanasia
47. The book -"Bitter Chocolate: Child Sexual Abuse in India", is written by:
 a. Judith Jarvis Thomson b. Peter Singer c. Edwin Schur d. Pinki Virani
48. The book 'Aruna's Story' is written by:
 a. Judith Jarvis Thomson b. Peter Singer c. Edwin Schur d. Pinki Virani
49. Which form of Euthanasia is called as Surgeon assisted suicide?
 a. Voluntary Euthanasia b. Involuntary Euthanasia c. Non-voluntary Euthanasia
 d. Passive Euthanasia
50. The term assisted suicide is related with:
 a. Passive Euthanasia b. Voluntary Euthanasia c. Involuntary Euthanasia
 d. Non-voluntary Euthanasia
51. Euthanasia as ----- when the person killed is capable of consenting to his or her death, but do not do so.

- a. Voluntary Euthanasia b. Involuntary Euthanasia c. Non-voluntary Euthanasia
d. Passive Euthanasia
52. Euthanasia performed against the will of the patient is called:
a. Voluntary Euthanasia b. Involuntary Euthanasia c. Non-voluntary Euthanasia
d. Passive Euthanasia
53. Name the euthanasia conducted when the explicit consent of the individual concerned is unavailable.
a. Voluntary Euthanasia b. Involuntary Euthanasia c. Non-voluntary Euthanasia
d. Passive Euthanasia
54. Identify the form of Euthanasia which is performed when the person is persistently vegetative state, or the case of infants.
a. Voluntary Euthanasia b. Involuntary Euthanasia c. Non-voluntary Euthanasia
d. Passive Euthanasia
55. The notion of 'status of embryo' related to:
a. Surrogacy b. Euthanasia c. Murder d. Abortion
56. 'Doing away with useless mouths'. This view related to
a. Voluntary euthanasia b. Nazi euthanasia c. Fascists euthanasia d. Non-voluntary euthanasia
57. 'Maintaining a pure Aryan Volk', is the justification given by:
a. Nazism b. Fundamentalism c. Terrorism d. Fascism
58. Nazi euthanasia is neither voluntary nor non-voluntary but -----.
a. involuntary b. passive c. active d. assisted
59. According to the way in which euthanasia is conducted it can be divided in to :
a. three b. four c. two five.
60. Euthanasia is done by the withdrawal of life supporting systems is called:
a. Voluntary euthanasia b. Passive euthanasia c. Active euthanasia d. non-voluntary euthanasia.
61. According to the way in which euthanasia is conducted it can be divided as :
a. Voluntary and non-voluntary b. Non-voluntary and involuntary c. Active and passive d. Voluntary and involuntary
62. Division of active and passive euthanasia is based on:
a. the uses of medicine b. the consent of the patient c. the process of doing euthanasia d. the autonomy of the patient
63. The euthanasia is done by giving lethal injection is called:
a. Passive euthanasia b. active euthanasia c. voluntary euthanasia d. non-voluntary euthanasia.
64. The notion 'letting die' is related to:
a. Voluntary euthanasia b. Non-voluntary euthanasia c. active euthanasia d. passive euthanasia.
65. ----- type of euthanasia is widely accepted.
a. Passive b. active c. in-voluntary d. non-voluntary
66. Voluntary euthanasia is also called as:
a. Suicide b. Assisted murder c. Surgeon assisted suicide d. Surgeon assisted murder
67. Euthanasia is done by the withdrawal of the ventilator is called:

- a. Voluntary euthanasia b. Non-voluntary euthanasia c. active euthanasia d. passive euthanasia.
68. Which among the given is treated as the widely accepted form of euthanasia?
a. Non-voluntary euthanasia b. Voluntary euthanasia c. In-voluntary euthanasia d. Active euthanasia
69. The term bioethics is derived from the Greek -----
a. Bios and Ethos b. Bio and Ethos c. Bio and Etho d. Bios and Etho
70. The article 'Bioethical imperative' is written by
a. Peter Singer b. Van R. Potter c. Fritz Jahr d. Sargent Shriver
71. The principle of Autonomy is related to :
a. Business ethics b. Medical ethics c. Media ethics d. Legal ethics
72. Which among the following is not treated as the principle of Medical ethics?
a. Autonomy b. Justice c. Beneficence d. Objectivity
73. The notion of Informed consent is related to the principle of:
a. Autonomy b. Justice c. Beneficence d. Non-maleficence.
74. The concept 'Informed consent' is related to:
a. Business ethics b. Medical ethics c. Media ethics d. Legal ethics
75. ----- is the basic principle of the view of Fair distribution of scarce medical resources.
a. Autonomy b. Justice c. Beneficence d. Non-maleficence
76. ----- is the basic principle of the view that a medical procedure does not make harm to the patient involved and others in the society.
a. Autonomy b. Justice c. Beneficence d. Non-maleficence
77. ----- occurs when the patient dies because the medical professionals don't do something necessary to keep the patient alive.
a. Voluntary euthanasia b. Non-voluntary euthanasia c. active euthanasia d. passive euthanasia.
78. ----- occurs when the patient dies because of medical professionals stop doing something that is keeping the patient alive.
a. Voluntary euthanasia b. Non-voluntary euthanasia c. active euthanasia d. passive euthanasia.
79. When death is brought about by an act is called:
a. Passive euthanasia b. active euthanasia c. voluntary euthanasia d. non-voluntary euthanasia.
80. When a patient is killed by giving an overdose of medicine is called:
a. Passive euthanasia b. active euthanasia c. voluntary euthanasia d. non-voluntary euthanasia.
81. When euthanasia is brought about by an omission is called:
a. Voluntary euthanasia b. Non-voluntary euthanasia c. active euthanasia d. passive euthanasia.
82. When euthanasia is brought about by commission of an action is called:
a. Passive euthanasia b. active euthanasia c. voluntary euthanasia d. non-voluntary euthanasia.
83. Passive euthanasia is when death is brought about by an -----.
a. Commission b. Omission c. Action d. Intervention
84. Euthanasia popularly classified in to ----- according to the notion of informed consent.

- a. Five b. four c. Three D. Two
85. Classification of euthanasia as Voluntary, Non-voluntary and Involuntary are according to the notion of:
- a. Informed consent b. Procedure c. Truth telling d. Justice
86. The notion 'Pulling the plug' is related to:
- a. Voluntary euthanasia b. Non-voluntary euthanasia c. active euthanasia d. passive euthanasia.
87. Euthanasia brought by not carrying out surgery that will extend life for short time is called:
- a. Voluntary euthanasia b. Non-voluntary euthanasia c. active euthanasia d. passive euthanasia.
88. Among the following which form of euthanasia is very similar to act of murder:
- a. Voluntary Euthanasia b. Involuntary Euthanasia c. Non-voluntary Euthanasia d. Passive Euthanasia
89. The notion 'living will' is related to:
- a. Cloning b. Surrogacy c. Abortion d. Euthanasia
90. Slippery slop argument is related to:
- a. Abortion b. Euthanasia c. Surrogacy d. IVF
91. The question of personhood is related to:
- a. Abortion b. Cloning c. Surrogacy d. None of these
92. Which among the following is accelerated the discussions upon abortion issues.
- a. Aruna Shanbaug case b. Terri Schiavo case c. Roe V. Wade case d. Vincent Lambert case
93. The practice of giving birth to a baby for another women who is unable to have babies herself is called:
- a. Invitro fertilization b. Surrogacy c. Cloning d. Genetic mutation
94. A woman who is given birth to a baby for another woman who is unable to have babies herself is called as:
- a. Surrogicer b. Surrogose c. Surrogate d. Surrogote
95. Surrogacy is considered one among the -----.
- a. issue of abortion b. problem of euthanasia c. issue of media d. assisted reproductive technologies
96. The notion of 'Baby selling' is related to:
- a. Invitro fertilization b. Surrogacy c. Cloning d. Genetic mutation
97. The issue of 'commodification of babies' is discussed in:
- a. Invitro fertilization b. Surrogacy c. Cloning d. Genetic mutation
98. Problem of parent hood is closely connected with:

a. Euthanasia b. Surrogacy c. Cloning d. Genetic mutation

99. Question regarding 'motherhood' is coming in the ethical discussion on:

a. Euthanasia b. Cloning c. IVF d. Surrogacy

100. ----- is treated as one of the fundamental ethical issue related to surrogacy.

a. Question about the motherhood b. Embryo wastage c. Question about personhood
d. Sanctity of life

101. Traditional surrogacy is also called as:

a. Gestational surrogacy b. Artificial surrogacy b. Biological surrogacy d.
Mutational surrogacy

102. Who is the biological mother of the child in a traditional surrogacy?

a. Surrogate b. Lady who brought the child c. Mother who paid for the baby d. Not
determined

103. The surrogacy in which the surrogate's eggs are combined with donor's sperm and give
birth to child is called:

a. Gestational surrogacy b. Artificial surrogacy c. Mutational surrogacy d. Biological
surrogacy.

104. In a Traditional surrogacy ----- gives eggs for fertilization.

a. Donor b. Surrogate c. intended mother d. Lady other than surrogate and intended
mother

105. In -----surrogacy both eggs and sperm are donated.

a. Gestational surrogacy b. Traditional surrogacy b. Biological surrogacy d.
Mutational surrogacy.

106. In ----- the surrogate has no biological link to the baby.

a. Traditional surrogacy b. Biological surrogacy c. Gestational surrogacy d. Mutational
surrogacy.

107. In gestational surrogacy ----- is the method to create an embryo.

a. Cloning b. IVF c. IUI d. ISCI

108. ----- is a woman whose uterus was used for the nurturing and development
of an embryo onto a baby.

a. Social mother b. Biological mother c. Gestational mother d. Mother by blood

109. A woman who rears the baby after birth is called:

a. Gestational mother b. Biological mother c. Genetic mother d. Social mother

110. A woman whose contribution to the child was the ovum is called:

a. a. Gestational mother b. Biological mother c. Genetic mother d. Social mother

111. ----- is the male genetic contributor to the creation of an infant.
a. Biological father b. Intended father c. Social father d. Sep father
112. Commercial surrogacy is banned in India in -----.
a. 2019 b. 2015 c. 2018 d. 2017
113. Surrogacy regulation bill was passed by Lok Sabha in -----.
a. July 15, 2019 b. June 15, 2019 c. August 18, 2018 d. August 18, 2017
114. Which place in India was called as ‘Baby factory’ ?
a. Selam b. Delhi c. Jaipur d. Anand
115. ----- is called the surrogacy capital of India.
a. Selam b. Delhi c. Jaipur d. Anand
116. Anand is called as:
a. City of God b. City of Milk c. Surrogacy capital of India d. IVF capital of India
117. In India ----- surrogacy is permissible.
a. Altruistic surrogacy b. Commercial surrogacy c. Artificial surrogacy d. Paid surrogacy
118. ART means:
a. Actual Reproductive Technology b. Artificial Reproductive Technology c. Artificial Response Technology d. None of these
119. Issues of surrogacy is commonly called :
a. Issue of Three mothers b. Issues related to Two mothers c. Issues related to five mothers d. Issues related to mothers
120. Ethical issues of surrogacy is generally stated as issues of :
a. Three mothers and three fathers b. Three fathers and two mothers c. Two mothers and Two fathers d. Three mothers and two fathers
121. Name the euthanasia which is done by the consent of the appropriate person on behalf of the patient who is unable to give consent.
a. Voluntary Euthanasia b. Involuntary Euthanasia c. Non-voluntary Euthanasia d. Passive Euthanasia
122. Kantian ethical position is called:
a. Deontology, b. Utilitarianism c. Consequentialism d. Ethical relativism
123. Who makes strong condemnation to casuistry?
a. Moore b. F.H. Bradley c. Mackenzie d. Bentham
124. Universal happiness is related with
a. Evolutionary theory b. Emotivism c. Utilitarianism d. Cognitivism

125. The parents who brought baby form a surrogate is called:
- a. Genetic Parents b. Intended parents c. Traditional parents d. Gestational parents.
126. The issue of commodification of babies is related to:
- a. Altruistic surrogacy b. Commercial surrogacy c. Independent surrogacy d. Traditional surrogacy
127. ----- argued that surrogacy is an assault to a woman's dignity and right to autonomy over her body.
- a. conservatives b. Sociologists c. feminists d. liberalists
128. The view of 'baby producers' is concerned with:
- a. Abortion b. Cloning c. IVF d. Surrogacy
129. Critics of surrogacy argued that, in surrogacy the baby becomes a mere ----- within an economic transaction of a good and a service.
- a. entity b. commodity c. object d. instrument
130. Rights of the child become pressing issue in -----.
- a. Surrogacy b. Abortion c. Cloning d. IVF
131. Surrogacy which includes a monetary compensation to the surrogate is called:
- a. Altruistic surrogacy b. Commercial surrogacy c. Gestational surrogacy d. Traditional surrogacy.
132. ----- refers to those surrogacy agreements where the surrogate does not receive monetary compensation.
- a. Altruistic surrogacy b. Commercial surrogacy c. Gestational surrogacy d. Traditional surrogacy.
133. 'Informed consent' is considered as one of the fundamental principles of
- a. Legal ethics, b. Medical ethics c. Business ethics d. Media ethics
134. In India Commercial surrogacy is -----.
- a. legal b. legal and constitutional right c. Illegal d. legal and advisable
135. In altruistic surrogacy the surrogate is most probably -----.
- a. close relative b. unknown woman c. woman from other nation d. professional surrogate
136. ----- is the study of appropriate business policies and practices.
- a. Corporate ethics b. Business ethics c. Business policy d. Corporate analog

137. In the case of Roe v Wade, The United States Supreme Court held that women have a constitutional right to an abortion in the first -----of pregnancy

a. Four months b. three months c. six months d. two months

138. Who wrote the book 'A Theory of Justice'?

a. Keats b. P.B. Shelly c. Rudyard Kipling d. John Rawls

139. 'Abortion is not wrong – at least not when the pregnancy result from rape'. Who proposed this view?

a. J. S. Mill b. Arthur c. Eysenck d Judith Jarvis Thomson

140. Birth is the most visible possible dividing line between fertilized egg and child- This statement is recommended by:

a. liberalists b. conservatives c. feminists d. pro-life activist

141. Peter Singer identified ----- as the criteria for antiabortion stand point instead of the criteria of Homo sapiens.

a. eccentric value b. pragmatic value c. instrumental value d. intrinsic value

142. Which among the following is considered as the standard way of distinguishing between active and passive euthanasia?

a. Act versus passion b. Act versus omission c. act versus commission d. Omission versus Withdrawal

143. Active euthanasia occurs when the medical professionals -----do something that causes the patient to die.

a. deliberately. b. passively c. without intentionally d. none of these

144. Which among the following is treated as fourth estate?

a. Judiciary b. Mediac. Legislature d. Government

145. Which among the following is not a core principle of media ethics?

a. Truth and accuracy b. Independence c. Impartiality d. Subjectivity

146. 'The greatest happiness of the greatest number' is the motto of:

a. Utilitarianism b. Intuitionism c. Emotivism d. Deontology

147. Right to Information Act is passed in India on:

a. 2000 b. 2003 c. 2001 d. 2005

148. ----- treated as a one of the core principle of journalism.

a. viability b. publicity c. truth d. sensation

149. RTI means:

a. Right to Intelligence b. Right to Independence c. Right to Information d. Right to Interact

150. IPR means:

a. Intellectual Property Right b. Indian Property right c. Intellectual Privacy Right d. International Privacy Right.

151. The practice of taking someone else's work or ideas and claim off as one's own is called:

a. Intellectual theft b. Cyber theft c. Plagiarism d. Hacking

152. In media culture ----- builds trust and confidence.

a. sensational reporting b. subjective reporting c. impartial reporting d. partial reporting

153. ----- is a reasonable extension of the ethical principles in the actual circumstances of the moral life.

a. Character b. Free will c Behaviour d. Casuistry

154. G. E. Moore calls ----- is the goal of ethical investigation'

a. casuistry b. practice c right action d. Right decision

155. ----- deals the specific ethical principles and standards of media.

a. Practical ethics b. Applied ethics c. Journalist ethics d. Media ethics

156. ----- is considered as a principle of media ethics.

a. Bias b. Subjectivity c. Accountability d. Popularity

157. ----- is considered as a one of the fundamental principles of Journalism

a. Truth and Accuracy b. Subjectivity c. Love and Care d. Freewill

158. ----- treated as a principle of Journalism.

a. Subjectivity b. Fairness and Impartiality c. Obligation to power d. None of these

159. ----- is the sign of professionalism and responsible journalism.

a. Humanity b. Truth and Accuracy c. Independence d. Accountability

160. A ----- must possess independent voice regarding political, social and corporate situations.

a. Doctor b. Journalist c. Lawyer d. Business man

161. The notion 'Paid news' is related to:

a. Journalism b. Theatre c. Film d. Culture

162. Pulitzer prize is related to:

a. Business b. Journalism c. Medicine d. Law

163. Who is called as the father of Journalism?

a. James Augustus Hicky b. M. N. Roy c. Joseph Pulitzer d. Aguste Comte

164. Who is called as Father of Indian Press?

- a. James Augustus Hicky b. M. N. Roy c. Joseph Pulitzer d. Aguste Comte

165. Who started Bengal Gazette?

- a. James Augustus Hicky b. M. N. Roy c. Joseph Pulitzer d. Tagore

166. Bengal Gazette was started on:

- a. 1782 b. 1783 c. 1780 d. 1781

167. PCI means:

- a. Press Committee of India b. Press Council of India c. Press Council International
d. Press Committee International

168. PCI was established on:

- a. 1973 b. 1978 c. 1977 d. 1975

169. ----- is the statutory body of Indian media regulations.

- a. Press Council of India b. Press Committee of India c. Press club of India d. None of these

170. In India news channels are governed by:

- a. PCI b. CBFC c. BSA d. NBSA

171. Who is known as Father of Modern Journalism?

- a. James Augustus Hicky b. Walter Lippmann c. Joseph Pulitzer d. Aguste Comte

172. Who among the following won two Pulitzer prize?

- a. James Augustus Hicky b. Lippmann c. Pranoy Roy d. Aguste Comte

173. Who is known as “Most influential Journalist of Twentieth century”?

- a. Lippmann b. Joseph Pulitzer c. James Augustus Hicky d. Aguste Comte

174. ----- is the aim of business.

- a. Service b. Profit making c. Employ satisfaction d. Resource allocation

175. ----- level of business ethics defines ethical behaviour and assesses the effect of business on society.

- a. The Company level b. The individual level c. The Industry level d. The Society level.

176. The notion ‘Oxymoron’ is related to:

- a. Business ethics b. Media ethics c. Medical ethics d. Legal ethics.

177. In Business ethics Micro level deals with the -----.

a. Organization b. Individual in the organisation c. Institutions d. The market and Government

178. In Business ethics Meso level deals with the -----.

a. Organization b. Individual in the organisation c. Institutions d. The market and Government

179. In Business ethics Macro level deals with the -----.

a. Organization b. Individual in the organisation c. Institutions d. Employer

180. The notion of whistleblowing is related to:

a. Business ethics b. Media ethics c. Medical ethics d. Legal ethics

181. ----- refers to the act of organisation members, disclosing information on illegal and unethical practices within the organisation.

a. Oxymoron b. Reporting c. Whistleblowing d. Quickening

182. CSR means:

a. Company Social Responsibility b. Corporate Social Response c. Corporate Social Representation d. Corporate Social Responsibility.

183. The concept CSR has implication in to the field of:

a. Business b. Media c. Law d. Medicine

184. ----- is a self-regulating business model that helps a company be socially accountable.

a. Profit making b. Accounting c. Corporate Social Responsibility d. Quality production

185. By practicing CSR is also called:

a. Corporate Citizenship b. Social Citizenship c. Corporate Service d. Social Service

186. ----- is the positive involvement of a company in a society and environment.

a. Offering employment b. Corporate Social Responsibility c. Whistleblowing d. None of these

187. ----- activities help both employees and employer feel more connected with the society.

a. Whistleblowing b. CSR c. Profit making d. Marketing

188. CSR programs raise ----- in the work place.

a. Morale b. Happiness c. Responsibility d. Leisure

189. Corporate Social Responsibility is equally important to:

a. Community b. Company c. Community and Country d. Community and society

190. An activity of a business firm which promotes philanthropic concerns is identified as part of their:

- a. Corporate Social Responsibility
- b. Marketing plan
- c. Profit enhancing plan
- d. Employee welfare plan.

191. ----- is asexual reproductive method.

- a. IVF
- b. Surrogacy
- c. Cloning
- d. None of these

192. Genetic surrogacy is also called:

- a. Partial surrogacy
- b. Total surrogacy
- c. Social surrogacy
- d. Intended surrogacy

193. 'Journalists should do no harm'. This assertion highlights the principle of:

- a. Accountability
- b. Impartiality
- c. Justice
- d. Humanism

194. Gestational Surrogacy is also called:

- a. Partial surrogacy
- b. Total surrogacy
- c. Social surrogacy
- d. Intended surrogacy

195. ----- argued that no morally significant dividing line between fertilized egg and child.

- a. Feminists
- b. Liberalists
- c. Conservatives
- d. Philanthropists

196. 'Digital divide' is related to:

- a. Cyber ethics
- b. Business ethics
- c. Medical ethics
- d. Professional ethics

197. The issue of Multiple parenting has strong significance in:

- a. Cloning
- b. IVF
- c. Surrogacy
- d. Abortion

198. ----- is the branch of ethics that seeks to understand the nature of ethical properties, statements, attitudes, and judgments.

- a. Normative ethics
- b. Meta ethics
- c. Applied ethics
- d. Virtue ethics

199. Right of the author or creator is known as:

- a. Intellectual property right
- b. Creator right
- c. Author right
- d. Copyright

200. The Hippocratic Oath is an oath historically taken by:

- a. Physicians
- b. Lawyers
- c. Corporates
- d. Teachers

Answer Key- Applied Ethics

1-c, 2-b, 3-d, 4-b, 5-a, 6-d, 7-b, 8-d, 9-c, 10-a, 11-b, 12-c, 13-b, 14-d, 15-d, 16-a, 17-d, 18-b, 19-c, 20-a, 21-d, 22-d, 23-b, 24-a, 25-d, 26-c, 27-b, 28-b, 29-d, 30-a, 31-c, 32-c, 33-b, 34-c, 35-c, 36-a, 37-d, 38-b, 39-b, 40-c, 41-a, 42-b, 43-d, 44-b, 45-b, 46-a, 47-d, 48-d, 49-a, 50-b, 51-b, 52-b, 53-c, 54-c, 55-d, 56-b, 57-a, 58-a, 59-c, 60-b, 61-c, 62-c, 63-b, 64-d, 65-a, 66-c, 67-d, 68-b, 69-a, 70-c, 71-b, 72-d, 73-a, 74-b, 75-b, 76-d, 77-d, 78-d, 79-b, 80-b, 81-d, 82-b, 83-b, 84-c, 85-a, 86-d, 87-d, 88-b, 89-d, 90-b, 91-a, 92-c, 93-b, 94-c, 95-d, 96-b, 97-b, 98-b, 99-d, 100-a, 101-b, 102-a, 103- d, 104-b, 105-a, 106-c, 107- b, 108- c, 109-d, 110-c, 111-a, 112-a, 113-a, 114-d, 115-d, 116-c, 117-a, 118-b, 119-a, 120-d, 121-c, 122-a, 123-b, 124-c, 125-b, 126-b, 127-c, 128-d, 129-b, 130-a, 131-b, 132-a, 133-b, 134-c, 135-a, 136-b, 137-c, 138-d, 139-d, 140-a, 141-d, 142-b, 143-a, 144-b, 145-d, 146-a, 147-d, 148-c, 149-c, 150-a, 151-c, 152-c, 153-d, 154-a, 155-d, 156-c, 157-a, 158-b, 159-d, 160-b, 161-b, 162-b, 163-c, 164-a, 165-a, 166-c, 167-b, 168-b, 168-a, 170-d, 171-b, 172-b, 173-a, 174-b, 175-d, 176-a, 177-b, 178-a, 179-c, 180-a, 181-c, 182-d, 183-a, 184-c, 185-a, 186-b, 187-b, 188-a, 189-d, 190-a, 191-c, 192-a, 193-d, 194-b, 195-c, 196-a, 197-c, 198-b, 199-d, 200-a

