

Semester VI

HYC 14 CAPITALISM AND COLONIALISM

1. ____ were the feudal lords of Japan.
a) Tokugama b) Samurais c) Wang d) Zhou
2. What was the basis of capitalism?
a) Capital b) Labour c) Profit d) People
3. Dependency theory was introduced by ____.
a. Andre Gunder Frank b) Fanon
c) Edward Said d) Samir Amin
4. What was the theory of Immanuel Wallerstein?
a) Capitalist theory b) System theory
c) Free theory d) Dependency theory
5. Colonialism is derived from the ____ term 'colonus'.
a) Greek b) Latin c) French d) Chinese
6. ____ was the first country to experience Industrial Revolution.
a) Russia b) Britain c) Japan d) China
7. In 1779, ____ produced a machine called the 'Mule'.
a) James Hargreaves b) John Kay
c) Samuel Crompton d) Cartwright
8. Who was the inventor of steam engine?
a) Thomas Savery b) James Watt
c) Elias Howe d) Richard Arkwright
9. The Worstel Canal was built by ____
a) John Mc Adam b) Telford c) Metcalf d) James Brindley
10. Who was one of the celebrated authors in the field of irientalism?
a) Rudyard Kipling b) Edward Said
c) Talal Azad d) K.M. Panikkar
11. The ideology of Whiteman's burden was theorized by ____
a) Jules Ferry b) Kipling c) Said d) Ronila Thapar
12. According to the doctrine of ____ wealth is considered as a product of labour.
a) Surplus Value b) Materialism c) Socialism d) Capitalism
13. The classic formulation of laissez-faire theory was made by ____
a) J.S Mill b) Adam Smith c) Bentham d) Marx
14. The working, wage receiving class is often referred to as ____
a) Proletariat b) Workers c) Capitalist d) Industrialists

15. The first steam locomotive, called ____
a) Steam engine b) Rocket c) Railways d) Telegraph
16. In the middle ages, industrial production had been carried on under ____ system.
a) Factory b) Guild c) Manufactory d) Domestic
17. ____ revolution paved the way for the emergence of factory system.
a) Industrial b) Commercial c) Agrarian d) Technological
18. Which machine combined the best features of the Spinning Jenny and waterframe?
a) Shuttle loom b) Mule c) Power loom d) Cotton gin
19. To whom, “state was a necessary evil”?
a) Marxists b) Socialists c) Liberals d) Utilitarianists
20. The Industrial Revolution started with ____ industry.
a) Power b) Cotton c) Metal d) Mining
21. Who authored the book “An Enquiry in to the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations”?
a) J.S. Mill b) Adam Smith c) Ricardo d) Bentham
22. The capitalist industry seeks active state intervention against foreign competition is known as ____
a) Capitalism b) Free trade c) Protectionism d) Laissez-faire
23. The feudal lords in China were known as ____
a) Tokugama b) Samurais c) Warg d) Zhou
24. What led to the rise of capitalism?
a) Decline of papacy b) Decline of feudalism
c) Reformation d) Renaissance
25. The work “Wretched of the Earth” was written by ____
a) Edward Said b) Frantz Fanon
c) Andre Gunder Frank d) Louis Althusser
26. What is the basis of Neo-Marxism?
a) Public opinion b) Rationalism c) Liberty d) Capital
27. The “morning star of Industrial Revolution”
a) Thomas Newman b) James Watt
c) Francis Bacon d) John James
28. Crusades was centred around in ____
a) Christianity b) Islam c) Jerusalem d) Palestine
29. “Communist Manifesto” was written by ____
a) Marx and Engels b) Adam Smith c) Fanon d) J.S. Mill
30. Democracy is a system of government in which the final power rests with ____

- a) The Politicians b) The people c) the civil servants d) the President
31. Jeremy Bentham is regarded as the father of ____
 a) Idealism b) Utilitarianism c) Individualism d) Socialism
32. The most important development of the middle ages in Europe was the advent of ____
 a) Feudalism b) Capitalism c) Socialism d) Liberalism
33. Electric telegraph was invented by ____ in 1876.
 a) Arkwright b) Graham Bell c) Robert Fulton d) Samuel Crompton
34. The word feudalism originated from the word ____ which means land given to peasants.
 a) fief b) tenant c) serf c) lord
35. In the 12th and 13th centuries there occurred several wars between Christians and Muslims in Palestine. These battles are known as ____
 a) Hundred Years War b) Crusades
 c) Opium War d) Counter Reformation
36. The last dynasty that ruled China
 a) Tang b) Sung c) Min d) Maschu
37. Which of the following cities is the holy place for Jews, Christians and Muslims?
 a) Rome b) Mecca c) Jerusalem d) Bethlehem
38. India was a colony of ____
 a) Rome b) French c) Britain d) Portuguese
39. “Open Door Policy” was put forward by USA to ____
 a) Support China b) Colonise China c) Help Manchurulers d) Defeat China
40. The leaders of the anti-colonial movements in South Africa.
 a) Sun-Yat-Sen b) Mao-Tse-Tung
 c) Nelson Mandela d) Chiang-Kai-Shek

Answers

1. (a) 2. (a) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (b) 6. (b) 7. (c) 8. (b) 9. (d) 10. (b) 11. (b) 12. (a) 13. (b)
 14. (a) 15. (b) 16. (b) 17. (a) 18. (b) 19. (c) 20. (b) 21. (b) 22. (c) 23. (d) 24. (b) 25. (b)
 26. (a) 27. (b) 28. (c) 29. (a) 30. (b) 31. (b) 32. (a) 33. (b) 34. (a) 35. (b) 36. (d) 37. (c)
 38. (c) 39. (b) 40. (c)