

## **BA ECONOMICS- IV SEMESTER- COMPLIMENTARY**

### **GOVERNMENTAL MACHINERY AND PROCESS**

**( FOR PRIVATE REGISTRATION BA ECONOMICS PROGRAMME.)**

1. The General System Theory was expounded by .....
  - a] Morton Kaplan
  - b] Lunsdwing Von Bertallanfy**
  - c] David Easton
  - d] Karl Deutch.
2. The Input-Output approach and Structural –Functional approach have been derived form :
  - a] The Political Stimulation approach
  - b] The Quantitative approach
  - c] The General System Theory**
  - d] Sociological approach.
3. Who said “Political Science is the study of sharing and shaping of power”
  - a] Lasswell and Kaplan**
  - b] Robert A. Dhal
  - c] David Easton
  - d] Paul Janet
4. Who said “Political system is a sub-system of social system”
  - a] David Easton**
  - b] Gabriel Almond
  - c] Morton Kaplan
  - d] Karl Deutch.
5. Which of the following is not a property of political system explained by Almond:
  - a] Comprehensiveness
  - b] Interdependence
  - c]Existence of boundaries
  - d] Development.**
6. Who said “Power corrupts and absolute power corrupts absolutely”:
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  - c] Lord Acton**
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9. Which of the following is an input function according to Almond:

- a] Political culture
- b] Political development
- c] Interest Articulation**
- d] Political structure.

10. Which of the following is an input function according to David Easton:

- a] Decisions
- b] Communication
- c] Supports**
- d] None of these.

11. In the Input-Output Approach of David Easton, Feedback means:

- a] Response by the members**
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- c] Demands of the people
- d] Support of the people.

12. Which one of the following is not a type of interest articulation according to Almond?

- a] Institutional Interest Groups
- b] Non- associational Interest Groups
- c] Associational Interest Groups
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13. Interest articulation is the function of .....

- a] Religious Groups
- b] Social Groups
- c] Political parties**
- d] Media.

14. The main exponent of Political Communication was .....

- a] Karl Deutch**
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- d] Carl J.Friedrich.

15. Which of the following is not a capability of political system according to Almond:

- a] Responsive capabilities
- b] Symbolic capabilities
- c] Creative capabilities**
- d] Regulative capabilities.

16. Which of the following is not an Output function according to Almond?

- a] Legislature
- b] Political parties**
- c] Executive
- d] Judiciary.

17. 'A Framework for Political Analysis' and 'A System Analysis of Political Life' are the books written

- by .....
- a] Almond and Powell
  - b] Robert A. Dahl
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18. 'Process of Government' was written by:

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19. Which one of the following is the two environments exist in Input-Output approach according to

David Easton:

- a) International and National environments
- b) Social and Political environments
- c) Internal and External environments

**d) Intra-societal and Extra-societal environments.**

20. Political system has been defined as “that system of interactions in any society through which binding

or authoritative allocation are made and implemented” by:

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21. ‘The attitudes, beliefs and orientations of the people towards Politics’ is known as:

a) Political Socialization

**b) Political Culture**

c) Political Analysis

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22. Which one of the following is not a dimension of individual orientation?

a) Cognitive orientation

**b) Authoritative orientation**

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22. Cognitive orientation means:

**a) Knowledge of**

b) Feelings for

c) Judgment about

d) None of these.

23. Which of the following is not a type of political culture according to Almond?

a) Parochial political culture

b) Subjective political culture

c) Participant political culture

**d) Objective political culture**

24. ‘The process of transforming attitudes, beliefs and orientation of the people towards politics from one

generation to another’ is known as:

a) Political Culture

b) Political Development

**c) Political Socialization**

d) Political Modernization.

25. The process of political socialization which is continuous and consistent, type is known as:

a) Heterogeneous political socialization

**b) Homogeneous political socialization**

c) Manifest political socialization

d) Latent political socialization.

26. Which one of the following is not a primary agency of political socialization?

**a) Mass media**

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30. Which of the following is not a merit of single party system?

a] Stable Government

**b] Strong**

c] Slow decision

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31. Single party system prevailing in

a] India

b] England

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32. 'Spoils System' means:

a] Giving tickets for election to party supporters without due regard to their merit

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a] There is one dominant party, while the other parties occupy an insignificant position

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**c] There is only one political party and no other political party is permitted to come into power**

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34. One party system is generally found in:

a] Democratic countries

b] Countries with constitutional monarchy

**c] Totalitarian states**

d] Aristocratic countries.

35. U.S.A is known for:

**a] Bi-party system**

b] Single party system

c] Multi- party system

d] No party system.

36. One of the chief merits of multi-party system is:

a] It leads to formation of stable government

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a] Independent and Democratic

**b] Republican and Democratic**

c] Democratic and Socialist

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38. Which one of the following is not a merit of Bi-party system?

**a] Difficult in the formation of ministry**

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a] To promote national interest

**b] To promote interest of its members**

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43. Who said: “Modern Democracy is everywhere characterized by presence of numerous groups and associations”:

a] Miller

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44. Which is known as the ‘Back bone of democracy’?

a] Interest Groups

**b] Political Parties**

c] Legislature

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45. “A party-less regime is conservative regime, an anti-party regime is a reactionary regime”. Who made this statement?

a] K.C.Wheare

b] Carl J.Friedrich

**c] Statori**

d] Samuel Huntington.

46. The famous book 'Spirit of Law' was written by:

a] Voltaire

b] Plato

**c] Montesquieu**

d] Statori.

47. The theory of 'Separation of Powers' was associated with .....

**a] Montesquieu**

b] Voltaire

c] Lord Acton

d] None of these.

48. The 'Mother of all Parliaments' is the Parliament of .....

**a] Britain**

b] India

c] U.S.A

d] France.

49. The name of Legislature of France known as:

a] Parliament

b] Congress

c] National Assembly

**d] Federal Assembly.**

50. In which of the following country unicameral legislature exist:

a] France

b] Russia

c] Italy

**d] Finland.**

51. In Britain upper house and lower house are known as:

**a] House of Lords and House of Commons**

b] Congress and Senate

c] Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha

d] Senate and National Assembly.

52. The Upper house of Russian legislature is known as:

a] Senate

b] Federal Council

**c] Duma**

d] National Assembly.

53. Which among the following is considered to be the custodian of Indian Lok Sabha?

a] Prime Minister

b] Leader of Opposition Party

c] Chief Whip of the ruling party

**d] Speaker.**

54. Who is the real executive in a Parliamentary form of government?

a] The President

**b] The Cabinet**

c] Judiciary

d] Army.

54. The nominal executive in India is known as:

**a] The President**

b] The Cabinet

c] Judiciary

d] Army.

55. In which of the following country the nominated executive prevails:

**a] Chile**

b] Australia

c] Mexico

d] Brazil.

56. Which of the following country possesses a plural executive?

a] U.S.A

b] UK

**c] Switzerland**

d] Russia.

57. The Executive in India is based on:

**a] The American pattern**

b] The British pattern

c] The Canadian pattern

d] The Swedish pattern

58. Which one of the following Presidents of India held office for two consecutive terms?

**a] Dr. Rajendra Prasad**

b] Dr. S. Radhakrishnan

c] Dr. Zakir Hussain

d] Both [a]and[b].

59. The head of the state under parliamentary government:

a] is an elected representative

b] is a hereditary person

c] is a nominated person

**d] may be elected, nominated, or hereditary person.**

60. Parliamentary form of government first evolved in:

a]U.S.A

**b] Britain**

c] Rome

d] Greece.

61. Who is the real executive in England?

a] King

**b] Ministers**

c] Privy Council

d] House of Lords.

62. Which of the following countries does not have a parliamentary form of government?

a] India

**b] U.S.A**

c] Japan

d] England.

69. Legally who has the power to dissolve the lower house in the parliamentary form of government?

a] The Head of Government

**b] The Head of the State**

c] The Head of Parliament

d] The Head of Judiciary.

70. In Presidential system, the head of the state:

a] Cannot be removed by the legislature

b] Can be removed by the legislature

**c] Can be removed by the legislature through a very difficult process**

d] None of these.

71. The power of the judiciary to declare a law invalid on constitutional grounds is:

**a] Judicial Review**

b] Activism

c] Supremacy

d] Absolutism.

72. In U.S.A and India judges of the Supreme Court are appointed by .....

a] Prime Minister

b] Cabinet

**c] President**

d] Parliament.

73. In India, the power of judicial review is:

a] Extra- constitutional

b] Unconstitutional

**c] Constitutional**

d] None of these.

74. The concept of Rule of Law is a special feature of the:

a] Constitution of Switzerland

b] Constitution of USA

**c] British Constitution**

d] Constitution of Germany.

75. The most clear exposition of 'Rule of Law' is provided by:

a] Jean Bodin

b] Ivor Jennings

**c] A.V.Dicey**

d] Earnest Barker.

76. A.V.Dicey expounded 'Rule of Law' in his book entitled:

**a] An Introduction to the Study of Law of Constitution**

b] The Treatise on Civil Government

c] Constitutional Law of Britain

d] The Politics.

77. In which one of the following cases the Chief Justice of the U.S Supreme Court recognize the power

of Judicial Review?

a] McCulloch v. Maryland

**b] Marbury v. Madison**

c] Gibbon v. Ogdeu

d] Scott v. Stanford.

78. The Vohra Committee was appointed to look into:

a] Socio-economic nexus

b] Political-industrial nexus

c] Religio-politics nexus

**d] Crime-politics nexus.**

79. The Vohra Committee submitted its report in the year?

a] 1993

**b] 1995**

c] 1996

d] 1998.

80. The Government of India appointed the Mandal Committee in the year?

a] 1976

b] 1977

**c] 1978**

d] 1980.

81. The recommendations by Mandal Committee provide?

a] 22% job reservation to the OBC

**b] 27% job reservation to the OBC**

c] 22.5%% job reservation to SCs and STs

d] 28% job reservation to the OBC.

82. Who was the first chairman of SC/ST?

**a] Bhota Paswan Shastri**

b] H.Hanumanthappan

c] Dileep Singh Bharia

d] Bizay Sokar Shastri.

83, Who is the present chairman of Nation Commission for Scheduled Caste?

a] Buta Singh

**b] Dr P.L.Punia**

c] Suraj Bhan

d] None of these.

84. International Human Rights Day is observed every year on:

a] 5 June

b] 8 January

**c] 10 December**

d] 20 December.

85. The Protection of Human Rights Act of India was passed in the year:

a] 1994

**b] 1993**

c] 1998

d]1996.

86. Universal Declaration of Human Rights consist of:

**a] One Preamble and 30 Articles**

b] 15 Articles

c] One Preamble and 28 Articles

d] One Preamble and 10 Articles.

87. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights came into force in the year:

a] 1948

b] 1950

c] 1996

**d] 1966.**

88. The power of appointing and removing the Chairperson of National Human Rights Commission in

India vest with:

**a] President**

b] Prime Minister

c] Council of Minister

d] Chief Justice of Supreme Court.

89. Who was the first Chairperson of National Human Rights Commission in India?

**a] Justice Ranganath Misra**

b] Justice J.S.Varma

c] Justice K.G.Balakrishnan

d] Justice A.S.Anand.

90. Who is the present Chairperson of National Women's Commission in India?

a] Girija Vyas

- b] Jayathri Patnaik
- c] Mamata Sharma**
- d] None of these

91. Rio Summit in 1992 published .....

- a] Kyoto Protocol**
- b] Cartagena
- c] Montreal
- d] None of these.

92. World Summit on Sustainable Development took place in:

- a] Nairobi
- b] Lagos
- c] Rio –de Janeiro
- c] Johannesburg.**

93. The World Environmental Day is celebrated every year on:

- a] September 6
- b] June 5**
- c] October 16
- d] April 4.

94. The first UN Conference on Environment and Development was held at:

- a] Rio de Janeiro**
- b] Washington
- c] Beijing
- d] Tokyo.

95. Which organ of UN has the power to maintain peace and security all over the world?

- a] Economic and Social council
- b] Security Council
- c] UNESCO
- d] General Assembly.

96. IPCC stands for?

- a] Intergovernmental Panel on Cultural Change
- b] International Program on Climatic Change
- c] Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change**
- d] None of these.

97. American World Trade Centre terrorist attack took place on:

- a] September 11, 2008
- b] January 9, 2009
- c] September 11, 2001**
- d] None of these.

98. Mumbai terrorist attack in India took place in the year:

- a]2006
- b] 2009
- c] 2005
- d] 2008.**

99. 'Terrorism and Globalization' was the book written by:

- a] James D.Kirans**
- b] Lon Troyer
- c] Karen Mingst
- d] None of these.

100. 'Inside Terrorism 'was the book written by:

- a] Leonard Weinberg
- b] John Horgan

c] Bruce Hoffman

d] Christopher Harmon.

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**c] Montesquieu**

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**a] Britain**

b] India

c] U.S.A

d] France.

149. The name of Legislature of France known as:

a] Parliament

b] Congress

c] National Assembly

**d] Federal Assembly.**

150. In which of the following country unicameral legislature exist:

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b] Russia

c] Italy

**d] Finland.**

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b] Congress and Senate

c] Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha

d] Senate and National Assembly.

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b] Federal Council

**c] Duma**

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a] Prime Minister

b] Leader of Opposition Party

c] Chief Whip of the ruling party

**d] Speaker.**

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a] The President

**b] The Cabinet**

c] Judiciary

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b] Australia

c] Mexico

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b] UK

**c] Switzerland**

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- b] Dr. S. Radhakrishnan
- c] Dr. Zakir Hussain
- d] Both [a]and[b].

159. The head of the state under parliamentary government:

- a] is an elected representative
- b] is a hereditary person
- c] is a nominated person

**d] may be elected, nominated, or hereditary person.**

160. Parliamentary form of government first evolved in:

- a]U.S.A
- b] Britain**
- c] Rome
- d] Greece.

161. Who is the real executive in England?

- a] King
- b] Ministers**
- c] Privy Council
- d] House of Lords.

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- a] India
- b] U.S.A**
- c] Japan
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- c] The Head of Parliament
- d] The Head of Judiciary.

164. In Presidential system, the head of the state:

- a] Cannot be removed by the legislature
- b] Can be removed by the legislature
- c] Can be removed by the legislature through a very difficult process**
- d] None of these.

165. The power of the judiciary to declare a law invalid on constitutional grounds is:

- a] Judicial Review**
- b] Activism
- c] Supremacy
- d] Absolutism.

166. In U.S.A and India judges of the Supreme Court are appointed by .....

- a] Prime Minister
- b] Cabinet
- c] President**
- d] Parliament.

167. In India, the power of judicial review is:

- a] Extra- constitutional
- b] Unconstitutional
- c] Constitutional**
- d] None of these.

168. The concept of Rule of Law is a special feature of the:

- a] Constitution of Switzerland

b] Constitution of USA

**c] British Constitution**

d] Constitution of Germany.

169. The most clear exposition of 'Rule of Law' is provided by:

a] Jean Bodin

b] Ivor Jennings

**c] A.V.Dicey**

d] Earnest Barker.

170. A.V.Dicey expounded 'Rule of Law' in his book entitled:

**a] An Introduction to the Study of Law of Constitution**

b] The Treatise on Civil Government

c] Constitutional Law of Britain

d] The Politics.

171. In which one of the following cases the Chief Justice of the U.S Supreme Court recognize the power

of Judicial Review?

a] McCulloch v. Maryland

**b] Marbury v. Madison**

c] Gibbon v. Ogdeu

d] Scott v. Stanford.

172. The Vohra Committee was appointed to look into:

a] Socio-economic nexus

b] Political-industrial nexus

c] Religio-politics nexus

**d] Crime-politics nexus.**

173. The Vohra Committee submitted its report in the year?

a] 1993

**b] 1995**

c] 1996

d] 1998.

174. In Presidential system, the head of the state:

a] Cannot be removed by the legislature

b] Can be removed by the legislature

**c] Can be removed by the legislature through a very difficult process**

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175. The power of the judiciary to declare a law invalid on constitutional grounds is:

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b] Ivor Jennings

**c] A.V.Dicey**

d] Earnest Barker.

180. The Government of India appointed the Mandal Committee in the year?

a] 1976

b] 1977

**c] 1978**

d] 1980.

181. The recommendations by Mandal Committee provide?

a] 22% job reservation to the OBC

**b] 27% job reservation to the OBC**

c] 22.5%% job reservation to SCs and STs

d] 28% job reservation to the OBC.

182. Who was the first chairman of SC/ST?

**a] Bhota Paswan Shastri**

b] H.Hanumanthappan

c] Dileep Singh Bharia

d] Bizay Sokar Shastri.

183. Who is the present chairman of Nation Commission for Scheduled Caste?

a] Buta Singh

**b] Dr P.L.Punia**

c] Suraj Bhan

d] None of these.

184. International Human Rights Day is observed every year on:

a] 5 June

b] 8 January

**c] 10 December**

d] 20 December.

185. The Protection of Human Rights Act of India was passed in the year:

a] 1994

**b] 1993**

c] 1998

d] 1996.

186. Universal Declaration of Human Rights consist of:

**a] One Preamble and 30 Articles**

b] 15 Articles

c] One Preamble and 28 Articles

d] One Preamble and 10 Articles.

187. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights came into force in the year:

a] 1948

b] 1950

c] 1996

**d] 1966.**

188. The power of appointing and removing the Chairperson of National Human Rights Commission in

India vest with:

- a) **President**
- b) Prime Minister
- c) Council of Minister
- d) Chief Justice of Supreme Court.

189. Who was the first Chairperson of National Human Rights Commission in India?

- a) **Justice Ranganath Misra**
- b) Justice J.S.Varma
- c) Justice K.G.Balakrishnan
- d) Justice A.S.Anand.

190. Who is the present Chairperson of National Women's Commission in India?

- a) Girija Vyas
- b) Jayathri Patnaik
- c) **Mamata Sharma**
- d) None of these

191. Rio Summit in 1992 published .....

- a) **Kyoto Protocol**
- b) Cartagena
- c) Montreal
- d) None of these.

192. World Summit on Sustainable Development took place in:

- a) Nairobi
- b) Lagos
- c) Rio –de Janeiro
- c) **Johannesburg.**

193. The World Environmental Day is celebrated every year on:

- a) September 6
- b) **June 5**
- c) October 16
- d) April 4.

194. The first UN Conference on Environment and Development was held at:

- a) **Rio de Janeiro**
- b) Washington
- c) Beijing
- d) Tokyo.

195. Which organ of UN has the power to maintain peace and security all over the world?

- a) Economic and Social council
- b) Security Council
- c) UNESCO
- d) General Assembly.

196. IPCC stands for?

- a) Intergovernmental Panel on Cultural Change
- b) International Program on Climatic Change
- c) **Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change**
- d) None of these.

197. American World Trade Centre terrorist attack took place on:

- a) September 11, 2008
- b) January 9, 2009
- c) **September 11, 2001**
- d) None of these.

198. Mumbai terrorist attack in India took place in the year:

a]2006

b] 2009

c] 2005

**d] 2008.**

199. 'Terrorism and Globalization' was the book written by:

**a] James D.Kirans**

b] Lon Troyer

c] Karen Mingst

d] None of these.

200. 'Inside Terrorism 'was the book written by:

a] Leonard Weinberg

b] John Horgan

c] Bruce Hoffman

d] Christopher Harmon.