Model Question Paper

Second Semester M.Sc Degree Examination (CSS)

ST2C07 - ADVANCED PROBABILITY THEORY

Time: 3 hours

Total Weights: 30

Part A

(Answer any five questions. Weightage 1 for each question.)

- 1. Define signed measure and show that difference of two measures is a signed measure.
- 2. Define absolutely continuous and singular measures and show that two measures are continuous and singular if and only if they are zero measures.
- 3. Define martingale and give an example.
- 4. Show that $E\{E(X|\mathfrak{D})\} = E(X)$, whenever $E|X| < \infty$.
- 5. Obtain the characteristic function of a random variable with density $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 |x|; & |x| < 1 \\ 0; & |x| > 1. \end{cases}$
- 6. If $\phi(t)$ is a characteristic function, show that $Re(\phi(t))$ is a characteristic function.
- 7. State Lindberg-Feller Central limit theorem.
- 8. Define conditional expectation of a random variable given a σ -filed.

Part B

(Answer any five questions. Weightage 2 for each question.)

- 9. State and prove Khinchin's form of WLLN.
- 10. State and prove a sufficient condition for holding SLLN.
- 11. Let $\Omega = (0, 1)$ and \mathfrak{B} be the Borel field of subsets of Ω and P be the Lebesgue measure on (Ω, \mathfrak{B}) . Let \mathfrak{D} be the minimal σ -field containing the class of sets $\{(0, \frac{1}{8}], (\frac{1}{8}, \frac{5}{8}), [\frac{5}{8}, 1)\}$. Define X on Ω as $X(\omega) = \omega^2$. Find $E(X|\mathfrak{D})$.
- 12. Show that $\{X_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is a martingale if and only if $E(X_n|X_1,\ldots,X_m) = X_m$ a.s., $\forall m < n$.
- 13. If X is a \mathfrak{B} measurable function, then show that $E(XY|\mathfrak{B}) = XE(Y|\mathfrak{B})$.
- 14. Obtain the characteristic function of a random variable following the standard Cauchy distribution.
- 15. Let $\{X_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ be a sequence of independent random variables such that $X_n \sim N(n, n^2)$. Check whether the sequence obeys CLT.

16. Examine if SLLN holds for the sequence $\{X_n\}$ of independent random variables where $P(X_n = \pm n^{\alpha}) = \frac{1}{2n^2}, P(X_n = 0) = 1 - \frac{1}{n^2}.$

Part C

(Answer any three questions. Weightage 5 for each question.)

- 17. State and prove Lindberg-Levy form of Central limit theorem.
- 18. State and prove Lebesgue decomposition theorem.
- 19. State and prove Fubini's theorem.
- 20. State and prove a necessary and sufficient condition for a sequence of i.i.d. random variables to obey WLLN.
- 21. State and prove inversion theorem.
- 22. State and prove Lindberg-Levy form of Central limit theorem.