

FINE TUNE YOUR ENGLISH

1. Identify the predicate of the following sentence: Children Play.
a) Children b) play c) children play d) child.
Answer b
2. He stood at the door with *his hands resting on his hips*. Find out an appropriate word for the italicized part of the above sentence.
a) Sit cross legged b) Arms akimbo c) squat d) lounging
Answer b
- Fill in the blanks with appropriate ones.**
3. If you pass the test,
a) we will promote you b) we would promote you c) we would be promote you
d) we would be promoted you.
Answer a
4. Unless you pass the test,
a) we will promote you b) we will not promote you c) we would promote you d)
we would not promote you
Answer b
5., I would improve the water supply.
a) If I am elected mayor b) If I was elected mayor c) If I can be the elected
mayor d) If I could be the elected mayor.
Answer b
- 6....., it reached destination on time.
a) Though the train started late c) Though the train had started late
b) Though the train starts late d) Though the train will start late
Answer a
7. The rain had stopped before the meeting.....
a) Commenced c) had commenced
b) Commences d) will commence
Answer a
8. If he..... speak English well, he is good at writing.
a) Didn't b) doesn't c) don't d) haven't
Answer b
9. Cleopatra looks pretty she wears.
a) Whatever b) whichever c) whoever d) that
Answer a
10. If all the trees were bread and cheese, there..... considerable deforestation.

- a) Will b) will be c) would d) would be

Answer d

10. If a man stays long enough, something of this kind

- a) Happens b) will happen c) happened d) happening

Answer b

11. If he, he certainly heard us.

- a) Was asleep b) asleep c) had asleep e) none of these

Answer a

12. If I could drop dead right now, Ithe happiest man alive.

- a) Would be b) will be c) was d) am

Answer a

13. If you stopped smoking, your health

- a) Will improve b) would improve c) improves d) improved

Answer b

Fill in the blanks with suitable relative clauses.

14. Jack showed me a picture represented me as a monkey.

- a) what b) which c) where d) whom

Answer b

15. The man you called yesterday has arrived.

- a) who b) whom c) whose d) what

Answer b

Find out the apt conjunctions for the following statements.

16. Democracy has many flaws.....it is preferable to all other political systems.

- a) and b) but c) nevertheless d) therefore

Answer c

17. John..... his brother is absent today

- a) as well as b) both c) also d) and

Answer a

Choose the appropriate auxiliary verbs from the following.

18. I breakfast at 8 o'clock.

- a) have b) had c) has d) did

Answer b

19. you finished your work?

- a) have b) had c) has d) did

Answer a

20. I three brothers and two sisters

- a) have b) had c) has d) did

Answer a

21. There a hill beside the silver Thames.

- a) have b) had c) is d) are

Answer c

22. I the monarch of all I survey.

- a) have b) is c) do d) am

Answer d

23. They repainting the car.

- a) are b) is c) have d) did

Answer a

24. I travelled extensively in America.

- a) had b) have c) do d) am

Answer b

25. Accidents happen at any time.

- a) must b) can c) ought to d) need

Answer b

26. We finish this work before 5 o'clock.

- a) Must b) have c) had d) did

Answer a

27. I meet him tomorrow.

- a) shall b) have c) had d) did

Answer a

28. You consult a doctor.

- a) ought to b) did c) are d) have

Answer a

Find out suitable phrasal verbs for the underlined words.

29. The meeting was postponed.

- a) used up b) moved forward c) put off d) went off

Answer c

30. The workers cancelled the strike.

- a) called off b) went off c) put off d) broke down

Answer a

31. A bomb exploded near the park yesterday.

- a) went off b) moved forward c) broke down d) called off

Answer a

Use the correct proposition to complete the sentence.

32. The party started time.

- a) In b) on c) at d) during

Answer b

33. He is the city.

a) in b) on c) at d) with

Answer a

34. He is Bill's café.

a) at b) in c) on d) with

Answer a

35. London stands Thames.

a) on b) in c) at d) with

Answer a

36. The chain is made gold.

a) From b) of c) with d) by

Answer b

37. You are asked to explain the reason your behaviour.

a) for b) of c) with d) by

38. He congratulated me my success.

a) for b) of c) on d) in

Answer a

39. You suffer a disease.

a) from b) of c) with d) in

Answer a

40. At a party the host may sityour right.

a) on b) in c) by d) down

Answer a

41. If you own property, it is yoursright.

a) by b) of c) with d) in

Answer a

42. You die a disease.

a) from b) of c) with d) in

Answer b

43. Cider is madeapples.

a) of b) from c) by d) with

Answer b

44. You are the weather if you are slightly ill.

a) Of b) with c) under d) by

Answer c

45. You go with a sore throat.

a) down b) under c) of d) with

Answer a

46. You throw If you catch viral fever.

a) up b) of c) down d) with

Answer

Fill in the blanks with correct form of the verb

47. Every member of that crowd of 2,000 peopledissatisfied with the performance on the stage.
a) were b) was c) have d) has
Answer b
48. The audience restive and it greeted the singer.
a) were b) was c) have d) has
Answer b
49. The auditorium as well as its premises crowded with people.
a) were b) was c) have d) has
Answer b
50. Neither the stage attendants nor the manager able to control the crowd.
a) were b) was c) have d) has
Answer b
51. More than one attempt made to rush on to the stage.
a) was b) were c) have d) did
Answer a
52. Herethe C.I and a few policemen.
a) come b) came c) comes d) coming
Answer a

Fill in the blanks with appropriate answer.

53. Adding one word to another base word is known as.....
a) affixation b) compounding c) conversion d) reduplication
Answer b
54. The process of word formation by adding a prefix or suffix to the base.....
a) affixation b) compounding c) conversion d) reduplication
Answer a
55. means using one part of speech to do the function of another part of speech.
a) affixation b) compounding c) conversion d) reduplication
Answer c
56. Which of the following word is formed from the process of word formation called blending?
a) brunch b) telephone c) Goody-goody d) Sightseeing
Answer a
57. Which of the following word has both suffix and prefix in its form?
a) establish b) establishment c) disestablish d) disestablishment
Answer d

Find out suitable single words for following meanings

58. Walking with small steps and somewhat dragging one's feet.

- a) shuffle b) walk c) trot d) canter

Answer a

59. Gait of a drunk.

- a) Stagger b) walk c) trot d) canter

Answer a

60. Movement faster than a walk and slower than a canter.

- a) Stagger b) walk c) trot d) canter

Answer c

61. Sit with one's back straight.

- a) Sit up b) sit down c) sit back d) squat

Answer a

62. To sit and lean against something.

- Sit up b) sit down c) sit back d) squat

Answer c

63. Sit lazily on a sofa.

- a) Lounging b) squat c) sprawl d) ensconced

Answer a

64. Settled securely in a chair.

- a) Ensconced b) squat c) sprawl d) lounging

Answer a

Mention specific word for the following ones.

65. The cries of jackals.....

- a) Howl b) bark c) moo d) crow

Answer a

66. The cries of sheep.....

- a) bleat b) bark c) moo d) crow

Answer a

67. The cries of frogs.....

- a) croak b) bark c) moo d) crow

Answer a

68. The cries of beetles.....

- a) Drone b) croak c) moo d) crow

Answer a

69. Wind stronger than a storm.

- a) Hurricane b) breeze c) gale d) tornado

Answer a

70. Word for short sharp sounds.

- a) Rattling b) crash c) peal d) thud

Answer a

71. Word for drink something quickly and in large quantities.

- a) Gulp b) quaff c) neat d) sip

Answer a

Mention specific word for the following body parts.

72. The muscle at the back of the leg.....

- a) Calf muscle b) temple c) cheek d) knee

Answer a

73. The side of the forehead.....

- a) Calf muscle b) temple c) cheek d) knee

Answer b

74. The narrow part of the back.....

- a) Calf muscle b) temple c) small of the back d) knee

Answer c

Fill in the blanks with correct form of tenses.

75. Oil on water.

- a) Float b) floats c) floating d) floated

Answer b

76. He in the class.

- a) Sleep b) sleeps c) slept d) sleeping

Answer b

77. He in Germany.

- a) works b) work c) worked d) working

Answer a

78. He four languages.

- a) speaks b) speak c) spoke d) speaking

Answer a

79. He for Kolkata tomorrow.

- a) leave b) left c) leaves d) leaving

Answer c

80. We in Bangalore.

- a) lives b) live c) living d) lived

Answer b

81. The village church on the top of the hill.

- a) stands b) stand c) stood d) standing

Answer a

82. We with the Smiths for the moment.

- a) are living b) live c) lives d) lived

Answer a

83. Ithe whole of Shakespeare.

- a) have read b) read c) reads d) reading

Answer a

84. Ithe NET.

- a) have passed b) passed c) pass d) passes

Answer a

85. Cancer to be a problem.

- a) continues b) continuing c) continued d) continue

Answer a

86. I all over America.

- a) have travelled b) travelled c) travel d) travels

Answer a

87. I among the Eskimos.

- a) have lived b) lived c) live d) lives

Answer a

88. I.....here since 1999.

- a) have lived b) lived c) live d) living

Answer a

89. Wefor this news.

- a) have been waiting b) waiting c) waited d) wait

Answer a

90. Hethere for half an hour.

- a) has been standing b) stands c) have been standing d) stood

Answer a

91. That cathedral for two centuries

- a) Stood b) has stood c) stand d) stands

Answer b

92. You for this.

- a) suffer b) suffers c) suffering d) will suffer

Answer d

93. He any time now.

- a) may come b) come c) came d) comes

94. Hehis work by ten tomorrow.

- a) will finish b) will have finished c) finish d) finished

Answer b

95. He to Bombay.

- a) move b) moves c) moving d) is moving

Answer d

96. I my best.

- a) will be doing b) done c) is doing d) are doing

Answer a

Convert the following sentences into passive voice.

97. They are building a bridge across the river.

- a) A bridge is being built across the river.
- b) A bridge has built across the river.
- c) A bridge has been built across the river.
- d) A bridge is built across the river.

Answer a

98. Tonight we will screen the film 'The Ten Commandments'.

- a) Tonight the film 'The Ten Commandments' will be screened.
- b) Tonight the film 'The Ten Commandment' is screened.
- c) Tonight the film 'The Ten Commandment' was screened.
- d) Tonight the film 'The Ten Commandments' screened.

Answer a

99. He gave me a book.

- a) A book was given to me.
- b) I was given a book.
- c) I have given a book.
- d) A book is given to me.

Answer b

100. The Prime Minister addressed Parliament.

- a) Parliament was addressed by the Prime Minister.
- b) Parliament is addressed by the Prime Minister.
- c) Parliament has been addressed by the Prime Minister.
- d) Parliament had been addressed by the Prime Minister.

Answer a

101. They ordered him to be released.

- a) He was ordered to be released.
- b) He is ordered to be released.
- c) He has ordered to be released.
- d) He had ordered to be released.

Answer a

102. I have finished the work.

- a) The work has been finished.
- b) The work had been finished.
- c) The work had finished
- d) The work has finished.

Answer a

103. They are painting the new building.

- a) The new building is being painted.
- b) The new building was being painted.
- c) The new building is painted.
- d) The new building was painted.

Answer a

104. John cannot do it.
- a) It cannot be done by John.
 - b) It wasn't done by John.
 - c) It isn't done by John.
 - d) It hasn't done by John.

Answer a

Find out the meaning of the following idiomatic expression.

105. *Swan song* means
- a) The last thing did or produced
 - b) To rain heavily
 - c) Very slowly
 - d) Talk about something very constantly

Answer a

106. A dog eat dog situation means
- a) A situation of fierce competition
 - b) A dull situation
 - c) A hilarious situation
 - d) A situation of eating dog's food

107. *At a snail's pace* means
- a) The last thing did or produced
 - b) To rain heavily
 - c) Very slowly
 - d) Talk about something very constantly

Answer c

108. Flogging a dead horse means
- a) Wasting someone's energy on hopeless things
 - b) Riding a weak horse
 - c) Talk about something very constantly
 - d) To rain heavily

Answer a

109. *cock and bull story* means
- a) a wildly improbable story
 - b) a irrelevant story
 - c) a relevant story
 - d) a true story

Answer a

110. *One shouldn't count one's chickens before they are hatched* means
- a) One shouldn't be overconfident.
 - b) One should be confident

- c) One should count the coins every day
- d) One shouldn't be happy

Answer a

111. *One should pull our weight* means

- a) One should balance our weight
- b) One should work as hard as possible
- c) One falls into a very bad state
- d) One should go directly

Answer b

112. *Something the cat dragged in* means

- a) Something look dirty and untidy
- b) Something look neat and clean
- c) Something that got special significance
- d) Something look beautiful

Answer a

113. *A bull in a china shop* means

- a) An intelligent person
- b) An arrogant person
- c) A person who is clumsy and one who lacks the skill
- d) A timid person

Answer c

114. *To kick the bucket* means

- a) To be dismissed
- b) To die
- c) To score great marks
- d) To reveal the truth

Answer b

115. *One's number is up* means

- a) the decision has already be taken
- b) one is in serious trouble
- c) to treat someone curtly
- d) to have more liabilities

Answer b

116. *To get the sack* means

- a) to be dismissed
- b) to get the highest score
- c) to get the trophy
- d) to die

Answer a

117. *Keep one's fingers crossed* means

- a) to wish him good luck
- b) to wish him bad luck
- c) to show someone is in danger
- d) to show ambience is not good

Answer a

118. A lion's share means

- a) A lion's food
- b) The major part
- c) Exaggeration
- d) Cruel deed

Answer b

Convert the following sentences into negatives

119. John knows English

- a) John do not know English
- b) John does not know English
- c) John not know English
- d) John did not know English

Answer b

120. The information is reliable.

- a) The information is not reliable
- b) The information was not reliable
- c) The information does not reliable
- d) The information did not reliable

Answer a

122. They are watching something

- a) They are not watching something
- b) They are not watching anything
- c) They are watching anything
- d) They do not watching something

Answer a

123. They have arrived already

- a) They haven't arrived already
- b) They aren't arrived already
- c) They did not arrive already
- d) They don't arrived already

Answer a

124. I saw him somewhere

- a) I didn't see him anywhere
- b) I saw him anywhere
- c) I didn't see him somewhere
- d) I have not seen him

Answer a

125. It is useful to some extent.

- a) It isn't useful at all
- b) It is not useful to some extent
- c) It is not useful
- d) It is useful to any extent

Answer a

Find out the suitable question tags for the following expressions

126. He lives with his parents,

- a) doesn't he?
- b) does he?
- c) isn't he?
- d) is he?

Answer a

127. He is a dark horse,

- a) isn't he?
- b) is he?
- c) does he?
- d) doesn't he?

Answer a

128. He did not come,

- a) did he?
- b) didn't he?
- c) do he?
- d) don't he?

Answer a

129. Everybody is interested,

- a) aren't they?

b) isn't they?

c) are they?

d) is they?

Answer a

130. Nothing can stop us,

a) can it?

b) can't it?

c) did it?

d) didn't it?

Answer a

131. Nobody asked for it,

a) did they?

b) didn't they?

c) do they?

d) don't they?

Answer a

132. There is something wrong,

a) isn't there?

b) Is there?

c) aren't there?

d) are there?

Answer a

133. Stop that noise,

a) will you?

b) won't you?

c) did you?

d) didn't you?

Answer a

134. Close the door,

a) can't you?

b) can you?

c) did you?

d) didn't you?

Answer a

135. Don't forget it,

- a) won't you?
- b) will you?
- c) do you?
- d) don't you?

Answer b

136. He doesn't live with his parents,

- a) doesn't he?
- b) does he?
- c) did he?
- d) didn't he?

Answer b

Fill in the blanks with appropriate articles

137. dog is a domestic animal.

- a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer a

138. This is Rembrandt.

- a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer a

139. I have F.M radio.

- a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer c

140. Do you know Mr. Alexander here?

- a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer a

141. Jenkins lost ear in a quarrel.

- a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer c

142. cup and saucer fell from the table.

- a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer a

143. I am looking for man with good knowledge of English

- a) a, a b) a, the c) a, an d) none of these

Answer a

144. Petrol will soon cost Rs.80 litre.

- a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer a

145. Our boss isHitler in the office.

a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer a

146. They came wearing shirts of colour.

a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer a

147. He didn't tell us word about marriage.

a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer a

148. rose is a beautiful flower.

a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer a

149. man was riding bicycle along country road.

a) a,a, a b)a,a, the c) a ,the, the d) none of these

Answer a

150.man who was riding.....bicycle alongcountry road stopped at a restaurant.

a) the, the, the b) a,a, the c) a ,the, the d) none of these

Answer a

151. He isprofessor.

a) a b) the c) an d) none of these

Answer a

152. This isplace for..... wealthy classes.

a) a, the b) the, the c) an d) none of these

Answer b

Convert following sentences into more effective sentences

153 . He didn't like experimental novels.

a) He disliked experimental novels

- b) He didn't prefer experimental novels
- c) He isn't interested in experimental novels
- d) He wasn't interested in experimental novels

Answer a

154. She sang very sweetly.

- a) She sang like a nightingale
- b) She sang beautifully
- c) She sang a song
- d) She sang sweetly

Answer a

155. Life is a mixture of both pains and joys, of happiness and unhappiness.

- a) Life's coin shows joys and happiness on the one side but on the other it shows pains and unhappiness
- b) Life is a mixture of joy and pain
- c) Life is a mixture of happiness and unhappiness
- d) Life's coin is mixed with joy and pain

Answer a

Find out the independent clauses from the following statements

156. He thought of his grandmother and this cheered him up.

- a) He thought of his grandmother
- b) The thought of his grandmother cheered him up
- c) Both a and b
- d) He thought

Answer c

157. He got out of the car and walked towards the house.

- a) He walked towards the house
- b) He got out of the car

c) Both a and b

d) He got out

Answer c

158. He jumped on to the sidewall and cried for help.

a) He jumped on to the sidewall

b) He cried for help

c) Both a and b

d) He jumped

Answer c

159. A dog saw him and barked fiercely.

a) A dog saw him

b) A dog barked fiercely

c) Both a and b

d) A dog barked

Answer c

Replace the following with appropriate words

160. I heard *from the kitchen the sound of cutlery* falling on plates.

a) I heard the jangle of cutlery falling on plates.

b) I heard the clatter of cutlery falling on plates.

c) I heard the smash of cutlery falling on plates.

d) I heard the smash of cutlery falling on plates

Answer b

161. John was taciturn, shy and lacked the courage to face people.

a) John was taciturn, shy and timid.

b) John was taciturn, shy and courageous.

c) John was taciturn, shy and efficient.

d) John was taciturn, shy and talented.

Fill in the blanks with appropriate phrase.

162....., he is sought after by his neighbours.

- a) Happy and cheerful,
- b) Being a man of wisdom,
- c) The weather having improved,
- d) While praying to god

Answer b

163....., it has a solution.

- (a) Whatever your problem,
- (b) Happy and cheerful,
- c) Too shy to reply,
- d) The sun climbing to the zenith,

Answer a

164....., we resumed the game.

- a) Being a man of wisdom,
- b) The weather having improved,
- c) While praying to god,
- d) Rather than sitting quiet at home

Answer b

165....., he remained silent.

- a) Happy and cheerful,
- b) Being a man of wisdom,
- c) Too shy to reply
- d) While praying to god

Answer c

166 , proceed slowly.

- a) When it doubt,
- b) Being a man of wisdom,
- c) The weather having improved,
- d) While praying to god,

Answer a

167....., he preferred to work in an office.

- a) Happy and cheerful,
- b) Being a man of wisdom,
- c) The weather having improved,
- d) Rather than sitting quiet at home

Answer d

168....., do not mention your personal needs.

- a) While praying to god
- b) Being a man of wisdom,
- c) The weather having improved,
- d) Rather than sitting quiet at home

Answer a

169....., the day grew rather hot

- a) Too shy to reply,
- b) The sun climbing to the zenith,
- c) Though sad at heart,
- d) Happy and cheerful,

Answer b

170., the boy started to sing a song.

- a) Too shy to reply,

- b) The sun climbing to the zenith,
- c) Though sad at heart,
- d) Happy and cheerful,

Answer d

171., the boy put on a smiling face.

- a) Too shy to reply,
- b) The sun climbing to the zenith,
- c) Though sad at heart,
- d) Happy and cheerful

Answer c

172. After some time the boy heard the coins.....in the bowl

- a) Jingling
- b) Smashing
- c) Clattering
- d) thudding

Choose the correct answer

173. Which of the following expression stands for an abrupt end in telephone conversation?

- a) Bye
- b) See you soon
- c) It's time I got back to work
- d) Bye. Take care.

174. Which is not the correct expression to tell somebody to wait during phone conversation?

- a) hold on
- b) hang on
- c) one moment please
- d) please hold

Answer d

From the following statements identify the position of noun clause

175. *What he said* is totally false.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer a

176. *Why he resigned his job* is still a mystery.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer a

177. *Whether he will return the money* is beyond my power to prophesy.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer a

178. *That diseases are god's punishment for evil doing* is an old exploded idea.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer a

179. *How this bloody sequence will end* is anybody's guess.

- a) as the subject of a sentence

- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer a

180. You must remember *that you are not children*

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer b

181. *What the great do*, the less prattle of.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer b

182. I want to know *whether you intend to sell your car*.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer b

183. Hoping *that her son would return*, she kept on praying.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer b

184. We are really surprised at *what has happened*.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer b

185. The trouble with a kitten is that it becomes a cat.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer c

186. The question is why such things should happen.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer c

187. It seems that he has something to hide.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer c

188. What I like about Clive is that he is not alive.

- a) as the subject of a sentence

- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer c

189. It was confirmed *that all men escaped*.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer d

190. The saying *that good fences make good neighbours* has a lot of truth in it.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer d

191. Our nation is dedicated to the proposition *that all men are created equal*.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer d

192. The belief *that diseases are god's punishment* is absolutely wrong.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer d

193. Epicure first propounded the idea *that matter is composed of atoms*.

- a) as the subject of a sentence
- b) as the object
- c) as the subject/ object complement
- d) as an appositive

Answer d

Choose most appropriate answer

194. He arrived home

- a) safe
- b) safely
- c) superb
- d) superbly

Answer a

195. Roses smell in June.

- a) safe
- b) safely
- c) superb
- d) superbly

Answer c

196. I got your letter

- a) last Friday
- b) on last Friday
- c) by last Friday
- d) at last Friday

Answer a

197. We have evening classes

- a) on every Tuesday
- b) in every Tuesday
- c) every Tuesday
- d) at every Tuesday

Answer c

198. Did you notice that though he fell down, he escaped..... a scratch.

- a) without scarcely
- b) without a scratch
- c) without hardly
- d) none of these

Answer b

199. He talked as well as in the last examination.

- a) copied
- b) copy
- c) copying
- d) none of these

200. An adverb clause of reason or cause is introduced by conjunctions like.....

- a) as, since, because....
- b) and
- c) but
- d) as well as

Answer a

201. I took inoculationan epidemic should break out.

- a) in case
- b) unless
- c) if
- d) nevertheless

Answer a