## **STATISTICS FOR TOURISM**

# BTS (I YEAR SEM - 1) Multiple choice questions

- 1. The median of a series is 10. Two additional observations 8 and 15 are added to the series. The median of the new series will be \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - a. 8
  - b. 15
  - c. 11
  - d. 10
- 2. If the mean ages of a group of boys is 20 years, then the mean of their ages after 2 years is \_\_\_\_\_
- a. 20
- b. 22
- c. 10
- d. None of these
- 3. The median of a frequency distribution is graphically with the help of
- a. Graph
- b. Ogive
- c. Mode
- d. None of these
- Find the value of x, if the mode of the data is 25. 15,20,25,18,14,15,25,15,18,16,20,25,20,x
- a. 20
- b. 10
- c. 25
- d. None of these
- 5. Two types of ogives meet at \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Mode
- b. Mean
- c. Median
- d. None of these
- If mode is ill defined, then mode = \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. In the case of symmetric distribution is \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Mean =80, Median = 75, Mode = ?

- a. 60
- b. 65
- c. 70
- d. 75

9. The mode of a frequency distribution can be determined graphically by

- a. Median
- b. Ogive
- c. Histogram
- d. None of these
- 10. Calculate median 35,23,45,50,80,61,92,40,52,61
- a. 23
- b. 50
- c. 80
- d. 51
- 11. Find the range and the coefficient of range for the following values

25,32,85,32,42,10,20,18,28

- a. 25
- b. 85
- c. 10
- d. 75
- 12. Variance= \_\_\_\_\_
- a. S.D
- b. X
- c. C.V
- d. S.D<sup>2</sup>

13. If all the values of a series are multiplied by 5 what happens to the S.D

- a. Decreasing by 5
- b. Increasing by 5
- c. Multiplied by 5
- d. None of these

14. For a frequency distribution M.D from mean is completed by \_\_\_\_\_

- a. ∑x/n
- b. ∑fx/n
- c. ∑fldI/n
- d. None of these
- 15. The mean duration from the median is \_\_\_\_\_\_-
- 16. The mean duration of the series : a,a+d,a+2d,.....,a+2n from its mean is
- a. n(n-1)

- b. n(n-1)/2
- c. n(n+1)/2
- d. n(n+1)d/2n+1

17. Find the sum of the duration of the variable values 3,4,6,8,14 from their mean

- a. 3
- b. 4
- c. 8
- d. 7
- 18. The varience of 15 observations is 4, if each observation is increased by 9, the varience of the resulting observation is
- a. 8
- b. 16
- c. 4
- d. None of these
- 19. Find the value of third quartile if the values of first quartile and quartile deceiation are 104 & 108 respectively
- a. 120
- b. 70
- c. 110
- d. 140
- 20. Mean deceiation which is calculatedis
- a. Mean
- b. Median
- c. Mode
- d. None of these
- 21. Find the probable error if r=0.6 and n=64
- a. 0.8
- b. 0.7
- c. 64
- d. 0.43
- 22. Maximum positive value of coefficient of correlation is \_\_\_\_\_\_-
- a. O
- b. 1
- c. 2
- d. None of these
- 23. If correlation coefficient r is -ve, both the regression coefficients are \_\_\_\_\_
- a. + ve
- b. 0

- c. ve
- d. None of these
- 24. When the values of two variables change in the same direction, there is \_\_\_\_\_\_correlation
- a. + ve
- b. ve
- c. Perfect
- d. None of these
- 25. The coefficient of correlation is independent of \_\_\_\_\_\_-
- 26. The value of r lies between \_\_\_\_\_
- 27. If each value value of data is reduced by 10, the correlation coefficient between resulting values \_\_\_\_\_
- 28. Probable error helps to know the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of correlation coefficient
- 29. If the correlation coefficient is less than probable error, the correlation coefficient is
- 30. When r=0.9, the correlation is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 31. The functional relationship of a dependant variable with independent variable is called
- 32. If there are two or more independent variables in a regression equation, it is named as regression.
- 33. If the variables x and y are independent, the value of regression coefficient is
- 34. If the variable U and Y are independent, the value of regression coefficient is
- 35. If ∫=±, the two regression lines are\_\_\_\_\_
- 36. If ∫=0, the two lines of regression are at an angle of \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 37. If the correlation coeffiaient is zero, both bya and bxy are\_\_\_\_\_
- 38. Both the regression coefficient cannot exceed \_\_\_\_\_
- 39. If one regression coefficient is negative, the other would be \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 40. If byx= -0.9 bxy = -0.4 then r=\_\_\_\_
- 41. A time series is a set of date recorded
- 42. The time series analysis helps
- 43. A time series consists of
  - a. two components
  - b. three components
  - c. four components
  - d. none of the above
- 44. The forecarts on the bacis of a time series are
- a. Cent per unit time

- b. true to great extent
- c. Never true
- d. True to some extend

45. The component of a time series attached to long term variations is termed as:

- a. cyclic variation
- b. secula
- c. irregular variation
- d. all the above

46. The component of a time series which is attached to short term fluctuations is

- a. seasonal variation
- b. cyclic variation
- c. irregular variatio
- d. allthe above

47. A lock-out in a factory for a month is associated with the component of a time series is :

- a. irregular movement
- b. secular trend
- c. cyclic variation
- d. none of these

48. The sales of departmental stre on onam and Christmas are associated with the component of a time series

- a. secular trend
- b. seasonal variation
- c. irregular variation
- d. all the above

49. Secular trend is indicative of long term variation towards

- a. increase only
- b. decrease only
- c. either increase or decrease
- d. none of the above

50. seasonal variation means the variations occurring within

- a. a number of year
- b. parts of a year
- c. parts of a month
- d. none of the above

- e. 51. Index number is a \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. measure of relative changes.
  - b. a special type of an average.
  - c. a percentage relative
  - d. all the above

52. Index numbers are expressed:

- a. in percentages
- b. in ratios
- c. in terms of absolute value
- d. all the above

53. Index numbers help

- a. in framing of economic policies
- b. in assessing the purchasing power of mony
- c. for adjusting national income
- d. all the above

54. The best average for constructing an index numbers is \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Arithmetic mean
- b. Harmonic mean
- c. Geometric mean
- d. weighted mean

55. Index no. for the base period is always taken as

- a. 200
- b. 50
- c. 1
- d. 100

56. \_\_\_\_\_ play a very important part in the construction of index numbers.

- a. weights
- b. classes
- c. c.estinations
- d. none

57. Index numbers show \_\_\_\_\_\_ changes rather than absolute changes.

- a. relative
- b. percentage
- c. both

d. none

58. Index number is equal to\_\_\_\_\_

- a. sum of price relatives
- b. average of the price relatives
- c. product of price relative
- d. none

59. Laspeyer's index formula use the weights of the

- a. base year
- b. current year
- c. average of the weights of a number of year
- d. none of the above

60. If the index number is independent of the units of measurement ,then it satisfies

- a. time reversal test
- b. factor reversal test
- c. unit test
- d. all the above

61. Statistics is defined in terms of numerical data in the\_\_\_\_\_

- a. singular sense
- b. plural sense
- c. either a or b
- d. both a and b

62. Statistics is applied in \_\_\_\_\_

- a. economics
- b. business management
- c. commerce and industry
- d. all the above
- 63. Which of the following represents statistics
  - a. a single value
  - b. only two values in a set
  - c. a group of values in a set
  - d. none of these

#### 64. Statistics deals with

- a. qualitative information
- b. quantitative information
- c. both
- d. none of these

#### 65. Statistical data are collected

- a. without any purpose
- b. for a given purpose
- c. any purpose
- d. none of these

#### 66. Statistical results are

- a. absolutely correct
- b. not true
- c. true on an average
- d. universally true

#### 67. Statistics does not study

- a. individuals
- b. groups
- c. aggregates
- d. all above

### 68. Statistics are

- a. aggregates of facts
- b. numerically expressed
- c. systematically collected
- d. all above

#### 69. Statistical methods

- a. collection of data
- b. classification
- c. analysis and inter correlation of data
- d. all these

70. Statistics is \_\_\_\_\_

- a. an art
- b. a science

- c. both
- a. b. none of these

71. The mean of a observation is x. If k is added to each observation then new mean is\_\_\_\_\_\_

- a. x
- b. x+k
- c. x-k
- d. kx

72. Mean deviation which is calculated is minimum at

- a. mean
- b. median
- a. c.mode
- b. d.all of these

73. Find the sum of the deviation of the variable values 3,4,6,8,14 from their mean

- a. a.5
- b. 0
- c. 1
- d. 7

74. Method of least squares to fit in the trend is applicable only if the trend is\_\_\_\_\_\_

- a. linex
- b. parabolic
- c. both a & b
- d. neither a nor c

75. If the prices of all commodities in a place have increased 1.25 times more on the base period price.

The index number of prices of that place is now

- a. 125
- b. 150
- c. 225
- d. None of these

#### **ANSWERS**

1. D 2. B 3. B 4. C 5.C 6. mean = median = mode 7. Mean = Median = Mode 8. B 9. C 10. D 11. D 12. D 13. C 14. C 15. Less than that

measured from any value 16. D 17. D 18. C 19. D 20. B 21. D 22. B 24. A 25. rigin The 23. C 26. -1 & +1 27. Remains same 28. significance 29. Not significant 30. Very high positive 31. Regression 32. Multiple 33. <1 34.0 35. Coincident 36.90 degree 37. 0 Eqn. 43. C 38.1 39. - ve 40. -0.6 41. 42. 44. B 45. B 46. D 47. A 48. 49. C 50. B 51. D 52. A 53. D 54. C 55. D 56. A 57. B 58. B 59. A 60. C 61. B 62. D 63. C 64. B 65. B 66. C 67. A 68. D 69. D 70. C 71. B 72. B 73. B 74. C 75. C