B.Com -IV Sem-Co-operation

Management of Co-operative Enterprises

1.	A institution is a voluntary association of independent economic units,
	organized, capitalized and run by, and for its members, providing and/or marketing
	goods and services on cost-to-cost basis to their members.
	a) Cooperative

- a) Cooperative
- b) Private
- c) Public
- d) All of these
- 2. Transparcy, Accountability, Predictability and Participation are:
 - a) Pillers of corporate enterprise
 - b) Pillers of professional management
 - c) Catch words of scientific management
 - d) Four pillers of coperate governance
- 3.have been described as poor peopls joint stock company
 - a) Co-operative
 - b) Sole trader
 - c) Partnership
 - d) HUF
- 4. Co-operative enterprise is a combination of......
 - a) Political and religious neutrality
 - b) Each for all and all for each
 - c) Business enterprise and social institution
 - d) Self help and mutual development
- 5. In a co-operative organisation owner and manager are:
 - a) One
 - b) Different
 - c) Same in certain case
 - d) None of the above
- 6. In a co-operative organisation the management is vested with:
 - a) Board of directors
 - b) General manager
 - c) Secretary
 - d) None of the above
- 7. The chief executive of co-operative enterprise are:
 - a) President
 - b) Secretary/ MD/GM
 - c) Vice Prisident
 - d) Member user
- 8. In a co-operative organisation the management is based on
 - a) Principle of Scientific management
 - b) Democratic Principle
 - c) Principle of mutual help
 - d) Principle of institution and enverprise
- 9. The one man one vote is the principle of :
 - a) Oligopoly
 - b) Monopoly
 - c) Democracy

d) None of the above
10.Co-operatives are not "" but constitute a very special form of economic and social organisation.
a) Democratically managed
b) Business unit as ell as social institution
c) Just another type of business
d) None of the above
11.A co-operative enterprise can only be called successful if it succeeds in
orianted institution
a) Business, Service ,Social .
b) Social, Business , Democratic
c) Economic, Member, Democratic
d) Self help, Mutual, Social
12. "Co-operation has failed but it must succeed". Pointed by
a) Maclagan Committee
b) All India Rural Credit Survey Committee
c) Planning Commission
d) Co-operative Development Co-operation
13 from the General Body is the final authority of co-operation a) President
b) Secretary
c) Member
d) Usere
14.An important aspect of co-operative membership is that
a) Member User Identity
b) Board of directors
c) One man One vote
d) Exective committee
15. Primary purpose of co-operative society is to promote the
a) One man one vote concept
b) Political and religious nutrality
c) Interest of members
d) Provide services
16 means the way in which the co-operatives are controlled and the way in
which managed"
a) Co-operative Governanceb) Management of co-operative enterprise
c) Co-operative should be a friend, philosopher and guide
d) Registrar of co-operative have the function
17. According tocommitte report co-operative has failed in India and
observed that it must succeed."
a) Sir.A.D Gorwala
b) Rural Credit Survey Committee
c) AIRCSC in 1952
d) All of the above
18 movement can be an important instrument in furthering the socialist
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
progress. a) Cooperative
b) Privatization
c) Both a & b
d) None of the above

9is, "a form of organisation wherein persons voluntarily associate together as human beings on a basis of equality for the promotion of economic interest of
themselves". a) Co-operation b) Joint Stock Companies
c) Cartels d) Trusts
O.According to, it is "the act of poor persons voluntarily united for utilizing reciprocally their own forces, resources or both, under their mutual management to
their common profit or loss". a) Herrick b) Horrace Plunkett
c) Robert Owen d) H. Calvert
1.In the words of, it is nothing but "self-help made effective by organisation."
a) Horrace Plunkett b) Robert Owen
c) H. Calvert d) Herrick
2eliminates the employers and provides independence to the workers. a) Cooperation b) Sole Trader c) Private firms
d) None of the above 3.Asociety is a union of weak and needy individuals who have equal
rights and has one vote irrespective of the number of shares held by him. a) Cooperative b) Charitable c) Both a & b
d) None of these 4determines where the organization is going and how it will get there.
a) Planning b) Organizing
c) Directing/Motivating d) Controlling
5.In thethe board of directors reports to membership, reviewing the past business year and the year's financial statements.
a) Annual General Meeting b) Board of Directors meeting c) Operational meetings
d) All meetings
6.A quorum for a meeting should be one person more thanof all members of
the cooperative. a) 10% b) 30%
c) 50% d) 60%
7.A committee on cooperative education and training was formed in 1935 under the Chairmanship

b) Sir Frederick Nicolson c) Edward Maclagan
d) Swaminathan Committee
28. This Committee is considered as the first committee which recommended for a planned
programme as a systematic approach on co-operative education and training.
a) Sir Malcom Darling b) Sir Frederick Nicolson
c) Edward Maclagan
d) Swaminathan Committee
29 was established as per the recommendations of
Swaminathan Committee of 1973 on 1st July 1976 with its headquarters in New Delhi.
a) National Council for Cooperative Training
b) National Council for Education,c) University Grants Commission (UGC),
d) Agricultural Universities
30. Anational level cooperative union Thewas organized in 1949 by amalgamating
the All India Cooperative Institutes Association of 1928 and Indian Provincial Banks
Association of 1949.
a) National Council for Cooperative Training
b) National Council for Education
c) National Cooperative Union of Indiad) The NationalCentre for Cooperative Education
31.NCCT stands for
a) National Centre for Cooperative Training
b) National Council for Co-operative Training
c) National Council for Central Trade
d) Naital Center for Coopertive Trade 32.NCUI stands for
a) National Cooperative Union of India
b) National Cooperation Under India
c) National Centre Under India
d) National Council Under India
33has a 3 tier system of cooperative training consisting of, VAMNICOM
at the apex level, Institute of Cooperative Management /co-operative training colleges
at the middle level and subordinate training centres or Junior Training Centres at lower
level. a) National Council for Cooperative Training
b) National Council for Education
c) National Cooperative Union of India
d) The National Centre for Cooperative Education
34. The President of NCUI shall be the Chairman of
a) NCCT
b) NCCE
c) NCE
d) All the above
35.The Chief Executive of NCUI shall be the Director General of
b) NCE
c) NCCT
d) ICM
36.Theis in overall charge of planning and coordination in the entire training
programme on cooperation in the country.
a) NCCE

b) NCE c) NCCT
d) ICM 37.NCCT hasat the apex level. a) VAMNICOM
 b) Institute of Cooperative Management (ICM)/co-operative training colleges c) Junior Training Centres d) None of these
38.NCCT hasat the lower level. a) Institute of Cooperative Management (ICM)/co-operative training colleges b) Junior Training Centres c) VAMNICOM d) None of these
39committee suggested that Education and training programme should be separated. a) Sir Malcom Darling b) Sir Frederick Nicolson c) Edward Maclagan d) Swaminathan Committee
40.In 1956 a centre was started in New Delhi as a subsidiary to NCUI for providing education and training to the trainers or teachers of cooperation known
as
41is publishing two monthly magazines by name "The Cooperator" and "The Indian Cooperative Review". a) National Council for Cooperative Training b) National Council for Education c) National Cooperative Union of India d) The National Centre for Cooperative Education
42.What is NCUI to India is the to Kerala. a) Kerala State Cooperative Union b) National Council for Cooperative Training c) National Council for Education d) National Cooperative Union of India
43. The name of the magazine published by Kerala State Cooperative Union is
44. National Cooperative Union of India is publishing two monthly magazines by name
d) "The Indian National Cooperative Review" and The National Cooperative Journal"

45. The name of the magazine published byis "The Cooperative Journal" a) Kerala State Cooperative Union b) National Council for Cooperative Training c) National Council for Education d) National Cooperative Union of India
 46is a Post Graduate Diploma Course in cooperation of 11 months duration including two months practical training. a) H.D.C b) J.D.C c) C.D.C d) P.D.C
 47.The minimum qualification for education to the HDC course is a
 48.H.D.C is ain cooperation of 11 months duration including two months practical training. a) Under Graduate Diploma Course b) Post Graduate Diploma Course c) Doctorate d) None of the above
 49.The minimum qualification for education to thecourse is a University Degree. a) H.D.C b) J.D.C c) P.D.C d) None of the above
50.Every society shall maintainfor recording the proceedings of the general body. a) Minutes book b) Note book c) File d) Record book
51.Competition, conflict and co-operation are
52. Society can raise funds by using
a) Unitary b) Federal c) Quasi Federal d) None of the above 54.Multi purpose co-operative societies otherwise called as

b) Discourse	
c) Polyvalent	
d) None of the above	
55.More benefit to a member from single society	
a) Muti service	
b) Multi functional	
c) Univelent	
d) None of the above	
56.Unique organistional response to specific local problems	
a) Green house	
b) Blue print	
c) Polyvalent	
d) Univalent	
57.Imposition of an organisational model	
a) Green house	
b) Blue print	
c) Polyvalent	
d) Univalent	
58.It is a form of intraction which involves a struggle for goals which are scarce and ar	re
believed to be scarce.	
a) Co-operation	
b) Conflict	
c) Competition	
d) Both B and C	
59.The method of competition was formulated into an economic law by	
b) David Ricardo	
c) Adam Smith	
d) Alfred Marshall	
60 is a proces in which the aim is to neutralize, injure or eliminate their	
rivals.	
a) Co-operation	
b) Conflict	
c) Competition	
d) Both B and C	
61 is a consequence of	
a) Co-operation, Conflict	
b) Competition, Conflict	
c) Conflict,Competition	
d) Co-operation, Competition	
62.Co-operation is a noblest idea according to	
a) T.N Hajeela	
b) D.G Karve	
•	
c) J.S Mill	
d) D.R.Gadgil	
63 represent InstrumentalCcollectivism	
a) Co-operation	
b) Trade Union	
c) Friendly Society	
d) Charity Organisation	
64 represent Ideological Collectivism.	
a) Co-operation	

b) Trade Union c) Friendly Society d) Charity Organisation 65
,
68a) Trade Association is formed by the strong aganist the weak. a) Trade Association b) Trade Union c) Friendly Society d) Both A and B 69.Co-operation is for self defence but is an exploitive one.
a) Trade Union b) Joint Stock Company c) Trade Association d) None of the above
70.The
71is not a solution for poverty. a) Co-operation b) Trade Union c) Friendly Society d) Charity Organisation

- 72..... is a type of co-operation started by legal compultion
 - a) SHG
 - b) Compulsory Co-operation
 - c) Trade Association
 - d) Discourse co-operation
- 73. Agreed to contribute a guaranteed amound at the time of winding up.
 - a) Limited Liability
 - b) Unlimited Libility
 - c) Guaranteed Limited Libility
 - d) Libility Limitedby Shares
- 74. Theis formed on the basis of horizontal combination of member units.
 - a) Unitary Structure

- b) Discourse Structure c) Federal Structure d) Design Structure
- 75. The structure of Centralise Society is:
 - a) Central level Society with individual members with large area.
 - b) Base level society with state federation working with the state.
 - c) Centralised management in a society working in rural area.
 - d) None of the above.
- 76. Indian Coffee Board Workers Co-operative Society Ltd No. 4227, Thrissur which running around 50 Indian Coffee House resturants from Thrissur to Trivandram is an example of:
 - a) Small Sized Co-operatives
 - b) Medium Size Co-opeATIVE
 - c) Large Size Co-operative
 - d) None of the above
- 77. Co-operataive Land Morttgage Bank is an example of :
 - a) Univalent Co-operative
 - b) Polyvalent Co-operative
 - c) Unifunctional Co-operative
 - d) Multi Functional Co-operative
- 78. "All service under on roof". Is the concept of":
 - a) Univalent Co-operative
 - b) Polyvalent Co-operative
 - c) Unifunctional Co-operative
 - d) Multi Functional Co-operative
- 79. Primary Co-operative Bank is an example of:
 - a) Univalent Co-operative
 - b) Polyvalent Co-operative
 - c) Unifunctional Co-operative
 - d) Multi Functional Co-operative
- 80.In the Model, the government or local administration take the initiatives in setting up of a society.
 - a) Blue Print Co-operative
 - b) Green House Co-operative
 - c) Conventional Co-operative
 - d) Integrated Co-operative
- 81. In the...... co-operative the member initiative are high and there is a close cooperation between member and the society.
 - a) Blue Print Co-operative
 - b) Green House Co-operative
 - c) Conventional Co-operative
 - d) Integrated Co-operative
- 82. Kerala Co-operative Societies Act.....
 - a) 1956
 - b) 1989
 - c) 1969
 - d) 1976
- 83. The Co-operative Department is headed by.........
 - a) Managing Director
 - b) Minister
 - c) Secretary
 - d) Registar
- 84. The Registar of Co-operative is appointed by.....

 b) Member User c) Board of directors of State level co-operative society d) Both A and C 85 number of additional registrars is assisting the registrar of co-operative in state level.
a) 4 b) 5 c) 6 d) 8
86. How many office sections are working at the head office of the co-operative department? a) 44 b) 22 c) 35 d) 18
87. What is the meaning of conferment of powers of registrar? a) Fina authority of co-operative department b) Duties and Responsibilities of Registrar c) Delegation of powers of registrar d) Controling powers of registrar
88.NCUI reorganised in the year a) 1967 b) 1969 c) 1963 d) 1961
89.NCCE was set up in the year a) 1958 b) 1957 c) 1956 d) 1953
90.NCCT was established in the year a) 1969 b) 1962 c) 1965 d) 1967
91.What is the functional area of NCCT? a) Monitoring training of Board of Directors b) Monitoring trainin of employees c) Monitoring trainin of training staff d) Monitoring trainin of junior co-operative training centers
92.VAMNICOM came in to existence in
93.VAMNICOM is working under: a) NCCT b) NCCE c) NAFED d) IFFCO
94.VAMNICOM is situated at a) Delhi

a) Government

95 is the apex authority of co-operative education and training in Kerala.
a) KSCB
b) KBCS
c) KSCU
d) KSEC
96. What is the jurisdiction of Circle Co-operative Union?
a) District
b) Panchayath
c) Village
d) Taluk
97. Agricuktural Co-operative Staff Training Institute established in the year
a) 1991
b) 1992
c) 1993
d) 1994
98.NAFED established in
a) 1956
b) 1957 c) 1958
d) 1959
99.NAFED is registerd under
a) Co-operative Societies Act 1912
b) Multi State Co-operative Societies Act , 1984
c) Co-operative Credit Societies Act , 1904
d) None of the above
100. What is the full form of NAFED?
a) National Agricultural Federation Of Education and Development
b) National Agricultural Co-operative Marketing Federation
c) National Agricultural Co-operative Federation
σ, παιστιατοι 3. που του το του του του του του του του το
d) National Agricultural Housing Federation
101.NAFED is the largest in co-operative sector in India
a) Workers agency
b) Housing agency
c) Banking agency
d) Marketing agency
102.The headquarters of NAFED is in
a) Mumbai
b) Pune
c) Delhi
d) Anand
103.NAFED have four regional office one is at a) Kolkata
b) Pune
c) Bangalore
d) Hyderabad
a, Hyderabad

b) Maharashtrac) Madhya Pradeshd) Gujarat

104.IFFCO is established in
a) 1964
b) 1965
c) 1966
d) 1967
105.IFFCO is also providing services in the field of:
a) General Insurance
b) Education Sector
,
c) Banking Services d) None of the above
,
106.KRIBHCO stands for
a) Krishak Bhema Yojana
b) Krishak Bharathi Co-operative Limited
c) Krishak Bharathi Housing Co-operatives
d) Kerala Rural Integrated Banking and Housing Co-operatives
107.KRIBHO established in the year
a) 1977
b) 1978
c) 1979
d) 1980
108.NABARD came into existence in
a) 1980
b) 1981
c) 1982
d) 1983
109.NDDB was established in the year
a) 1963
b) 1964
c) 1965
d) 1966
110.NDDB was established to fulfilling the desire ofprime minister of India
a) Jawaharalal Nehru
b) Lal Bahadur Shastri
c) Morarji Desai
d) Chandra Shekhar
111.The main office of NDDB is in
a) Maharashtra
b) Gujarat
c) Delhi
d) Madhya pradesh
112.NCDC was established in the year
a) 1962
b) 1963
c) 1964
d) 1965

d) Ministry of Co-operation and Agricultural
114.NHB is established in under National Housing Bank Act,
a) 1977,1976
b) 1976,1975
c) 1988,1987
d) 1987,1986
115.NHB is a subsidary of :
a) Ministry Of Co-operation
b) Ministary of Finance c) NCUI
d) RBI
116.NCHF established in the year
a) 1968
b) 1969
c) 1970
d) 1971
117. HUDCO was established in the year
a) 1972
b) 1973
c) 1974
d) 1975
118.ICA was found in the year
a) 1894
b) 1895
c) 1896
d) 1899
119. Hedquarters of ICA a) Switzerland
b) England
c) Germany
d) Italy
120.Co-operative Flag contains colors.
a) 6
b) 7
c) 8
d) 9
121.International Co-operative Day is celebrated on
a) First Sunday of October
b) First Saturday Of July
c) Fourth Saturday of June
d) First Sundy of January
122. National Co-operative Week is celebrated
a) 14 to 20 November
b) 2 week of January
c) 18 to 24 June
d) 3 week of September
123. "Create co-operators before creating co-operatives" which committee said this:
a) Mac Lagan Committee
b) Saraiya Committee
c) Co-operative Planning Committee
d) None of the above

124. Co-operation become a state subject in : a) 1917 b) 1918 c) 1919 d) 1920 125. First co-operative training course started in India in.... a) 1951 b) 1952 c) 1953 d) 1954 126. Agro processing, Agro marketing and ICDP are the manin trust areas of : a) NCDC b) IFFCO c) KIMB d) NCB 127. Apex marketing co-operative in Kerala is: a) MARKETFED b) KERAFED c) RUBFED d) KSCMARKFED 128. The performance of a co-operative enterprise can be evaluated under...... dimension a) Education b) Social c) Enterprise d) Economic 129. There are Joint Registrars functiong in district of Kerala a) 22 b) 14 c) 44 d) 15 130. What is the minimum qualification for IDC course? a) SSLC b) +2c) Graduation d) No need for education

Answer Key

1	Α	31	В	61	С	91	В	121	В
2	D	32	Α	62	С	92	D	122	Α
3	Α	33	A	63	В	93	A	123	A
4	С	34	A	64	A	94	В	124	С
5	Α	35	С	65	В	95	C	125	В
6	Α	36	C	66	В	96	D	126	A
7	В	37	A	67	С	97	В	127	A
8	В	38	В	68	A	98	C	128	С
9	С	39	D	69	С	99	В	129	В
10	С	40	D	70	D	100	В	130	A
11	Α	41	С	71	D	101	D		
12	В	42	A	72	В	102	С		

13	С	43	Α	73	С	103	A
14	A	44	Α	74	С	104	D
15	С	45	Α	75	Α	105	A
16	A	46	Α	76	В	106	В
17	D	47	Α	77	Α	107	D
18	A	48	В	78	В	108	C
19	A	49	A	79	С	109	C
20	A	50	A	80	С	110	В
21	A	51	В	81	D	111	В
22	A	52	A	82	С	112	В
23	A	53	В	83	D	113	C
24	A	54	C	84	A	114	C
25	A	55	В	85	A	115	D
26	С	56	A	86	В	116	В
27	A	57	В	87	С	117	C
28	A	58	С	88	D	118	В
29	A	59	С	89	A	119	A
30	С	60	В	90	В	120	В